

**DATA DICTIONARY FOR  
ACCIDENT RECORDS SYSTEM  
TO START ON JANUARY 1, 2003**

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## **DATA DICTIONARY FOR COMPUTERIZED ACCIDENT RECORDS SYSTEM**

It is hoped this document will provide some information to help build the new Accident Records System. There are a number of flaws in this document. It is not polished. It may have errors that have not yet been found and corrected. It uses too many words in trying to explain various things.

Here is a basic problem in this document. It is often hard to separate two things: (1) the description of the way the Accident Records system works now, from (2) the description of how the new Accident Records system should work.

As the chief example of this: the current system is one where paper reports are received and DVS staff enter data from the paper reports into the computer. But the main concept of the new Accident Records system is to dispense with the paper. Still, this document mainly describes the current system, and it lists new data fields to be included in the new system. But this document mainly uses words that describe the current (paper-handling) process.

Please bear in mind, therefore, that this is a working document, to be used for the value it may offer.

### **Some abbreviations used occasionally:**

**AR:** Accident Records system

**ARDB:** Accident Records Database (usually describing the current system, but sometimes describing the things that will be desirable to have in the new system.)

**BCA:** Bureau of Criminal Apprehension of the DPS.

**DL** (or DL File, or DL database): the Minnesota Driver License records system.

**DPS:** Minnesota Department of Public Safety

**DVS:** The Driver and Vehicle Services division of DPS, which has custody of and responsibility for the ARDB, the DL records system, and the MV Reg records system

**DVS/AR:** Accident Records section of DVS of DPS

**MNDOT:** the Minnesota Department of Transportation

**MV Reg** (or MV Reg files, or MV Reg database): the Minnesota Motor Vehicle Registration records system.

**OTS:** Office of Traffic Safety of DPS

**OTSS:** The Office of Technical Support Services of DPS,

**TIS:** The Transportation Information System (MNDOT's computerized records system containing a massive volume of data on the Transportation infrastructure in Minnesota. E.g., MNDOT's TIS system will tell how many feet wide a lane of roadway is, and how many vehicles enter an intersection per day.)

The words "crash" and "accident" are used interchangeably throughout.

### **Approximate overview of Accident Records system and how it interacts with the DL system, MV Reg system, and TIS system:**

A few hundred thousand paper reports are received from Law Enforcement officers and citizens (mainly, drivers and pedestrians in crashes) on about 130,000 crashes in a year. Of these crashes, perhaps 30,000 do not meet the reporting threshold. Each year, about 100,000 crashes (the number is very stable over 20 years now) do meet the reporting threshold and thus get entered into the main AR system. (Some experts say there are two crashes that meet the threshold and should be reported, but are not, for every one that is reported.)

When a paper report is received, it is held for a while. Other reports that come in later, on the same crash, are matched up with the first report. After about 30 to 60 days, the reports received to that point are processed and entered in the computer.

Processing the received reports has two phases: "locating," performed by "locaters," and "coding," performed by "coders."

#### **(1) The locating phase.**

The locaters study the reports' quasi-verbal description of where the crash occurred. They find the apparent point of the crash on a map.

The locaters then enter the route system, route number, reference point, and direction and distance from reference point, to indicate the pinpoint location where the crash occurred. Then, in a nightly batch process, this entered data "goes against" files in TIS, and TIS returns the precise reference point for the crash. That TIS-generated reference point is the field that is retained in the ARDB. (See A126 and A323.)

The TIS system also generates a daily edit report containing notations of crashes that may have erroneous location information. Accident Records staff resolve the problems as much as possible.

In "locating" a crash, locaters assign a reliability code (1=high confidence, 3=little confidence) to the reliability of the location information they entered.

MNDOT occasionally studies roadway segments and intersections intensively to make safety improvements in a roadway. When they do that, they find crashes that they believe were incorrectly located. For these crashes, they enter what they believe is more an accurate location into a "transaction file" that accumulates over time.

About once every 4 to 6 weeks, MNDOT gives that transaction file to OTSS, which writes it on top of the existing ARDB. DPS permits MNDOT to make changes in this way to about 9 fields that are related to crash location. Thus the transaction file contains updated information on up to about 9 fields for the crashes they believe were incorrectly located. MNDOT would like to assign their own reliability score to the location information. The data dictionary to follow provides a field to permit MNDOT to do that. (See A324.)

#### **(2) The coding phase**

In contrast to the locaters, who have to painstakingly study the crash reports to accurately enter location information, the coders work very fast. They do not take time to study the report. The officers and citizens have filled out the reports in part by entering numeric codes in the boxes on the periphery of the form, and the coders "slam" the codes from the boxes into the computer. The coders work fast and are remarkably accurate. The new system has to permit them to continue to work fast, without taking time to study the reports.

#### **Important interfaces that have to work in the new AR system:**

1. The AR system sends route system, route number, temporary reference point, and direction and distance from that reference point to MNDOT's TIS system. Currently, the TIS system returns:

- a) The precise reference point on the physical roadway where the crash occurred.
- b) A population category for the jurisdiction in which the crash occurred.
- c) The "X coordinate" and the "Y coordinate" that corresponds to the precise reference point.
- d) The "roadway functional classification"
- e) Patrol district and station (for state-patrol-reported crashes).

Several additional data elements are planned to be returned from TIS into the new AR system (see Part A3).

2. MNDOT staff need to be able to make certain changes, as described above.

3. The AR system sends the vehicle license plate number (if it is a Minnesota plate) to the MV Reg system, and the MV Reg system returns:
  - a) The VIN number of the vehicle
  - b) The make (Ford, Chev., etc) of the vehicle
  - c) The year of the vehicle (e.g., 1999), currently referred to as “model”
  - d) The “series” of the vehicle: i.e., Corolla, Taurus, etc.)
  - e) the “style” of the vehicle (2 door, 4 door, ambulance, convertible, and so on)
  - f) the color of the vehicle (first of up to 2)
  - g) the color of the vehicle (second of 2, if applicable)
4. The AR system sends the Driver License number (if the person has a Minnesota driver license) to the DL system, and the DL system returns:
  - a) The current driver license number (the dl number entered may have been superseded -- due to a name change, for example.)
  - b) The “class” of the person’s driver license
  - c) The “status” of the persons drivers license (under withdrawal, or not)
  - d) The driver’s county of residence in Minnesota
5. When a person in an accident (1) is a driver of a motor vehicle, and (2) has an existing Minnesota driver license, The AR system posts 4 pieces of confidential information from the ARDB to the DL record on that person in the DL file:
  - a) The accident number (a reference to the unique number assigned to report)
  - b) The date the accident occurred
  - c) The accident severity level (not the person’s own injury severity level)
  - d) The apparent physical condition of the person (this tells whether the person appeared to have been drinking, or to have been taking drugs, and so on.)

The five interfaces described above exist currently. We want the new system to have the capacity to readily add similar interfaces. For example:

1. The BCA of the DPS compiles test results in a computerized database on persons tested for alcohol concentration. Many drivers in crashes are tested for alcohol. We would like to link with the BCA’s information system in order to pull out the test result and add it to the ARDB.
2. The State Patrol of the DPS inspects commercial vehicles in crashes. The data from their reports are entered in the computer. There will be rich gains in efficiency, plus other benefits, if an ability is developed to link the inspection database with the AR system.

### **The original ARDB and the ‘sanitized’ ARDB**

Law enforcement officers complete the Minnesota accident report. Citizens (drivers, but also pedestrians and others) complete a Minnesota accident report (smaller than the officers’ reports). The officers and citizens send their reports to DVS/AR.

Minnesota Statute 13.82 (part of the Government Data Practices act), says that the law enforcement agency’s copies of the report (or the information in them) is public, including, even, names and addresses of drivers, victims, and witnesses. Minnesota Statute 169.09 says (in bold type) that the DPS copies of the accident reports are **confidential**: “Accident reports and data contained in the reports shall not be discoverable under any provision of law or rule of court.” Statistical information, including the data itself (provided identifying information, such as a name or driver license number or license plate, has been removed) may be released for research purposes.

As a result of the laws, and as a practical matter, there are now two databases: the original and a “sanitized” version. DVS/AR enters data into the original database, now retained

on a computer located in the BCA building. That database is not used, except that it preserves the data (e.g. driver license number) that is the basis for linking to other databases (e.g. the DL file) to get data (e.g., driver license class) that is deposited in the ARDB.

In order that the data collected may be used, OTSS prepares “sanitized” files. These are three files (the accident file, the vehicle file, and the person file), that contain all the data DVS/AR entered, except that any information that identifies, or is unique to, an individual has been stripped out. The three sanitized files are exported from the DPS computer to the Minnesota mainframe computer.

Once the data is on the mainframe computer, it is used by OTS and MNDOT. OTS puts the three sanitized files into SAS datasets, and analyzes them using SAS. MNDOT makes extensive use of the three files by incorporating them into its TIS system and into new GIS and other systems being developed.

**The current system handles missing information inadequately. We hope the new system will overcome this problem**

The current AR system handles the categories “missing” and “unknown” and “not applicable” in a way that makes the resulting data difficult to work with and sometimes uninterpretable.

Here is a deceptive example: There is a field “Did this vehicle catch on fire?” If the officer enters “Y” on the report, then “Y” is entered in the computer. Otherwise, the computer stores an “N” in the field. This is misleading, or wrong. We need to know when the officer entered “N,” versus when the officer left the field blank. The “FIRE” field also defaults to “N” for pedestrians and bicyclists, when it should default to “not applicable.”

The example above is deceptive because it is so simple. Many fields are more complex. It will extremely useful to accurately distinguish among the following:

1. What the officer or citizen recorded in the box on the report form.
2. When the box on the form should have been filled out but was left blank.
3. When the box on the form was left blank because it was inapplicable.

This Data Dictionary spends time and effort trying to delineate when a field should default to “missing,” versus “not applicable.” If the new system can accommodate this need, that will be a giant step forward. The main concern is that the computer system *not* cause a field to default to a meaningful value (such as “No, this vehicle did not catch on fire”) when the field has been left blank. At the risk of sounding philosophical, meaning cannot be inferred from nothing(ness).

**The following requirement is among the most fundamental things that the new system must accommodate: (1) the crash report must be inviolable, (2) the computerized crash record is an amalgam of information, some of which can change.**

1. The officer and / or citizen submits a crash report. This report must remain unchanged and inviolable. Whether the report is submitted electronically or as a piece of paper, the report must be reproducible as a paper document that *is* the Minnesota Accident Report form (officer’s version or citizen’s version, as the case may be) and that contains exactly the information the officer or citizen submitted.
2. By contrast, the computerized record of the crash is an amalgam of the reports received, plus the judgment of Accident Records staff. The computerized crash record may be inconsistent with the officer’s and citizen’s reports. For example, a report might accidentally show the crash time as 1:30 AM when everything else about the report makes it clear that the time was 1:30 PM. In this case, the crash report will show 1:30 AM, but the crash record will show 1330, for 1:30 PM.

There are many fields where DVS/AR staff will override information shown on the received reports.

Thus, in short, the computerized crash record can be different from the crash report(s), and it can change. The crash reports themselves cannot.

### **Some conventions used in the data dictionary.**

An alphanumeric (or alpha, or character) field may contain any number of letters or numbers up to the width of the field. The field is normally left justified and does not have to have empty columns filled.

A numeric field can only have numbers, is right-justified, and we ask that normally the field be zero-filled, so that the value 1, for example, is stored as 01.

In the following guide, an alphanumeric keystroke may be symbolized by an upper or lower-case "a." Thus, the format of values that are likely to be entered into the 8-column field "route number" (RTNUMBER) could be symbolized as, for example: "a to aaaaaaaa." (The route number might be 5, or 35W, or 4986) . The driver license number will have a format of "aaaaaaaaaaaa" (13 alphanumeric characters).

A numeric field might be illustrated by an upper or lower-case "n." The three column field "AGE" has a format of "nnn," since leading zeroes are entered. Thus age 5 is stored as 005.

No attention has been given to upper or lower-case use. A "y" for "yes" might be shown as "Y" or as "y," inside of single or double quotes, or no quotes at all.

### **Logic of the crash report, and logic of the files that make up the Accident Records Database**

It's possible to think of the crash report form in terms of about 9 distinct sections (shown on p 8):

1. Preliminary information block
2. Location information block
3. Driver block
4. Vehicle block
5. Commercial vehicle block
6. Passengers and witness block
7. Damaged property line
8. Diagram and description block
9. Officer and Agency line.

However, it appears best to think of the Accident Records Database as having 3 logical files

1. The accident file (for data from the report sections 1, 2, 7, 8, and 9)
2. The vehicle file (for data from the report sections 4 and 5, and somewhat from section 3)
3. The person file (for data from the report sections 3 and 6)

The accident file contains information about the environment of the accident: the date, time, weather condition, location, type of roadway, and so on. The accident file will contain 1 record for each accident. Currently, it has about 100,000 lines, for that many accidents, per year.

The vehicle file contains information about each vehicle in the crash: make and model of vehicle, number of occupants. What were the contributing factors associated with the vehicle? And so on

Also, note especially that a pedestrian, bicyclist, or other non-motorist (for example, skater, horseback rider) is treated like a vehicle. For example, there will be a pre-crash action, and contributing factors associated with a pedestrian, just as with a vehicle.

The vehicle file will contain 1 record for each vehicle (or non-motorist) in the accident. The vehicle file has about 180,000 lines (for about 177,000 motor vehicles, and about 3,000 pedestrians or bicyclists) per year.

The person file contains information about each person in the crash: date of birth, sex, injury severity, taken to hospital or not, use of safety equipment, and so on. Note that when the person is a driver, there are more fields: apparent physical condition, driver license class, alcohol test taken, and so on. The vehicle file has about 260,000 lines per year.

Thus, on average, 1 crash has 1.8 vehicles, and 2.6 people involved. One vehicle has 1.4 occupants.

### **Structure of the data dictionary:**

In the following guide,

- **Accident-level fields** are denoted by Annn. For example A104, A208, A316
- **Vehicle-level fields** are denoted by Vnnn. For example, V121, V202, V305
- **Person-level fields** are denoted by Pnnn. For example P115, P201, V304.

**The fields that start with A1, V1, or P1 come directly from the crash report forms.** These fields are reported by the officer or citizen on the crash report. For example,

A112: ACCDATE: Date of the crash

V109: DIRECT: Direction vehicle was travelling in

P124: INJSEV: Severity of injury

**The fields starting with A2, V2, or P2 are derived by the computer from information entered into the computer off of the crash report.** That is, the fields that start with A2, V2, and P2 come from the fields that start with A1, V1, and P1. For example:

A211: SPEED (Did any of the vehicles in this crash have “illegal or unsafe speed” cited as a contributing factor?) comes from the V124 and V125 fields

V201: CAUSAL (Was this vehicle the “causal vehicle” in the crash?) comes from V124 and V125.

P201: PTYPE (What was the “person type” for this person?) comes from the V128, V202, and P108 fields.

**The fields starting with A3, V3, or P3 are obtained by linking to other computerized records systems.** For example:

A305: POPJURIS (What was the population of the jurisdiction in which this crash occurred?) is obtained from MNDOT’s TIS system

V306: VIN (Vehicle identification number) is obtained from motor vehicle registration file.

P310: DLCLASS2: (If this person had a Minnesota driver license, what class was the driver license?) is obtained from the MN DL file.

The table below gives an overview of the three types of fields in the three types of files. Some of these fields are on the report but are not entered into the ARDB.



## OVERVIEW OF ALL FIELDS IN ACCIDENT RECORDS SYSTEM

THE ACCIDENT FILE						THE VEHICLE FILE						THE PERSON FILE					
PART A1		PART A2		PART A3		PART V1		PART V2		PART V3		PART P1		PART P2		PART P3	
A101	Loccase	A201	Accsev1	A301	Xcoord	V101	Accn					P101	Accn				
A102	Amended	A202	Accsev2	A302	Ycoord	V102	Rvn					P102	Rvn				
A103	Page			A303	Patsta	V103	Onrname					P103	Rpn				
A104	Of			A304	Funclass	V104	Onradd					P104	Dlno1			P301	Dlno2
A105	Accn			A305	Popjuris	V105	OnrCity					P105	Pername				
A106	Hitrun1	A203	Hitrun2	A306	Bridgeid	V106	Fire					P106	Peradd				
A107	Pubprop			A307	NHS	V107	Towed					P107	Percity				
A108	Numveh1	A204	Numveh2	A308	Lanesdec	V108	Towing					P108	Positn	P201	Ptype		
A109	Numfat1	A205	Numfat2	A309	Lanesinc	V109	Direct			V301	VIN	P109	Dlstate				
A110	Numinj1	A206	Numinj2	A310	Aadt	V110	Make1			V302	Make2	P110	Dlclass1			P302	Dlclass2
A111	Min\$			A311	Aadtyear	V111	Series1			V303	Series2	P111	Dlstat1			P303	Dlstat2
A112	Accdate	A207	Acmonth	A312	Trafdes1	V112	Year			V304	Style	P112	Dob			P304	Dlcounty
A113	Day (see 208)	A208	Accday	A313	Trafdes2	V113	Color1			V305	Year2	P113	Agea	P202	Ageb		
A114	Acctime1	A209	Acctime2	A314	Lanewid	V114	Plate			V306	Color2a	P114	Viols	P203	Agec	P305	Restrict2a
A115	Rtsys			A315	Medwid	V115	Streg			V307	Color2b	P115	Restrict1			P306	Restrict2b
A116	Rtnum	A210	Alcohol	A316	Sholdwid	V116	Yreg					P116	Physcnd			P307	Restrict2c
A117	Rddirect	A211	Speed	A317	Accontrol	V117	Event1					P117	Recomm				
A118	AtIntWith			A318	Inttype	V118	Event2					P118	Addcor			P308	Endorset
A119	Distance	A212	Mcycle	A319	Interdes	V119	Event3					P119	Sex			P309	Endorsen
A120	Measstype	A213	Sbus2	A320	Mainlans	V121	Event4					P121	Eqptype			P310	Endorseh
A121	Directpt	A214	Bike	A321	Mainvol	V121	Mosthar					P121	Eqpuse			P311	Endorsex
A122	County	A215	Truck	A322	Sidelans	V122	Insuranc					P122	Airbag			P312	Endorses
A123	Citoname					V123	Inspolno					P123	Eject			P313	Endorsep
A124	Citwname					V124	Cfct1					P124	Injseva	P204	Injsevb	P314	Endorsem
A125	Intelem					V125	Cfct2	V201	Causal			P125	Alctest				
A126	Refpt1			A323	Refpt2	V126	Action					P126	Alctype			P315	Acrlslt
A127	Rtsys2					V127	Totoccl	V202	Intrans			P127	Drugtest				
A128	Feature					V128	Vehtype	V203	Totoccl2			P128	Drugtype			P316	Drugsrlt
A129	Locnar					V129	Vehuse					P129	Tohosp				
A130	Relydps			A324	Relydot	V130	Damlloc					P130	Methhos				
A131	Propownr					V131	Damsev					P131	Ambserv			P317	Dlerror
A132	Propdes					V132	Cargobd					P132	runnum			P318	Percomp
A133	Tagnum					V133	Hazplac					P133	Fatalno				
A134	Acctype					V134	Waived					P134	Corrept				
A135	Sbus1					V135	Inspectn					P135	Lastname				
A136	Locfhe					V136	Badgeno					P136	Firstmid				
A137	Bridge					V137	Mcname					P137	Fatdate				
A138	Workzone					V138	Mcidno					P138	Fatbac				
A139	Locwz																
A140	Workers																
A141	Rddesign																
A142	Rdsurf																
A143	Rdchar																
A144	Device1			A325	Device2												
A145	Working																
A146	Intrel																
A147	Splimit																
A148	Weather1																
A149	Weather2																
A150	Light																
A151	Photos																
A152	Diagram			A326	Locacc												
A153	Ranke			A327	Locerr												
A154	Ofrnam			A328	Loccom												
A155	Badgeno			A329	Acccom												
A156	Agency			A330	Ain												
A157	Diststa			A331	Mndupddt												
A158	Ofrctype			A332	Mndpdtime												
A159	Compnar	A216	Shortnar	A333	Dpsupdate												
A160	Sketch																

A124 was divided into:  
A124A: Cityname  
and  
A124B: Twpname

**PART A: ACCIDENT-LEVEL FIELDS.**

A1: FROM THE REPORTS		A2: DERIVED FROM OTHER FIELDS		A3: OBTAINED THROUGH LINK TO OTHER DATABASES	
A101	Loccase	A201	Accsev1	A301	Xcoord
A102	Amended	A202	Accsev2	A302	Ycoord
A103	Page ____			A303	Patsta
A104	Of ____			A304	Funclass
A105	Accn			A305	Popjuris
A106	Hitrun1	A203	Hitrun2	A306	Bridgeid
A107	Pubprop			A307	NHS
A108	Numveh1	A204	Numveh2	A308	Lanesdec
A109	Numfat1	A205	Numfat2	A309	Lanesinc
A110	Numinj1	A206	Numinj2	A310	Aadt
A111	Min\$			A311	Aadtyear
A112	Accdate	A207	Acmonth	A312	Trafdes1
A113	Day (see 208)	A208	Accday	A313	Trafdes2
A114	Acctime1	A209	Acctime2	A314	Lanewid
A115	Rtsys			A315	Medwid
A116	Rtnum	A210	Alcohol	A316	Sholdwid
A117	Rddirect	A211	Speed	A317	Accontrol
A118	AtlintWith			A318	Inttype
A129	Distance	A212	Mcycle	A319	Interdes
A121	Meastype	A213	Sbus2	A320	Mainlans
A121	Directpt	A214	Bike	A321	Mainvol
A122	County	A215	Truck	A322	Sidelans
A123	Citytw				
A124	Citwname	A124 was divided into: A124A: Cityname and A124B: Twpname			
A125	Intelem				
A126	Refpt1			A323	Refpt2
A127	Rtsys2				
A128	Feature				
A129	Locnar				
A130	Relydps			A324	Relydot
A131	Propownr				
A132	Propdes				
A133	Tagnum				
A134	Acctype				
A135	Sbus1				
A136	Locfhe				
A137	Bridge				
A138	Workzone				
A139	Locwz				
A140	Workers				
A141	Rddesign				
A142	Rdsurf				
A143	Rdchar				
A144	Device1			A325	device2
A145	Working				
A146	Intrel				
A147	Splimit			A326	Locacc
A148	Weather1			A327	Locerr
A149	Weather2			A328	Loccom
A150	Light			A329	Acccom
A151	Photos			A330	Ain
A152	Diagram			A331	Mndupddt
A153	Ranke			A332	Mndupdtm
A154	Ofcrnam			A333	Dpsupdate
A155	Badgeno				
A156	Agency				
A157	Diststa				
A158	Ofcrtype				
A159	Compnar	A216	Shortnar		
A160	Sketch				

**PART A1: Fields that exist at the “accident” level and that are filled out on the crash report form itself -- either the paper version of the form, or the electronic (web-based) version of the form.**

**A101: LOCCASE: Local case number**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

Entered manually into computer by coding staff

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 12 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** a to aaaaaaaaaa. If there is no officer report, only the citizen report, coder should enter 98 (for not applicable)

**Typical examples:** 01400590, 01054, 20013681

**Stored in database as:** a to aaaaaaaaaa

**Defaults / missing values:**

- If coder did not enter 98, and OFFICER (see A158) = 98, computer should enter 98, for not applicable.
- If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00 for ‘officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**Edit checks:** none

**Valid values that the database may hold:**

a to aaaaaaaaaa = local case number

98 = not applicable (crash information came from citizen report, not officer report)

00 = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so

**A102: AMENDED: Is this report an amendment of a report already submitted (y/n)?**

This field is not entered into the database under the current (pre-1-1-03) system.

**A103: PAGE \_\_\_\_: What page of the report is this?**

This field is not entered into the database under the current (pre-1-1-03) system.

**A104: OF \_\_\_\_ (total pages in this report)**

This field is not entered into the database under the current (pre-1-1-03) system.

**A105: ACCN: Accident number**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

Staff in Accident Records Office use a Bates stamping machine to stamp all the reports received on a given accident. If there is a police report, a coroner’s certificate, a death certificate, 2 citizen reports, and other material, all of it will stamped with the “accident number,” which is the critical number for indexing all crash records.

The accident numbers are then entered manually into computer by coding staff.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 9 column numeric, following the pattern yyddnnnn

where yy = last two digits of year in which accident occurred

ddd = day 1 to 366 of year in which accident occurred

nnnn = sequential number 1 to 9999 of accident among all accidents that occurred on that (ddd) day.

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** nnnnnnnnn

**Typical examples:** 030010001, 031850261

**Stored in database as:** nnnnnnnnn

**Defaults / missing values:** Every accident must have a valid and unique accident number

**Edit checks:** Could verify that number is unique, and falls within proper year and day.

**Valid values that the database may hold:** 030010001 through 990019999 (for all of 21<sup>st</sup> century)

**A106: HITRUN1: Did this accident involve a hi-and-run vehicle (y/n)**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

Entered manually into computer by coding staff

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** y, n, or x

**Typical examples:** y, n

**Stored in database as:** y, n, x, or z

**Defaults / missing values:**

If not shown on any reports, coder should tab over field. Computer should enter a z to signify the field was left blank.

**Edit checks:** if HITRUN = y then accident must have at least 1 vehicle with VEHUSE = 6

**Valid values that the database may hold:**

y = yes

n = no

x = reports indicated that it was not known whether a hit-and-run vehicle was involved in the crash.

z = none of the reports received gave any information on whether the crash involved a hit-and-run vehicle

**A107: PUBPROP: Was any public property damaged due to this crash**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

Entered manually into computer by coding staff

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1-column alphanumeric: y, n, x, or z

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** y, n, or x

**Typical examples:** y, n

**Stored in database as:** y, n, x, or z

**Defaults / missing values:**

If not shown on any reports, coder should tab over field. Computer should enter z to signify "left blank"

**Edit checks:** none

**Valid values that the database may hold:**

y = yes

n = no

x = reports indicated that it was not known whether any public property was damaged.

z = none of the reports received gave any information about whether any public property was damaged

**A108: NUMVEH1: Number of vehicles in transport involved in the crash**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

Entered manually into computer by coding staff

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** 01 to 99

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, 03

**Stored in database as:** 01 to 99

**Defaults / missing values:**

▪ If not shown on reports, coder may determine correct value and enter that.

▪ If coder tabs over field, leaving it blank, computer should enter 99

**Edit checks:** NUMVEH1 should = NUMVEH2 (see A204).

**Valid values that the database may hold:**

01 to 98 = 0 to 98 vehicles in transport involved in the crash.

99 = officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A109: NUMFAT1: Number of fatalities (to human beings, not to deer, or other animals) that occurred due to this crash**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

Entered manually into computer by coding staff

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2-column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** 00 to 99

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** 01 to 99

**Defaults / missing values**

- If not shown on reports, coder may determine correct value and enter that.
- If coder tabs over field, leaving it blank, computer should enter 99.

**Edit checks:** NUMFAT1 should = NUMFAT2 (see A205).

**Valid values that the database may hold:** 00 to 99

00 to 98 = 0 to 98 persons killed in the crash.

99 = officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A110: NUMINJ1: Number of human beings who sustained any level (except “K”) of injury in this crash**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

Entered manually into computer by coding staff

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2-column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** 01 to 99

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, 03

**Stored in database as:** 01 to 99

**Defaults / missing values:**

- If not shown on reports, coder may determine correct value and enter that.
- If coder tabs over field, leaving it blank, computer should enter 99.

**Edit checks:** NUMINJ1 should = NUMINJ2 (see A206).

**Valid values that the database may hold:** 00 to 99

00 to 98 = 0 to 98 persons injured in the crash.

99 = officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A110: \$MIN: Did this crash rise to the threshold level at which the law requires a report to DPS (y/n).**

This field is not entered into the database under the current (pre-1-1-03) system.

**A112: ACCDATE: Date (month, date, and year) on which accident occurred**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

Entered manually into computer by coding staff

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 10-column numeric date format: mm-dd-yyyy

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ - \_ \_ - \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** mmddyyyy

**Typical example:** 11162003 (November 16, 2003)

**Stored in database as:** mmddyyyy or mm-dd-yyyy, or whatever is best

**Defaults / missing values:** Every crash must be assigned a date. No “unknowns” are permitted. If all reports fail to show date, coder must assign a date.

**Edit checks:** Must be consistent with ACCN: Accident number (see A105)

**Valid values that the database may hold:** any date after January 1, 2003.

**A113: ACCDAY: Day of week on which accident occurred (See A208.)**

This field will have values 1 (Sunday) through 7 (Saturday). It will not be manually entered into computer, but the system should derive the correct value from the ACCDATE field. This field will be listed later, with other derived fields. (See A208.)

**A114: ACCTIME: The estimated time at which the accident occurred -- expressed in “military time”**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

Entered manually into computer by coding staff

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4-column numeric: nnnn

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** 0001 through 2359, or 9998 or 9999

**Typical examples:** 0005 (5 minutes after midnight), 1830 (6:30 PM), 9999 (officer and citizens all showed that time was unknown).

**Stored in database as:** 0000 through 2359, or 9998, or 9999

**Defaults / missing values:**

If reports show that time of accident is unknown, coder should enter 9999. If time not shown on reports, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 9998 to signify “left blank.”

**Edit checks:**

Time of day should not be inconsistent with light condition. (E.g., crashes between 10PM and 4:00 AM should not have light condition = "daylight," and so on.

**Valid values that the database may hold:**

0000 = midnight

0001 = 12:01 AM

...

2359 = 11:59 PM

9998 = left blank

9999 = Report showed that time was unknown.

## **Overview of fields A15 through A29 and of the Accident-Locating Process**

Officers and citizens give a quasi-verbal description of where the crash occurred on their crash reports. That description is not entered verbatim. Instead, the "Locaters" in Accident Records enter most of the location information. The DPS computer system then interacts with MNDOT's computer system to generate a reference point for the crash. Also, the MNDOT computer system generates an X coordinate and Y coordinate that corresponds to the reference point. Currently, MNDOT gives us the XY coordinates for about one third of the 100,000 crashes each year. This proportion will increase over time.

Over succeeding days, months, and years, edit checks are generated and changes are made to further refine accuracy of the location information on specific accidents. Also, when a roadway changes names (for example, from CSAH 52 to MNTH 3), all past accidents on that roadway have their locations changed. This way, when MNDOT needs to know the accident history on a roadway, they get a complete history.

Officers fill out the fields A115 through A129 to describe, as best they can, where the crash occurred. The citizens, on their reports, complete a subset (specifically A116, A118, A119, A120, A121, A122, A123, A124, A128) of these fields.

The "Locaters" in Accident Records read the officer's and citizens' reports. They interpret the information there and enter the following fields into the computer:

A115: Route System

A116: Route number

A126: Reference point (of an intersection or feature at which, or close to which, the accident occurred). The reference point is a 10-character field that has this format:  
nnn+nn.nnn

A119: Distance (in miles or feet) at which the accident occurred from the reference point cited in A26.

Example: (1) +00.250 (2) -50.000

A120: Distance measure (m for miles, or f for feet) for the distance cited in A19.

A122: County

A123: City

A129: The locaters will sometimes also enter a "location narrative," up to 50 characters long, that verbally describes where the accident occurred.

Example: (1) 609 11<sup>th</sup> Ave N (2) 1/10 mile north of 395<sup>th</sup> St. on Tri-Co Road.

Each night the DPS computer system interacts with the MNDOT computer system. The information the locaters entered during the day into fields A126, A119, and A120 is combined in order to calculate the true reference point. This true reference point is then written on top of what the locaters had entered into the field A126. Then, whatever the Locaters had entered into the field A119 is converted to read: 000.000 (since the new value in A26 is now the precise reference point at which the crash occurred.)

As part of the interface between the DPS and MNDOT systems each night, an edit report is generated. This report is sent to Accident Records each day. The edit report gives warnings; for example, that reference point such and such does not exist. This is one way errors can sometimes be identified and corrected.

At any time after the location information is completed and the daily edit reports are resolved, the location information is still subject to review and change. For example, for safety purposes, MNDOT may study all accidents at specific intersections or on specific roadway segments over the prior ten year period. In doing this, they identify accidents with incorrect location information.

Currently, MNDOT lists these accidents and enters corrected location information into a "transaction file." The transaction file is accumulated over time and periodically (about 10 times per year) provided to DPS / OTSS. OTSS will then write the transaction file on top of the Accident Records database, updating certain fields. (At this time, MNDOT is permitted to make changes in this way to about 9 fields, including: Name of city of township, county, route system, route number, reference point, direction in which vehicle was travelling in prior to the crash (this is different from 'roadway direction'), and diagram.

There are additional location information fields, as well. The Locaters use a field RELDPS (location information reliability, in the opinion of DVS/AR; see A130) to indicate their confidence in the location information (1=high, 2=medium, 3=low).

In the new system, starting 1-1-03, it is believed we should have a corresponding field (RELYDOT; See A323) for MNDOT to document its confidence in specific accident locations.

The nightly interface between DPS and MNDOT also currently creates the following fields:

- X-Coordinate (6-column alphanumeric): See A301
- Y-Coordinate (7- column alphanumeric): See A302
  - (The X and Y coordinates give the pinpoint latitude-/longitude location where the crash occurred.)
- URBRUR (2-column numeric) that shows the population (in 9 categories) of the political jurisdiction that the crash occurred in:
  - This field should be changed to POPJURIS See A305
- FUNCLASS: Functional Classification of roadway (2-column numeric)
- PATSTA: State Patrol district and station in which crash occurred (4-column numeric).

See Part A3 for more fields to be added to the ARDB in the new system.

There are 3 additional fields related to location that appear in the current database (but I do not understand how they are created, and how or if they are used. These fields (which are listed, but not described, as A326, A327, A328) are:

- (1) LOCACC: reported location accuracy: 3-column numeric field.

In 2001, LOCACC took these values:

0 (96,395 times)

1 (2,554 times)

2 (35 times).

- (2) LOCERR: location error: 1-column character field.

In 2001, LOCERR took these values:

0 (zero, 35 times)

1 (98,949 times).

- (3) LOCCOM: location complete: 1-column character field.

In 2001, LOCCOM took these values:

N (240 times)

Y (35 times)

missing (98,709 times)

The new (post 1-1-03) Accident Records System will need to accommodate the complex locating process. Eventually, we look toward a time when all officers will carry GPS devices, and be able to use those to feed X and Y coordinate information directly into an electronically filed accident report.

**A115: RTSYS1: Route (roadway) system on which the accident occurred**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** implicitly  
As described above, officers and citizens provide information here, but the AR locaters determine and enter the proper RTSYS into the computer.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** --

**How entered:** 01 to 30, 99

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, 04, 07, 10

**Stored in database as:** 01 to 98

**Defaults / missing values:**

If locaters do not assign a value, computer should enter 98 to signify "not geocoded" (which means, not assigned a location)

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Interstate -- Isth  
02 = US Trunk Highway -- USTH  
03 = MN Trunk Hwy -- MNTH  
04 = County State Aid Highway--CSAH  
05 = Municipal State Aid Highway--MSAH  
07 = County Road -- CNTY  
08 = Township Road -- TWNS  
09 = Unorganized Township Road  
10 = Municipal Street--MUN  
11 = National Park Road--NATP  
12 = National Forest Road--NATF  
13 = Indian Service Road--IND  
14 = State Forest Road--SFR  
15 = State Park Road--SPRK  
16 = Military Road -- MIL  
17 = National Monument Road--NATM  
18 = National Wildlife Refuge Road  
19 = Frontage Road--FRNT  
20 = State Game Reserve Road  
21 = Private Road Open to Public  
23 = Airport roads  
25 = Non-traffic Ways (apparently now obsolete)  
30 = Alleyways (apparently now obsolete)  
98 = not geocoded

**A116: RTNUM: Route number or name of street on which accident occurred**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
As described above, officers and citizens provide information here, but the AR locaters enter the proper RTNUM into the computer.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 8-column alphanumeric (8 columns currently allocated, but appears 4 is max needed)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** -----

**How entered:** a to aaaaaaaa

**Typical examples:** 35W, 94, 103, 48

**Stored in database as:** a to aaaaaaaa

**Defaults / missing values:** If locaters do not assign a value, computer should enter "z" to signify "not geocoded."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

a to aaaaaaaa



z = not geocoded

**A117: RDDIRECT: Travel direction of the roadway on which the first unstabilized event in the crash occurred**

**NOTE:** This field is required to be filled out only when the roadway is a divided roadway. However any roadway may potentially be a divided roadway. Therefore, this field must always be available to be filled out, no matter what type of roadway the accident occurred on.

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: may be implicit, but is not explicitly shown on citizen report.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** N, E, S, or W.

**Typical examples:** N, E, S, or W

**Stored in database as:** N, E, S, W, or Z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer report leaves field blank, locator may enter the correct value, or may tab over field. If locator does not enter a value, the computer should enter Z to signify "left blank."

**Edit checks:** None

**Valid values:** N, E, S, W, or Z

**A118: ATINTWITH: At Intersection With**

This field is not entered into the database under the current (pre-1-1-03) system. It helps the locaters to interpret where the crash occurred. but does not need to be entered into the database. The information reported here will be captured, if important, by the entry the locaters make in the "location narrative" field below (see # A129 below).

**A119: DISTANCE: Distance from route number, street, corporate limit, or other feature.**

Coders enter values in this field and computer combines this DISTANCE with A115, A116, A120, and A126. TIS returns the precise reference point (See A323) which overwrites the value in A126. The system then converts whatever values were entered into DISTANCE to 000.000.

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 7 column, 3 to left of decimal, and 3 to right of decimal: nnn.nnn

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ . \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** nnn.nnn

**Typical examples:** 000.500

**Stored in database as:** 000.000

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

**A120: MEASTYPE: Type of measure (miles or feet)**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** M or F

**Typical examples:** M or F

**Stored in database as:** M or F

**Defaults / missing values:** If locator leaves this field blank, computer should enter Z, for "left blank."

**Edit checks:** If distance (A19) is filled in, then MEASTYPE should have a value M or F.

**Valid values:**

M = miles

F = feet

Z = locator left this field blank

**A121: DIRECTPT: Direction (N,S,E,W) of the accident from the point from which the distance measurement was made**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

The police and citizen reports will show a direction as N, S, E, or W, but the locaters will convert N and E to + and S and W to -. (A location N or E of a reference point is in the increasing milepost direction. A location S or W of a reference point is in the decreasing milepost direction.) The + or - symbol is placed in front of the distance (A119), as +nnn.nnn, or -nnn.nnn.

The TIS system combines that information with the reference point entered in A126 to obtain the true reference point (see A323), which overwrites the value in A126. The final reference point expresses all crash locations in terms of a reference point plus (+) some distance beyond that reference point, such that every reference point has the format: nnn+nn.nnn.

**In original database:** yes (as part of the reference point)

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** The N, S, E, or W on the report is first converted to + or - (in A119), then converted to the plus sign in the 10-column reference point field (in A323).

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** as the "+" or the "-" in front of the distance in A119.

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:**

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:** If DISTANCE is filled in, then DIRECTPT must be filled in.

**Valid values:**

#### **A122: COUNTY**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

As part of the locating process, the locaters determine the proper county and enter that.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2-column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01 (for Aitkin County), 27 (for Hennepin County), etc.

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** Every crash must be assigned to as county. There should be no unknown or missing values in this field.

**Edit checks:** Value must be between 01 and 87 inclusive.

**Valid values:** 01 to 87.

1=Aitkin  
2=Anoka  
3=Becker  
4=Beltrami  
5=Benton  
6=Big Stone  
7=Blue Earth  
8=Brown  
9=Carlton  
10=Carver  
11=Cass  
12=Chippewa  
13=Chisago  
14=Clay  
15=Clearwater  
16=Cook  
17=Cottonwood  
18=Crow Wing  
19=Dakota  
20=Dodge  
21=Douglas  
22=Faribault  
23=Fillmore  
24=Freeborn  
25=Goodhue  
26=Grant  
27=Hennepin  
28=Houston

29=Hubbard  
30=Isanti  
31=Itasca  
32=Jackson  
33=Kanabac  
34=Kandiyohi  
35=Kitson  
36=Koochiching  
37=Lac Qui Parle  
38=Lake  
39=Lake of the Woods  
40=Le Sueur  
41=Lincoln  
42=Lyon  
43=McCleod  
44=Mahnomen  
45=Marshall  
46=Martin  
47=Meeker  
48=Mille Lacs  
49=Morrison  
50=Mower  
51=Murray  
52=Nicollet  
53=Nobles  
54=Norman  
55=Olmsted  
56=Otter Tail  
57=Pennington  
58=Pine  
59=Pipestone  
60=Polk  
61=Pope  
62=Ramsey  
63=Red Lake  
64=Redwood  
65=Renville  
66=Rice  
67=Rock  
68=Roseau  
69=St. Louis  
70=Scott  
71=Sherburne  
72=Sibley  
73=Stearns  
74=Steele  
75=Stevens  
76=Swift  
77=Todd  
78=Traverse  
79=Wabasha  
80=Wadena  
81=Waseca  
82=Washington  
83=Watonwan  
84=Wilkin  
85=Winona  
86=Wright  
87=Yellow Medicine

**A123: CITYTWN: City or township**

**Source: Police accident report: yes**

**Citizen accident report: yes**

As part of the locating process, the locaters determine the proper value and enter that.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1-column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** C for city, or T for township

**Typical examples:** C, T

**Stored in database as:** C, T

**Defaults / missing values:** If locator leaves this field blank, computer should enter Z, for "left blank."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

C = the accident occurred inside the boundaries of an incorporated city.

T = the accident occurred in a township (and therefore outside the boundaries of an incorporated city)

Z = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so.

**A124a: CITYNAME: (Code for) Name of city in which crash occurred**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

As part of the locating process, the locaters will determine the proper city and enter that.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** nnnn

**Typical examples:**

2585 (Minneapolis)

3760 (Thief River Falls)

**Stored in database as:** nnnn

**Defaults / missing values:** If locator leaves this field blank, computer should enter 00, for "left blank."

**Edit checks:** None

**Valid values:** See list of about 893 incorporated cities and towns at end of data dictionary.

0005 -- 4230 = Ada to Zumbrot

00 = left blank.

**A124b: TWPNAME: (Code for) Name of township in which crash occurred**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

As part of the locating process, the locaters will determine the proper township and enter that.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column character

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** aaaa

**Typical examples:**

T005 (Helena Township in Scott County)

T139 (the township designated as township number 66 in range 20 in St. Louis County)

Note that this field holds the code for the name of the city, or the code for the township. City names are unique in the state (except for the two St. Anthonys and the two Franklins), but township names are unique only within a county. Therefore, the township name is not useable unless the county is known. Also, many townships are not named. They merely have township and range numbers.

**Stored in database as:** aaaa

**Defaults / missing values:** If locator leaves this field blank, computer should enter Z, for "left blank."

**Edit checks:** None

**Valid values:** See list of about 1,794 "organized" or "unorganized" townships at end of data dictionary. Township names are unique only within counties, so county must be known to use the "township" field.

T001 = Aitkin township in Aitkin County

....

T021 = Wood Lake township in Yellow Medicine county

**A125: INTELEM: Interchange Element code.**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

Only Minnesota State Patrol Troopers know how to fill out this field. Thus, this field will only be filled out if (1) the accident occurred on an interchange of a freeway-type highway, and (2) the reporting officer is a trooper.

In those cases, the troopers will enter a code. However, it is the locaters, as part of the locating process, who will determine the proper interchange element to enter in the database.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column alphanumeric (the current system allocates 4 columns, but it appears that only 3 are needed.)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** aaaa

**Typical examples:** 201, D03, A04

**Stored in database as:** a to aaaa

**Defaults / missing values:** If locator leaves this field blank, computer should enter Z, for "left blank."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

#### A126: REFPT1: Reference point

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

This field will only be filled out on the police accident report form if (1) the reporting officer is a trooper, (2) the trooper is able to use the field to help locate the crash.

Whatever reference point the trooper may enter here, it will probably be superseded by the reference point the locaters in Accident Records determine to be the proper reference point. The reference point the coders enter will then normally be superseded by the reference point returned from TIS in nightly batch process.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 10 column alphanumeric in format nnn+nn.nnn

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ + \_ \_ . \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** nnn nn nnn

**Typical examples:**

039 00 280 (milepost 039, plus 280 one-thousandths of a mile beyond 039 in the direction of milepost 040).

**Stored in database as:**

The value the locaters entered, such as 039+00.280 will usually be superseded by a new reference point, for example: 039+00.333.

**Defaults / missing values:** If locator leaves field blank, computer should enter Z to indicate "not geocoded."

**Edit checks:** Performed in nightly batch processing through comparison with TIS "roadlog" files.

**Valid values:**

nnn+nn.nnn = reference point

z = not geocoded

#### A127: RTSYS2: Second Route System

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

On the crash report, the officer or citizen may describe the location in terms such as: On Highway X, .25 mile east of (intersection with) Highway Y. In such a case, the RTSYS for highway X is documented in A115 above. The RTSYS for Highway Y is documented here in A127.

Although officers and citizens may refer to a second route system, in the manner described, that information does not go into the computerized database. It is used only to assist the locaters to assign a reference point to the crash.

**In original database:** no      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** This field is not entered in the database.

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_ (if it is decided this field will be part of the new electronic crash form)

**How entered:** Officer may make an entry (on the form) such as MNTH

**Typical examples:** ISTH, USTH, MNTH, CSAH, etc

**Stored in database as:** not currently entered in database

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**

**A128: FEATURE: Name or number of the road (or of the bridge, or of whatever feature the distance measure was made from)**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
Reported by officers and citizens, but not entered in computer, and used only used to aid locaters to assign correct reference point.  
**In original database:** no      **In sanitized database:** no  
**Format:** allocate about 30 spaces (?) on electronic form for officer's (or citizen's) use.  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** -----  
**How entered:** see typical examples  
**Typical examples:** Sixth Street, Sleepy Eye western city limit, Bridge over McCarty Creek  
**Stored in database as:** Not entered in database  
**Defaults / missing values:** not applicable  
**Edit checks:** none  
**Valid values:** anything

**A129: LOCNAR: Location narrative, or description.**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
The location narrative currently (pre-1-1-03) has 50 columns provided in the ARDB (accident records database). The LOCNAR is composed by AR "locaters." It sums up the locater's best verbal description of where the crash occurred, based on the various pieces of information provided on the officer's and citizen's report.  
The locaters leave the LOCNAR blank about 85% of the time. When they do fill it in, the entry is sometimes cryptic. Here are examples:  
1. Miller trk hwy; 40 f n of Birchwood Dr. Hermantown  
2. MP 123  
3. & W Dan Patch Ave not on map/fiche?  
4. 8100 blk of Washington Alley  
5. & East Brainerd Mall ??  
6. Haven Rd & Heron Rd ??  
7. Lost Moose Lk Rd .5m E of T-476  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 50 column alphanumeric  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** -----  
-----  
**How entered:** free field text  
**Typical examples:** see above  
**Stored in database as:** as entered.  
**Defaults / missing values:** none  
**Edit checks:** none  
**Valid values:** anything

**A130: RELYDPS: Locater's level of confidence in reliability of location information entered into computer**

**Source:** **Police accident report:**      **Citizen accident report:**  
Locater's opinion, which comes in part from information provided on officer and citizen reports, about reliability (or accuracy) of location entered in computer  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1 column numeric  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_  
**How entered:** n  
**Typical examples:** 1, 2, or 3  
**Stored in database as:** n  
**Defaults / missing values:**  

- If locater has not entered a value in REFPT (A126), computer should enter 8, for not applicable.
- If coder has entered a value in REFPT (A126), computer should enter 0, for "left blank."

**Edit checks:** none  
**Valid values:**

1=high confidence  
2=medium confidence  
3=low confidence  
8=crash was not "geocoded" and so LOCREL is "not applicable."  
0=crash was located, but locator left LOCREL blank.

**A131: PROPOWNR: Owner of damaged property**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes  
Officers and citizens complete this field on their report forms, but it is not entered in the database  
**In original database:** no      **In sanitized database:** no  
**Format:** allocate 20 or 30 alphanumeric spaces (?) for entry on electronic form.  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**How entered:** not entered in database  
**Typical examples:** State of Minnesota (e.g., for a highway sign), City of Minneapolis (e.g., a no-parking sign)  
**Stored in database as:** not entered  
**Defaults / missing values:** NA  
**Edit checks:** NA  
**Valid values:** NA

**A132: PROPDES: Description of damaged property**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes  
Officers and citizens complete this field on their report forms, but it is not entered in the database  
**In original database:** no      **In sanitized database:** no  
**Format:** allocate 30 or 40 or 50 (?) spaces for alphanumeric entry on electronic form  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_\_\_\_ ... etc  
**How entered:** not entered in database  
**Typical examples:** Speed limit sign knocked to ground, collided with no-parking sign.  
**Stored in database as:** not entered in ARDB  
**Defaults / missing values:** NA  
**Edit checks:** NA  
**Valid values:** NA

**A133: TAGNUM: Yellow (or Damaged Property) Tag Number**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no  
Officers complete this field on their report forms, but it is not entered in the database.  
Note: normally, only State Patrol troopers have "yellow tags," so only trooper would enter the yellow tag number. In a few cases, though, other types of officers might have some yellow tags, and should be able to enter a yellow tag number.  
**In original database:** not currently      **In sanitized database:** not currently  
**Format:** Currently, 6-column numeric; allocate 7 or 8 column alphanumeric (?)  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**How entered:** not entered, currently  
**Typical examples:** 102915  
**Stored in database as:** NA (currently)  
**Defaults / missing values:** NA (currently)  
**Edit checks:** NA (currently)  
**Valid values:** NA (currently)

**A134: ACCYTPE: Type of accident by first harmful event (NOTE: THIS IS A 'REQUIRED', or systemic, FIELD. The officer must enter a valid value.)**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2-column numeric  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 01, 02  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If the officer and citizen reports do not indicate a valid value, then the coder should make his or her best judgment about the correct value, and enter that. (A value of 99, for unknown, may be entered -- if the reports show that, and that is the reasonable best that can be done, or if the reports do not show a valid value, and the coder cannot determine a reasonable value.)

**Edit checks:** If ACCYTPE=6 then one of the vehicle types must = 53

If ACCYTPE=7 then one of the vehicle types must = 51

**Valid values:**

- 01 = Collision with motor vehicle in transport
- 02 = Collision with parked motor vehicle
- 03 = Collision with roadway equipment--snowplow
- 04 = Collision with roadway equipment--other
- 05 = Collision with train
- 06 = Collision with pedalcycle
- 07 = Collision with pedestrian
- 08 = Collision with deer
- 09 = Collision with other animal
- 10 = Collision -- underride, rear
- 11 = Collision -- underride, side
- 12 = Collision with non-fixed object of other type
- 13 = Other type of collision
- 14 = Collision with non-fixed object of unknown type
- 21 = Collision with construction equipment
- 22 = Collision with traffic signal
- 23 = Collision with RR crossing device
- 24 = Collision with light pole
- 25 = Collision with utility pole
- 26 = Collision with sign structure or post
- 27 = Collision with mailboxes and/or posts
- 28 = Collision with other poles
- 29 = Collision with hydrant
- 30 = Collision with tree/shrubbery
- 31 = Collision with bridge piers
- 32 = Collision with median safety barrier
- 33 = Collision with crash cushion
- 34 = Collision with guardrail
- 35 = Collision with fence (non-median barrier)
- 36 = Collision with culvert / headwall
- 37 = Collision with embankment / ditch / curb
- 38 = Collision with building / wall
- 39 = Collision with rock outcrops
- 40 = Collision with parking meter
- 41 = Collision with other fixed object
- 42 = Collision with unknown type of fixed object
- 51 = Overturn / rollover
- 52 = Submersion
- 53 = Fire / explosion
- 54 = Jackknife
- 55 = Loss/spillage non-haz mat
- 56 = Loss/spillage hazardous mat
- 64 = Non-collision of other type
- 65 = Non-collision of unknown type
- 90 = Other type of accident
- 99 = Accident of unknown accident type

**A135: SBUS1: Was a school bus involved, either directly, or indirectly.**

**NOTE: This field is a super-required, or systemic, field.**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no (but see following)

The school bus field is not explicit on the citizen report form, but it would be obtainable from the citizen report form.

**In original database:** Yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero).



**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** 01, 02, 03, 99

**Typical examples:** 03

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer and citizen report leave this field blank, and coder cannot determine a proper value, then coder should leave the field blank, and the computer should enter 00 to signify "left blank."

**Edit checks:** If SBUS1=01 then there must be at least one vehicle record with VEHTYPE = 7 or 8 and with VEHUSE = 3

**Valid values:**

01 = Yes, involved directly

02 = Yes, involved indirectly

03 = No

99 = Officer indicated school bus involvement unknown

00 = Officer left this field blank and citizen report does not permit absolute conclusion that a school bus was or was not involved.

**A136. LOCFHE: Location relative to the roadway where the first harmful event in the crash occurred.**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, etc.

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00 to signify "left blank."

**Edit checks:** None

**Valid values:**

01 = On roadway (alley, driveway, etc.)

02 = On shoulder

03 = On median

04 = On roadside

05 = On separator

06 = In parking lot

07 = Private property

08 = Outside right-of-way

90 = Other

99 = Unknown

00 = Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so.

**A137: BRIDGE: Did this crash occur on a bridge (y/n)?**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1-column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** a

**Typical examples:** y, n

**Stored in database as:** a

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter z, to signify "left blank."

**Edit checks:** none

**Valid values:**

y = yes

n = no

x = officer entered unknown

z = officer left field blank

**A138: WORKZONE: Did this crash occur in a workzone, and if so, what type of workzone?**

The design of the new crash report form was deficient on this field, in that there is no category available for the officer to check, in effect, "no, the crash did not occur in a workzone." Therefore, the "defaults" will be handled in an atypical manner.

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** two column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 98, 01, etc

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

For this field, the value "98" shall mean: "not applicable," and in turn this shall mean, in effect, "No, the crash did not occur in a workzone."

Therefore, use the following atypical procedure: If the officer enters "98" in the box, or draws a slash through the box, or writes an "N" in the box, then these entries shall be interpreted as "no, the crash did not occur in a workzone," and the coder should enter 98 [meaning both (1) no, and (2) not applicable..]

If the officer leaves the field blank, the coder should tab over the field and the computer should enter 00, to signify that the officer left the field blank.

**Edit checks:** None

**Valid values:**

01=Lane closure

02=Lane shift/crossover

03=Work on shoulder or median

04=Intermittent

05=moving workzone

90=Other

98=Not applicable (also meaning "no, the crash did not occur in a workzone")

99=Unknown

00=Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so

#### **A139. LOCWZ: Location of crash relative to workzone**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2-column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

If this field is left blank, coder should tab over the field and computer should:

If A138 = 98, computer should enter 98.

If A138 = 00, computer should enter 00.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Before 1<sup>st</sup> warning sign

02 = Advance warning area

03 = Transition area

04 = Activity area

05 = Termination area

90 = Other

98 = Not applicable

99 = Officer report, and citizen report if there was one, indicated that it was not known whether the crash occurred in a workzone.

00 = Officer left this field blank

#### **A140: WORKERS: Were workers present in workzone when the crash occurred?**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** a

**Typical examples:** y, n

**Stored in database as:** y, n, i, x, z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over the field and computer should:

If A138 = 98, computer should enter i.

If A138 = 00, computer should enter z.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

y = yes

n = no

i = inapplicable

x = officer entered unknown.

z = field should have been completed, but officer left field blank

**A141: RDESIGN: Road Design**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** sometimes implicitly

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 03

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field, and computer should enter 00

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Freeway--mainline

02 = Freeway--ramps

03 = Other divided highway

04 = One-way street

05 = 4-6 lanes undivided (2 to 3 lanes each way)

06 = 3 lanes undivided

07 = 5 lanes undivided (center left turn lane)

08 = 2 lanes--1 each way

09 = Alley / driveway

10 = Road on private property

90 = Other

99 = Officer and / or citizen reports indicated that road design was unknown

00 = Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so.

**A142: RDSURF: Road Surface Condition**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If not shown on reports, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00 (=left blank).

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Dry

02 = Wet

03 = Snow

04 = Slush

05 = Ice / packed snow

06 = Water (standing, moving)

07 = Muddy

08 = Debris

09 = Oily

90 = Other

99 = Office and / or citizen reports indicated that road surface condition was unknown

00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A143: RDCHAR: Roadway Characteristics**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00 (left blank).

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Straight and level

02 = Straight and grade

03 = Straight at hillcrest

04 = Straight at sag

05 = Curve and level

06 = Curve and grade

07 = Curve at hillcrest

08 = Curve at sag

90 = Other (e.g. combination)

99 = Officer reported that RDCHAR was unknown

00 = Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A144: DEVICE1: Type of traffic control device, if any, present at location of crash.**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on reports, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01=Traffic signal

02=Overhead flashers

03=Stop sign -- all approaches

04=Stop sign - not all approaches

05=Yield sign

06=Officer/flagperson/sch patrol

07=School bus stop arm

08=School zone sign

09=No passing zone

10=RR crossing--gate

11=RR crossing--flashing lights

12=RR crossing--stop sign

13=RR overhead flashers

14=RR overhead flashers and gates

15=RR crossbuck

90=Other\*

98=Not applicable

99=Officer and / or citizen reported that type of traffic control device was unknown

00=Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A145: WORKING: Was signal working properly**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 01, 02  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on reports, coder should tab over field and computer should fill the field as follows:  
    If A43=98, computer should fill A44 with 98  
    Else, computer should fill A44 with 00  
**Edit checks:** If A43=98, A44 must =98.  
**Valid values:**  
    01=Signal working properly  
    02=Signal not working properly  
    03=Signal working in modified fashion  
    04=Signal obscured/damaged  
    90=Other  
    98=Not applicable  
    99=Officer reported that WORKING was unknown  
    00=Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A146: . INTREL: Location of the crash relative to intersection or junction**  
**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 01, 02  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**  
    01 = Not at intersection or junction  
    02 = T-intersection  
    03 = Y-intersection  
    04 = 4-legged intersection  
    05 = 5-or-more-legged intersection  
    06 = Traffic circle or roundabout  
    07 = Intersection-related  
    08 = At alley or driveway access  
    09 = At school crossing  
    10 = At railroad crossing  
    11 = At recreational trail crossing  
    20 = Interchange -- on ramp  
    21 = Interchange -- off ramp  
    22 = Interchange -- other area  
    90 = Other  
    99 = Officer reported that INTREL was unknown  
    00 = Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A147: SPLIMIT: What was the posted speed limit on the roadway where the first harmful event occurred?**  
**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 45, 55, 60, 65, 70  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00.  
**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

05 -- 70 = speed limit  
99 = Officer and /or citizen reported that SPLIMIT was unknown  
00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A148: WEATHER1: First weather condition**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Clear  
02 = Cloudy  
03 = Rain  
04 = Snow  
05 = Sleet/hail/freezing rain  
06 = Fog / smog / smoke  
07 = Blowing sand/dust/snow  
08 = Severe crosswinds  
90 = Other  
99 = Officer and / or citizen reported that WEATHER1 was unknown  
00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A149: WEATHER2: Second weather condition**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen acc report:** no (at least, not on current form)

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** : If left blank on all reports, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 -- 90 = same as A148  
99 = Officer reported that WEATHER2 was unknown  
00 = Officer did not complete this field.

**A150: LIGHT: Light Condition**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on reports, coder should tab over field, and computer should enter 00.

**Edit checks:** "LIGHT" condition should be consistent with "ACCTIME." For example, if accident happened at 0000 or 0100, LIGHT should not be 01. If accident happened at 0600, LIGHT should not be 03.

**Valid values:**

01 = Daylight  
02 = Sunrise  
03 = Sunset

04 = Dark (street lights on)  
 05 = Dark (street lights off)  
 06 = Dark (no street lights)  
 07 = Dark (unknown lighting)  
 90 = Other  
 99 = Officer and / or citizen reported that LIGHT was unknown  
 00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A151: PHOTOS: Were photos taken (y/n)?**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1-column alphanumeric  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_  
**How entered:** a  
**Typical examples:** y, n  
**Stored in database as:** a  
**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter z, for left blank.  
**Edit checks:** none  
**Valid values:**  
 y=yes  
 n=no  
 x = Officer reported that PHOTOS was unknown  
 z = Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**A152: DIAGRAM: Type of vehicular relationships that led to the crash**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 01, 02, 03  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00, for left blank.  
**Edit checks:** none  
**Valid values:**  
 01 = Rear end  
 02 = Sideswipe -- same direction  
 03 = Left turn  
 04 = Ran off road--left side  
 05 = Right angle  
 06 = Right turn  
 07 = Ran off road--right side  
 08 = Head on  
 09 = Sideswipe opposing  
 90 = Other  
 98 = Not applicable  
 99 = Officer reported that DIAGRAM was unknown  
 00 = Officer left field blank

**A153: RANK: Officer rank**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no  
 This field is not currently entered in the database, and it does not need to be entered in the future.  
 On the web application, this field may require spaces, perhaps, for words such as Deputy, Patrolman, Trooper, Corporal, and so on.  
**In original database:** no      **In sanitized database:** no  
**Format:** see above  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** see above  
**How entered:** see above  
**Typical examples:** see above

**Stored in database as:** not anticipated to be stored in database  
**Defaults / missing values:**  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**

**A154: OFCRNAME: Reporting officer's name**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no  
The officer's crash report form has a space at the bottom for the officer to show rank, name, and badge number. The citizen's form has a space for the person who filled it out to sign their name.  
On the web application, this field may require 30 spaces or so.  
**In original database:** no      **In sanitized database:** no  
**Format:** See above  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** See above  
**How entered:** See above  
**Typical examples:** see above  
**Stored in database as:** not anticipated to be stored in the database  
**Defaults / missing values:**  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**

**A155: BADGENO: Reporting officer's badge number**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
This field is not entered in the database currently.  
On the web application, perhaps 5 spaces should be allocated for badge number.  
**In original database:** No      **In sanitized database:** No  
**Format:** See above  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** see above  
**How entered:** See above  
**Typical examples:** See above  
**Stored in database as:** Not anticipated to be stored in the database.  
**Defaults / missing values:**  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**

**A156: AGENCY: Law enforcement agency that reporting officer works for**

(This field is for city police and county sheriffs, not state troopers. State troopers will show their patrol district and station in the next field: A157)

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
(The citizen's form has a space for the citizen to show whether an officer was at the scene, and if so, the name of the city or county the officer works for.)  
An officer will enter something like: Forest Lake PD, or Benton Co SO. That will have to be converted to the proper numeric code  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 4 column numeric: nnnn  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_  
**How entered:** nnnn  
**Typical examples:** Forest Lake PD (city of Forest Lake= 1325)  
Benton Co SO (Benton County = 0005)  
**Stored in database as:** nnnn  
**Defaults / missing values:** If reports leave field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 0000, for "left blank."  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**  
The values for this field may take the following patterns:  
▪ 0001 through 0087 (for Aitkin county through Yellow Medicine County --for an officer of a county sheriff's department)  
▪ 0005 through 4230 (for City of Ada through City of Zumbrota - - for an officer of a municipal police department)



- Note that 0005, for example, could mean either: Benton County, or the city of Ada. Thus, this field may only be used in conjunction with field A158 below.

**A157: DISTSTA: State Patrol district and station that the reporting trooper is assigned to**

A separate field, named PATSTA, will be listed later (see A303). (The PATSTA field, which will be filled through a link to MNDOT TIS files, will show the State Patrol District and Station within which the accident occurred.)

This DISTSTA field shows the Minnesota State Patrol district and station the reporting officer is assigned to (only when the officer is a trooper, as opposed to a police or sheriff officer).

[The current (pre 1-1-03) database has the field called PATSTA, but does not have this new field to be called DISTSTA.]

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** nnnn

**Typical examples:** 2120, 2130, 2220

**Stored in database as:** nnnn

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field, and computer should:

- If A158 = 1, computer should enter 0000 for (trooper left field blank)
- If A157 not = 1, computer should enter 0098 for not applicable

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

The state patrol districts are: 2100, 2200, 2300, 2400, 2500, 2600, 2700, 2800, 2900, 3100, 3200, 4600, and 4700.

Within a district, there are stations: 10, 20, 30, and so on.

Thus, DISTSTA field will have values such as 2110, 2120... and so on.

0098 = not applicable (report was not submitted by a trooper)

0000 = Trooper should have completed this field but failed to do so

**A158: OFCRTYPE: Type of law enforcement officer who is filling out crash report**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

- If there is no officer report, and the coder is using the citizen report, coder should enter 98
- If there is an officer report, and officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field, and officer and computer should enter 00, for left blank

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = State patrol

02 = Sheriff

03 = Local (city police)

90 = Other officer type

98 = Not applicable (citizen report)

99 = Unknown officer type

00 = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so

**A159: COMPNAR: Officer's complete narrative description of the crash**

Apparently there is a plan to enter the officer's narrative of the crash into the database. Also, there is discussion of entering a shortened version of the narrative (see A216), in addition to the complete narrative.

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:**

Data entry screen prior to entry:  
How entered:  
Typical examples:  
Stored in database as:  
Defaults / missing values:  
Edit checks:  
Valid values:

**A160: SKETCH: Officer's sketch, or diagram of the crash**

Source: Police accident report: yes    Citizen accident report: no  
In original database: ?                      In sanitized database: ?  
Format:  
Data entry screen prior to entry:  
How entered:  
Typical examples:  
Stored in database as:  
Defaults / missing values:  
Edit checks:  
Valid values:

**Part A2: This part shows accident-level fields that are not on the form itself. These fields are created by the computer, and are derived from fields that are entered directly into the computer from the crash reports.**

**A201: ACCSEV1: Accident severity (first scale), based on most severe injury**

Accsev1 should be computed from information provided on either or both the police or citizen crash reports at the person level, as follows:

- If any person record has injsev1='k' then accsev1='k' (fatal crash).
- If any person record has injsev1='a' and no person record has injsev1='k' then accsev1='a' (severe-injury-level crash).
- If any person record has injsev1='b' and no person record has injsev1=('k' 'a') then accsev1='b' (moderate-injury-level crash).
- If any person record has injsev1='c' and no person record has injsev1=('k' 'a' 'b') then accsev1='c' (minor-injury-level crash).
- If all person records have injury level = 'n' (no apparent injury) then accsev1='n' (property damage only crash).

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Defaults / missing values:** This field must be filled with a valid value for every single crash. "Unknown" is not permitted.

**Valid values:**

- k = Fatal crash
- a = Severe injury crash
- b = Moderate injury crash
- c = Minor injury crash
- n = property damage only crash

**A202: ACCSEV2: Accident severity (second scale), based on most severe injury**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

Accsev2 should be computed from information provided on either or both the police and citizen crash reports, as follows:

- If any person record has injsev1='k' then accsev2=1 (fatal crash).
- If any person record has injsev1=('a' 'b' 'c') and no person record has injsev1='k' then accsev2=2 (injury crash).
- If all person records have injsev1='n' then accsev2=3 (property damage crash).

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column numeric: n

**Defaults / missing values:** This field must be filled with a valid value for every single crash. "Unknown" is not permitted.

**Valid values:**

- 1 = Fatal crash
- 2 = Injury crash
- 3 = Property damage only crash

**A203: HITRUN2: Did this crash involve a vehicle identified as a "hit-and-run" vehicle?**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

Hitrun2 is parallel to Hitrun1, except Hitrun2 should be derived by computer.

- If any vehicle record has vehicle use (vehuse) = y, then Hitrun2=y (yes).
- Else hitrun2=n (no).

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:**

- y = yes
- n = no

**A204: NUMVEH2: Number of motorized vehicles in transport involved in this crash**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

Numveh2 is parallel to numveh1 (entered by the officer on the crash report).

If a vehicle has VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) and has INTRANS = Y, then that vehicle should contribute a count of 1 to NUMVEH2 for this accident.

(In other words, pedestrians, skaters, bicyclists, other non-motorists, parked vehicles, and road maintenance vehicles that are working are not vehicles in transport, and so should not be counted.)

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Valid values:** 01 to 99 (00 is not valid)

**A205: NUMFAT2: Number of persons killed in the accident**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes                      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
Numfat2 is parallel to the numfat1, from the officer or citizen reports.  
Numfat is the sum of the person records that have injury severity (injsev1) = 'k'.  
**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Valid values:** 00 to 99

**A206: NUMINJ2: Number of persons non-fatally injured in the accident**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes                      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
Numinj2 is parallel to numinj1.  
Numinj2 is the sum of the person records that have injsev1 = (a, b, c).  
**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Valid values:** 00 to 99

**A207: ACMONTH: Month in which the accident occurred**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes                      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
ACMONTH should be computed from the ACCDATE field.  
**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Valid values:** 01 thru 12. (unknowns are not permitted; every crash must be assigned to a date.)  
01 -- 12 = January -- December

**A208: ACCDAY: Day of week on which the accident occurred**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes                      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
ACCDAY should be computed from the ACCDATE field  
**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1 column numeric: n  
**Valid values:** 1 thru 7 (unknowns are not permitted; every crash must be assigned to a date.)  
1 -- 7 = Sunday .... Saturday

**A209: ACCTIME2**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes                      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
ACCTIME2 should be computer from the ACCTIME1 field, which is entered in the computer from the police or citizen accident report.  
▪ If ACCTIME1 = (0000 through 0059) then ACCTIME2 = 01  
▪ If ACCTIME1 = (0200 through 0159) then ACCTIME2 = 02  
▪ ...  
▪ If ACCTIME1 = (2300 through 2359) then ACCTIME2 = 23  
▪ If ACCTIME1 = 9998 then ACCTIME2 = 98  
▪ If ACCTIME1 = 9999 then ACCTIME2 = 99  
**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Valid values:**  
00=midnight to 12:59 AM  
02=1:00 AM to 1:59AM  
.....  
22=10:00 PM to 10:59 PM  
23=11:00 PM to 11:59 PM  
98=Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so  
99=Officer and /or citizen reported that \_\_\_\_ was unknown

**A210: ALCOHOL: Was alcohol involved in crash?**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no  
ALCOHOL should be computed from information entered by the officer on the crash report -- at the person level.

- If any person record has PTYPE = (1, 5, 6) and has PHYSCND = (2,3,4) then ALCOHOL = y.
- Else ALCOHOL = n.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1-column alphanumeric: a  
**Valid values:**  
y = yes  
n = no (meaning, no person had physcnd = 2,3,4)

**A211: SPEED: Was “illegal or unsafe speed” cited as a contributing factor for any of the motor vehicles in this crash.**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no  
SPEED should be computed from information entered by the officer on the crash report -- at the vehicle level.

- If any vehicle record has CFCT1 = 3 or has CFCT2 = 3, then SPEED = y.
- Else SPEED = n

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a  
**Valid values:** y = yes. n=no.

**A212: MCYCLE: Did this crash involve a motorcycle in transport?**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
MCYCLE should be computed from information provided by the officer or citizen on the crash reports.

- If any vehicle record has VEHTYPE = 11 and has ACTION not = (21,22,23) then MCYCLE = y.
- Else MCYCLE = n

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a  
**Valid values:** y = yes    n=no

**A213: SBUS2: Was a school bus in transport directly involved in this crash?**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
SBUS2 is similar to SBUS1, but with important difference: SBUS1 documents direct or indirect school bus involvement. SBUS2 documents only direct school bus involvement. SBUS2 should be computed as follows:

- If any vehicle record has VEHTYPE = (7,8) and has VEHUSE = 3 and has ACTION not = (21,22,23) then SBUS2 = y.
- Else SBUS2 = n.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a  
**Valid values:** y = yes    n= no.

**A214: BIKE: Did this crash involve a bicycle?**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
BIKE should be computed as follows:

- If any vehicle record has VEHTYPE = 53 and has then BIKE = y.
- Else BIKE = n.

**In original database:** Yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** a column alphanumeric: a  
**Valid values:** y = yes    n = no

**A215 : TRUCK: Did this crash involve a truck in transport?**

**Source:** **Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
TRUCK should be computed as follows:

- If any vehicle record has VEHTYPE = (31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38) and has VEHUSE not = (13 15) and has ACTION not = (21 22 23), then TRUCK = y.
- Else, truck = n

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:** y = yes n = no

**A216: SHORTNAR: Officer's narrative description of the crash: shortened version**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes Citizen accident report: no

This is an abbreviated version of A159

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:**

**Data entry screen prior to entry:**

**How entered:**

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:**

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

**Part A3: Fields at the accident level that are obtained through links to MNDOT's TIS system** (except for A324, RELYDOT, which comes from a 'transaction file' MNDOT supplies to OTSS about once per month.)

**Note regarding desirability of obtaining these fields and adding them into the ARDB:**

Loren Hill, MNDOT's Traffic Safety Engineer, questioned the feasibility or desirability of attempting to add all of these fields into the ARDB. For example, when these fields were recommended in the MMUCC (NHTSA's Minimum Model Uniform Crash Criteria guideline), Loren suggested that it was a stretch to call all of these elements merely a "minimum" list of desirable elements.

Indeed, Minnesota will be unusual if we can add all of these fields into the ARDB. Nevertheless, the data elements listed below appear to already exist and to be readily and freely available through the link to TIS. Thus, it is desirable to include these data elements, unless there is a specific reason why one or more should not be included.

**A301: XCOORD: (the X Coordinate: a horizontal line on plane of the earth)**

**Source:** The X coordinate is not the same as the latitude, but is systematically related to the lines of latitude on the earth's surface.

The X coordinate is generated in TIS based on the reference point (see A323) assigned by TIS (on the basis of the location information entered by DVS/AR).

It appears that, currently, above 95% of crashes have a reference point assigned to them, but only about 40% of crashes have X and Y coordinates entered from TIS into the ARDB.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 6 column numeric: nnnnnn

**Typical example:** 485383

**Valid values:** ?

**A302: YCOORD: (the Y Coordinate: a vertical line on plane of earth)**

**Source:** The Y Coordinate is not identical to a line of longitude on the surface of the earth, but is systematically related to the lines of longitude.

It is generated similarly to the X Coordinate and is combined with the X coordinate to produce the "XY Coordinate" -- the precise point where the accident occurred.

The XY coordinate locating system permits the use of GIS systems to map crashes.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 7 column numeric: nnnnnnn

**Typical example:** 4968860

**Valid values:** ?

**A303: PATSTA: State Patrol district and station in which the crash occurred.**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RLG.PTRL-STATION

If a crash was reported by a trooper, MNDOT's TIS system determines the State Patrol District and station (a section within a district) where the crash occurred, and enters that into the ARDB.

[Note the DISTSTA (see A157) gives the district and station the trooper is assigned to.

This field PATSTA give the district and station the crash occurred in.)

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** in TIS: 4 column character: aaaa

**Typical example:** 2220, 3110, 2740

**Valid values:** See A157

**A304: FUNCLASS: Functional classification of roadway on which crash occurred**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RLG.FUNCT-CLASS.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Valid values:**

01=Rural principal arterial-- interstate  
 02=Rural principal arterial--other  
 06=Rural minor arterial  
 07=Rural major collector  
 08=Rural minor collector  
 09=Rural local systems  
 11=Urban principal arterial-- interstate  
 12=Urban principal arterial other freeway or expressway  
 13=Urban principle arterial other  
 16=Urb minor arterial  
 17=Urban collector  
 19=Urban local systems  
 00=Not applicable

**A305: POPJURIS: Population of city which accident occurred**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RLG.POP-FROM-CITY.

Note that currently ( pre-1-1-03), there is a field in the ARDB we call URBRUR (that comes from the TIS field named RLG.RUR-URB-FROM=CITY) that shows the population of the jurisdiction in terms of 9 population categories: 0 to 999, 1,000 to 2,499, 5,000 to 9,999, and so on.

It would be more useful for the ARDB to show the actual population. The population is contained in the TIS data-element named RLG.POP-FROM-CITY.

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 7 column numeric (no comma): nnnnnnn

**Typical example:** 379459 (population of Minneapolis)

**Defaults / missing values:** If crash occurred outside boundaries of an incorporated city,  
 POPJURIS = 0000000

**Valid values:**

**A306: BRIDGEID: Unique bridge identification number**

**Source:** MNDOT TIS data element: BDG.BRIDGE-NUMBER

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 6 column character

**Typical example:** '1001' '01001'

**Valid values:**

**A307: NHS: Did this crash occur on a roadway that is part of the National Highway System?**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: BDG.NHS

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** The field is an alphanumeric field in TIS, but is always the number 0 or the number 1.

**Valid values:**

0 = Not part of NHS

1 = Part of NHS

**A308: LANESDEC: Number of through lanes in the decreasing-mileposts direction**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RLG.NUM-LANES-DM

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** In TIS: 1 column character

**Valid values:**

' ' = not applicable (no lanes)

'1' = 1 lane

'2' = 2 lanes

'3' = 3 lanes

'4' = 4 lanes

'5' = 5 lanes

**A309: LANESINC: Number of through lanes in the increasing-mileposts direction**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RLG.NUM-LANES-IM

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** in TIS: 1-column character

**Valid values:** Identical to LANESDEC (A308)



**A310: AADT: Average annual daily traffic at the location where the crash occurred**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RGC.AADT

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 6 column numeric: nnnnnn

**Valid values:**

000000 = unknown

000001 to 200000 vehicle per day

**A311: AADTYEAR: Calendar year for which AADT is estimated**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RGC.YR-AADT

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column numeric: nnnn

**Valid values:**

0000 = no update of data in since original creation of file.

nnnn = year of most recent update to data in file

**A312: ROADDES1: Roadway description 1**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RLG.DIVIDED-&-ONE-WAY

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1-column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:**

' '=Not applicable

'd'=Divided roadway -- road 1 & road 2 present

'o'=One-way couplet -- road 1 & road 2 present

'u'=Undivided two-way -- road 1 present

'x'=One-way street towards decreasing reference posts -- road 2 present

'z'=One-way street towards increasing reference posts --road 1 present

**A313: ROADDES2: Roadway description 2**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RLG.MEDIAN-TYPE

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** in TIS: 1 column character

**Valid values:**

' '= Not applicable

'0' = Median type unknown

'1' = No median barrier, raised median

'2' =. No median barrier, depressed median

'3' = Plate beam barrier

'4' = City block (1-way couplet)

'5' = Box beam barrier

'6' = Concrete barrier

'7' = Chain link barrier, raised median

'8' = Chain link barrier, depressed median

**A314: LANEWID: Lane width at point on road where crash occurred**

**Source:** This should come from TIS, but I cannot find the data element in TIS which gives this information.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** ????

**Valid values:**

**A315: MEDWIDTH: Median width at point on roadway where crash occurred**

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element: RLG.MEDIAN-WIDTH

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column alphanumeric

**Valid values:**

' '= Not applicable

'UN' = Unknown

'VR' = Varies

'00' to '99' = Median width

**A316: SHOLDWID: Shoulder width at point on road where crash occurred**

**Source:** It may not be possible to obtain this data element. In TIS, there are 4 data elements that give the shoulder width (for the left and right shoulders of up to two roadways). (For example, I-94 is one highway, or route number, but has two roads, or roadways.)

The 4 data elements are:

RLG.LEFT-SHOULD-WID-RD1

RLG.LEFT-SHOULD-WID-RD2

RLG.RGT-SHOULD-WID-RD1

RLG.RGT-SHOULD-WID-RD2

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column alphanumeric (for each of the above 4)

**Valid values:**

‘ ‘ = Not applicable

‘UN’ = Unknown

‘VR’ = Not applicable

‘00’ - ‘99’ = Should width in feet (where ‘00’ = No shoulder)

**A317: ACCESSCN: Access control on roadway where accident occurred**

**Source:** MNDOT’s TIS data element: RLC.CONTROL-OF-ACCESS

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column numeric

**Valid values:**

0 = not applicable

1 = No control of access

2 = Partial control of access

3 = Full control of access

4 = Not a public road

**A318: INTTYPE: Intersection type (for crashes that occurred at intersections)**

**Source:** MNDOT’s TIS data element: INT.INTSECT-TYPE

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column numeric: n

**Valid values:**

1 = Interchange

2 = Intersection within interchange

3 = Intersection

4 = Mid-block pedestrian crossing

5 = Railroad crossing

6 = Recreation crossing

**A319: INTERDES: Description of intersection (for crashes that occurred at intersections)**

**Source:** MNDOT’s TIS data element: INT.INTSECT-DESCR

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column numeric: n

If INTYTPE = (1 or 2)

1 = Diamond

2 = Half diamond

3 = Folded diamond

4 = Other diamond

5 = Trumpet

6 = Cloverleaf

7 = Partly directional

8 = Full directional

9 = Complex

0 = Other

If INTTYPE = 3

1 = T intersection

2 = Y intersection

3 = Crossing at right angle

4 = Crossing skewed

5 = Greater than 4 legs

If INTTYPE = 4

- 1 = School crossing
- 2 = Central business district crossing
- 3 = Other crossing
- If INTTYPE = 5
  - 1 = Single track, right angle
  - 2 = Single track, skewed
  - 3 = Multi track, right angle
  - 4 = Multi-track, skewed
- If INTTYPE = 6
  - 0 = Not applicable

**A320. MAINLANS: Mainline number of lanes at intersection**

The MMUCC guide advised that this information be collected, but it may or may not be available through MNDOT's TIS system. The MMUCC guide defines this field as: "Number of 'thru' lanes on the mainline approaches of an intersection, including all lanes with 'thru' movement ('thru' and left turn, or 'thru' and right turn) but not exclusive turn lanes."

**Source:** The information might be available through MNDOT's TIS data element: INL.ROAD-DESCR

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column numeric: n

**Valid values:**

- 1 = 2 lanes 2 way
- 2 = 3 / 5 lanes undivided (2-way with left turn lane)
- 3 = 4 / 6 lanes undivided (no left turn lanes)
- 4 = 4 / 6 lanes undivided (with left turn lanes)
- 5 = 4 / 6 lanes divided (no left turn lanes)
- 6 = 4 / 6 lanes divided (with left turn lanes)
- 7 = One-way
- 8 = Freeway
- 9 = Other

**A321: MAINVOL: Mainline approach volumes**

The MMUCC guide defines this as "total traffic volume for the mainline approaches of an intersection."

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data elements: INT.TOTAL-APPR-VOL

(Note: the MNDOT TIS manual defines this as "Total approach volume: the sum of approach volumes for all legs divided by 2. Uses most recent year volumes for each leg.")

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 6 column numeric (for each): nnnnnn

**Valid values:**

- 000000 = No traffic
- 000001 to 999999 = [presumably this is the average daily vehicle count, not the total for the year]

**A322: SIDELANS: Side road number of lanes**

The MMUCC guide defines this as "number of 'thru' lanes on the side-road approaches at intersection including all lanes with 'thru' movement ('thru' and left-turn, or 'thru' and right-turn) but not exclusive turn lanes

**Source:** This information may be available from MNDOT's TIS system, but I cannot find the data elements that would provide this information. They may exist as part of the INL set of data elements.

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:**

**Valid values:**

**A323: REFPT2: Reference point on roadway where crash occurred.**

**Source:**

See the descriptions of the locating process above.

The locaters enter a temporary reference point into A126. At night, in batch processing, the information entered during the day into A115, A116, A119, A120, and A126 "goes against"

TIS and TIS returns the true reference point (which might be the same or different from what the coders already entered) and writes that on top of field A126.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** nnn+nn.nnnn

**Valid values:**

**A324: RELYDOT: MNDOT's level of confidence in accuracy (or reliability) of location information**

As described previously, MNDOT staff reviews location information of certain crashes, sometimes years after the crash occurred. MNDOT staff may make changes to information. Currently (pre-1-1-03), changes are accumulated in a "transaction" file which every 4 to 6 weeks or so is written on top of the original Accident Records Database .

MNDOT wants to assign its own reliability score to the location information (similar to DPS's RELYDPS).

This field (RELYDOT) can be used to accommodate that score. MNDOT may choose to use values similar to DPS (see A130), or it may adopt different values.

**Source:** Judgment of MNDOT staff person, currently recorded in the "transaction file."

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column alphanumeric (?)

**Valid values:**

not yet determined by MNDOT.

**A325: DEVICE2: Traffic control device at scene where accident occurred**

DEVICE2 is similar to DEVICE1 (see A144), except DEVICE2 is generated through link to MNDOT TIS data

**Source:** MNDOT's TIS data element INT.TRAF-CNTL-DEV

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column numeric: n

**Valid values:**

If INTYTPE = 1

0 = Not applicable

1 = Unsignalized ramp terminals

2 = Signalized ramp terminals

If INTTYPE = (2 or 3)

1 = None

2 = Thru / yield

3 = Thru / stop

4 = All stop

5 = Flashers - amber / red

6 = Flashers - red / red

7 = Signals

8 = Other

If INTTYPE = 4

1 = Pavement marking and signing

2 = Flasher - pedestal mount

3 = Flasher - overhead

4 = Signal

If INTTYPE = 5

1 = Crossbuck plus R x R

2 = Crossbuck plus R x R plus other warning signs

3 = Crossbuck plus stop sign

4 = Railroad crossing signal w/o gates - pedestal mount

5 = Railroad crossing signal w/o gates - cantilever

6 = Railroad crossing signal with gates - pedestal mount

7 = Railroad crossing signal with gates - cantilever

8 = Other or none

If INTTYPE = 6

0 = Not applicable

Special note regarding the following three fields: A326, A327, and A328.  
These 3 fields are listed in the interest of providing a comprehensive guide to the fields.  
However, I do not know how these fields are generated and used.  
See some additional description on page 17, just prior to A115.

**A326: LOCACC: Location accuracy**

**Source:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 3 column numeric: nnn

**Valid values:**

**A327: LOCERR: Location error flag**

**Source:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:**

**A328: LOCCOM: Location complete flag.**

**Source:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:**

Here are more fields I just observed on the list of the current fields now in the ARDB: (see the list of fields in the ARDB, at end of data dictionary)

**A329: ACCCOM: Accident complete flag.**

**Source:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:**

**A330: AIN ??.**

**Source:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:**

**A331: MNDOT UPDATE DATE.**

**Source:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 8 column alphanumeric:

**Valid values:**

**A332: MNDOT UPDATE TIME.**

**Source:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 5 column alphanumeric:

**Valid values:**

**A333: DPS UPDATE FLAG**

**Source:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:**

**PART V: VEHICLE -LEVEL FIELDS**

V1: FROM THE REPORTS		V2: DERIVED FROM OTHER FIELDS		V3: OBTAINED THROUGH LINK TO OTHER DATABASES	
V101	Accn				
V102	Rvn				
V103	Onrname				
V104	Onradd				
V105	OnrCity				
V106	Fire				
V107	Towed				
V108	Towing				
V109	Direct			V301	VIN
V110	Make1			V302	Make2
V111	Series1			V303	Series2
V112	Year			V304	Style
V113	Color1			V305	Year2
V114	Plate			V306	Color2a
V115	Streg			V307	Color2b
V116	Yrreg				
V117	Event1				
V118	Event2				
V129	Event3				
V121	Event4				
V121	Mosthar				
V122	Insuranc				
V123	Inspolno				
V124	Cfct1				
V125	Cfct2	V201	Causal		
V126	Action				
V127	Totocc1	V202	Totocc2		
V128	Vehtype				
V129	Vehuse	V203	Intrans		
V130	Damloc				
V131	Damsev				
V132	Cargobd				
V133	Hazplac				
V134	Waived				
V135	Inspectn				
V136	Badgeno				
V137	Mcname				
V138	Mcidno				

**PART V1: Fields that exist at the “vehicle” level and that are filled out on the crash report form itself  
-- either the paper version of the form, or the electronic (web-based) version of the form.**

**V101: ACCN: Accident number**

The ACCN field is carried over from A105 and should be entered onto each vehicle record for the crash. The ACCN field is the key linking variable between the three (ACC VEH and PER) files that make up the ARDB.

**Source:** See the description under A105.

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 9 column numeric: nnnnnnnnn

**Data entry screen prior to entry:**

**How entered:**

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:**

**Defaults / missing values:** Every record must have a valid ACCN value

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values that the database may hold:**

**V102. RVN: Relative vehicle number**

**Source:** Assigned by the computer system at the point where the data entry operator begins to enter data on a vehicle in the crash. The system assign RVN=01 for the first vehicle on which data is entered, 02 for the second vehicle, and so on. Remember that pedestrians, equestrians, bicyclists, and so on, are treated as “vehicles” and should have an RVN assigned to them.

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2-column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** not applicable

**How entered:** not applicable

**Typical examples:** 01, 02,

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:** For one crash, all RVN must be consecutive (no gaps) and mutually exclusive, and must range between 01 to 99. There cannot be a 00

**Valid values that the database may hold:** 01 to 99.

**V103: ONRNAME: Vehicle owner name**

This field is on the police report and on the citizen’s report. It is collected on those forms, but is not currently (pre 1-1-03) entered in the computer.

**Source: Police accident report:** yes                      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** not now                      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** ?

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ .....

**How entered:** not currently entered

**Typical examples:** James R. Smith

**Stored in database as:** not currently stored

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

**V104: ONRADD: Owner address (street address)**

Same as V103.

**Source: Police accident report:**                      **Citizen accident report:**

**In original database:**                      **In sanitized database:**

**Format:**

**Data entry screen prior to entry:**

**How entered:**

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:**

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**

**V105: ONRCITY: Owner address (city, state and zip)**

Same as V103.

<b>Source: Police accident report:</b>	<b>Citizen accident report:</b>
<b>In original database:</b>	<b>In sanitized database:</b>
<b>Format:</b>	
<b>Data entry screen prior to entry:</b>	
<b>How entered:</b>	
<b>Typical examples:</b>	
<b>Stored in database as:</b>	
<b>Defaults / missing values:</b>	
<b>Edit checks:</b>	
<b>Valid values:</b>	

**V106: FIRE: Did this vehicle catch on fire (y/n)**

<b>Source: Police accident report:</b> yes	<b>Citizen accident report:</b> no
<b>In original database:</b> yes	<b>In sanitized database:</b> yes
<b>Format:</b> 1 column alphanumeric: a	
<b>Data entry screen prior to entry:</b> _	
<b>How entered:</b> y or n or x	
<b>Typical examples:</b> y or n or x	
<b>Stored in database as:</b> y or n or x or z	
<b>Defaults / missing values:</b>	

If left blank on police report, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter i for inapplicable.
- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter z for 'officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

y = yes  
n = no  
x = officer reported that it was not known whether the vehicle caught on fire  
i = inapplicable  
z = officer left the field blank

**V107: TOWED: Was this vehicle towed away from scene of crash (y/n)**

<b>Source: Police accident report:</b> yes	<b>Citizen accident report:</b> no
<b>In original database:</b> yes	<b>In sanitized database:</b> yes
<b>Format:</b> 1 column alphanumeric: a	
<b>Data entry screen prior to entry:</b> _	
<b>How entered:</b> y or n or x	
<b>Typical examples:</b> y or n or x	
<b>Stored in database as:</b> y or n or x or y	
<b>Defaults / missing values:</b> If left blank on police report, coder should tab over field and computer should:	

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53, 54), computer should enter i, for inapplicable
- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter Z, for 'officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

y = yes  
n = no  
x = officer reported that it was not known whether the vehicle was towed from the scene.  
i = inapplicable  
z = officer left the field blank

**V108: TOWING: Was this vehicle towing another unit (trailer, boat, etc.) (y/n).**

<b>Source: Police accident report:</b> yes	<b>Citizen accident report:</b> yes
<b>In original database:</b> yes	<b>In sanitized database:</b> yes
<b>Format:</b> 1 column alphanumeric: a	



**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** y, n, x

**Typical examples:** y, n

**Stored in database as:** y, n, x, i, z

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on police report, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53,54), computer should enter i, for inapplicable
- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter Z, for 'officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

y = yes

n = no

x = officer reported that it was not known whether the vehicle was towing another unit.

i = inapplicable

z = officer left the field blank

**V109: DIRECT: What direction was the vehicle traveling in prior to the first harmful event in the crash?**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53,54), computer should enter 98, for inapplicable
- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter 00 for 'officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = North

02 = Northeast

03 = East

04 = Southeast

05 = South

06 = Southwest

07 = West

08 = Northwest

90 = Other

98 = Not applicable

99 = Officer and /or citizen reported that DIRECT was unknown

00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so on all reports

**GENERAL NOTE** regarding the fields V110 through V113 (and some corresponding fields, V301 -- V307):

Currently (pre-1-1-03), the accident records data entry staff enter the license plate into the ARDB. If the license plate was a MN license plate, the plate number goes against the MV Reg file (through a nightly batch process) which then returns 7 fields that are entered into the ARDB:

1. VIN: Vehicle Identification Number. See V301
2. MAKE2 (e.g.: ford, chev, toyt, volk, pont, ...): See V302
3. SERIES2 (containing codes for values such as 'corolla' 'taurus' etc.) See V303.
4. STYLE: (2-door sedan, 4-door sedan, ambulance, convertible, etc.): See V304.

5. MODEL This field appears to have been allocated to hold the model year, but it is always blank. In the new system, this field will be called YEAR2. See V305.
6. COLOR2A (1<sup>st</sup> of up to 2 colors of vehicle). See V306
7. COLOR2B (2<sup>nd</sup> of up to 2 colors of vehicle). See V307

But the MV REG system cannot return this information when:

1. A license plate is not from Minnesota.
2. The license plate is from Minnesota, but is entered incorrectly
3. The MV Reg file has incorrect information.
4. A vehicle does not have license plates (as with most publicly owned vehicles).

Because of this, the fields IV110 -- V113 should be entered into the computer from the form. This is not done currently. By doing so in the new system, we will have more complete and accurate information than currently.

**V110: MAKE1: Vehicle make (Ford, Lexu, Pont, Buic, Cadi etc.)**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** aaaa (first 4 letters or make)

**Typical examples:** ford, lexu, pont. ...

**Stored in database as:** aaaa

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53,54), computer should enter i, for inapplicable
- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter z for 'officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

aaaa = first 4 letters of make

i =inapplicable

z = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so

**V111: SERIES1: Series of vehicle (e.g., taur for Taurus, coro for corolla, etc.)**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column alphanumeric (aaaa)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** aaaa: first 4 letters of what the officer or citizen shows as the series of the vehicle: coro for corolla, taur for taurus, gran for grand prix, etc.

**Typical examples:** see "how entered"

**Stored in database as:** aaaa

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53,54), computer should enter i, for inapplicable
- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter z for 'officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

aaaa = first 4 letters of series

i =inapplicable

z = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so

**V112: VEHYEAR1: Model year of vehicle**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column numeric: nnnn

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** nnnn

**Typical examples:** 1999, 2000, 2001 etc

**Stored in database as:** nnnn

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53,54), computer should enter i, for inapplicable
- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter z for 'officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

nnnn = year of vehicle

98 =inapplicable

00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so

**V113: COLOR1: Predominant (first-listed) color of vehicle as entered on crash report**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 3 column alphanumeric: aaa

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** first 3 letters of color entered on report: e.g.: yel for yellow, bla for black, blu for blue, and so on.

**Typical examples:** see above

**Stored in database as:** aaa

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53,54), computer should enter i, for inapplicable
- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter z for 'officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

aaa = first 3 letters of color

i =inapplicable

z = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so

**V114: PLATENO: Vehicle license plate number**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 10 column alphanumeric: aaaaaaaaaa (Currently, only 8 columns are permitted)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:**

**Typical examples:** abc123

**Stored in database as:** a to aaaaaaaaaa

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports:

- If STATEREG not = MN, coder should enter 'o' (the letter o) for out-of-state plates
- If officer showed that license plate number was unknown, coder should enter X
- If vehicle was a Minnesota vehicle, but not required to have license plates, coder should enter 'p' for publicly-owned vehicle
- If coder leaves field blank, computer should.
  - If STATEREG not = (MN, I, Z) computer should enter o.
  - If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53,54), computer should enter i, for inapplicable
  - If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter z for 'officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

aaaaaaaa = license plate number

o = out of state plates

p = publicly owned vehicle not required to have plates

i =inapplicable

x = officer and / or citizen showed that license plate number was unknown.

z = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so

**V115: STATEREG: State or Canadian province or country of registration (shown on license plate) of the vehicle**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
 STATEREG is not currently stored in the sanitized version of the ARDB, but it should be.  
**Format:** 2 column alphanumeric: aa  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_  
**How entered:** aa  
**Typical examples:** MN, WI  
**Stored in database as:** aa  
**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports, coder may try and determine proper value, and enter that, or coder may tab over field, in which case computer should:
 

- If PLATENO = (p,i,x,z) or VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53,54), computer should enter i, for inapplicable
- If PLATENO not = (p,i,x,z) and VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter z for 'officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**  
 See P109 for codes for all 50 states, Canadian provinces, and so on.  
 i =inapplicable  
 z = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so

**V116: YEARREG: Year (shown on license plate) for which the vehicle is registered**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
 YEARREG is not currently stored in the *sanitized* version of the ARDB, but there would be interest in knowing how many vehicles in crashes have current registrations versus how many do not, and so the field should be added to the sanitized version of the database.  
**Format:** currently stored in original database as 2 column character  
 But , use 4 column numeric in new system.  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** ----  
**How entered:** nnnn  
**Typical examples:** 2001  
**Stored in database as:** nnnn  
**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on all reports, coder should tab over field and computer should:
 

- If PLATENO = (p,i,x,z) or (VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53,54), computer should enter i, for inapplicable
- If PLATENO not = (p,i,x,z) and VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter z for 'officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**  
 nnnn = year of registration  
 i = inapplicable  
 z = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so

**V117: EVENT1: First event in sequence of up to 4 events that occurred to this vehicle in this crash**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no  
**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 01, 02  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves report blank, then coder should tab over field, and computer should enter 00 into field to signify "left blank."  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**  
**Collision with**  
 01 = Motor vehicle in transport  
 02 = Parked motor vehicle  
 03 = Roadway equipment--snowplow  
 04 = Roadway equipment--other  
 05 = Train

06 = Pedalcycle  
 07 = Pedestrian  
 08 = Deer  
 09 = Other animal  
 10 = Underride--rear  
 11 = Underride--side  
 12 = Other non-fixed object  
 13 = Other collision type\*  
 14 = Unknown collision type

**Collision with Fixed Object**

21 = Construction equipment  
 22 = Traffic Signal  
 23 = RR crossing device  
 24 = Light pole  
 25 = Utility pole  
 26 = Sign structure or post  
 27 = Mailboxes and/or posts  
 28 = Other poles  
 29 = Hydrant  
 30 = Tree/shrubbery  
 31 = Bridge piers  
 32 = Median safety barrier  
 33 = Crash cushion  
 34 = Guardrail  
 35 = Fence (non-median barrier)  
 36 = Culvert / headwall  
 37 = Embankment / ditch / curb  
 38 = Building / wall  
 39 = Rock outcrops  
 40 = Parking meter  
 41 = Other fixed object\*  
 42 = Unknown fixed object

**Non-Collision**

51 = Overturn / rollover  
 52 = Submersion  
 53 = Fire / explosion  
 54 = Jackknife  
 55 = Loss/spillage non-haz mat  
 56 = Loss/spillage hazardous mat  
 57 = Ran off road--right  
 58 = Ran off road--left  
 59 = Equip Fail (tire, brake, etc.)  
 60 = Separation of units  
 61 = Downhill runaway  
 62 = Cross median / centerline  
 63 = Cargo / equipment shift  
 64 = Non-collision of other type\*  
 65 = Non-collision of unknown type

**Residual Categories**

90 = Event of other type  
 98 = Not applicable  
 99 = Event of unknown type  
 00 = Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**V118: EVENT2: Second event in sequence of up to 4 events that occurred to this vehicle in this crash**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves report blank, then coder should tab over field, and computer should enter 00 into field to signify "left blank."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:** See Event1 above

**V119: EVENT3: Third event in sequence of up to 4 events that occurred to this vehicle in this crash**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves report blank, then coder should tab over field, and computer should enter 00 into field to signify "left blank."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:** See event1 above

**V120: EVENT4: Fourth event in sequence of up to 4 events that occurred to this vehicle in this crash**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves report blank, then coder should tab over field, and computer should enter 00 into field to signify "left blank."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:** See event 1 above

**V121: MOSTHARM: Which of the events (event1,2,3,4) caused the greatest harm to this vehicle (not necessarily the greatest harm in the crash)**

This is a new field; it is not on the current (pre-1-1-03) form or in the current database.

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves report blank, then coder should tab over field, and computer should enter 00 into field to signify "left blank."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:** Use list for Event1

**V122: INSURANC: Name of insurance company providing insurance for this vehicle**

This field is on both the police and citizen report forms, but is not entered in the database.

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** no      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** ? 20 column alphanumeric:

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_\_\_\_

**How entered:** a to aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa

**Typical examples:** State Farm

**Stored in database as:**

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

**V123: INSPOLNO: Insurance policy number for the policy covering this vehicle**

This field is on both the police and citizen report forms, but is not entered in the database.

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

<b>In original database:</b>	<b>In sanitized database:</b>
<b>Format:</b> ? 20 column alphanumeric?	
<b>Data entry screen prior to entry:</b> -----	
<b>How entered:</b> a to aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	
<b>Typical examples:</b> 123456	
<b>Stored in database as:</b>	
<b>Defaults / missing values:</b>	
<b>Edit checks:</b>	
<b>Valid values:</b>	

**V124: CFCT1: First (and primary) factor associated with this 'unit' (motor vehicle or non-motorist) that contributed to the accident**

<b>Source: Police accident report:</b> yes	<b>Citizen accident report:</b> no
<b>In original database:</b> yes	<b>In sanitized database:</b> yes
<b>Format:</b> 2 column numeric	
<b>Data entry screen prior to entry:</b> __	
<b>How entered:</b> nn (with leading zero)	
<b>Typical examples:</b> 01, 02, ...	
<b>Stored in database as:</b>	
<b>Defaults / missing values:</b> If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field, and computer should enter 00 for "officer left blank."	
<b>Edit checks:</b>	
<b>Valid values:</b>	

- 01 = No clear contributing factor
- 02 = Fail to yield right of way
- 03 = Illegal or unsafe speed
- 04 = Following too closely
- 05 = Disregard of traffic control device
- 06 = Driving left of center, not passing
- 07 = Improper passing/overtaking
- 08 = Improper/unsafe lane use
- 09 = Improper parking/starting/ stopping
- 10 = Improper turn
- 11 = Unsafe backing
- 12 = Improper or no signal
- 13 = Over-correcting
- 14 = Impeding traffic
- 15 = Driver inattention/distraction
- 16 = Driver inexperience
- 17 = Non-motorist violation/error
- 18 = Chemical impairment
- 19 = Failure to use lights
- 20 = Driver on phone/CB/2-way radio
- 21 = Other human contributing factor
- 31 = Vision obscured-windshield
- 32 = Vision obscured-sun/headlites
- 33 = Other vision factor
- 41 = Defective brakes
- 42 = Defective tire / tire failure
- 43 = Defective lights
- 44 = Inadequate windshield glass
- 45 = Oversize/overweight vehicle
- 46 = Skidding
- 50 = Other vehicle defect/factor
- 61 = Weather
- 90 = Other contributing factor
- 99 = Officer reported that CFCT1 was unknown
- 00 = Officer left field blank

**V125: CFCT2: Second (and secondary) factor associated with this 'unit' (motor vehicle or non-motorist) that contributed to the accident**

<b>Source: Police accident report:</b> yes	<b>Citizen accident report:</b> no
--	------------------------------------

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2-column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 01, 02  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00 to signify "officer left field blank."  
**Edit checks:** If CFCT1 = 01, CFCT2 may only = (00 or 01)  
**Valid values:** See CFCT1

**V126: ACTION: Maneuver (or action) of this vehicle prior to the crash**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes                      **Citizen accident report:** yes  
**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 01  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Defaults / missing values:** If field is left blank on all reports received, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00 in the field, to signify: "left blank on both citizen and officer reports."  
**Edit checks:**

- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54), ACTION must = (1--23, 90, 99, 00)
- If VEHTYPE = 53 ACTION must = (51--57, 90, 99, 00)
- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 54) ACTION must = (31--48, 90, 99, 00)

**Valid values:**

**Prior actions of vehicles:**

- 01 = Going straight, following roadway
- 02 = Going wrong way into opposing traffic
- 03 = Right turn on red
- 04 = Left turn on red
- 05 = Making right turn
- 06 = Making left turn
- 07 = Making U-turn
- 08 = Starting from parked
- 09 = Starting in traffic
- 10 = Slowing in traffic
- 11 = Stopped in traffic
- 12 = Entering parked position
- 13 = Avoiding unit or object in road
- 14 = Changing lanes
- 15 = Overtaking / passing
- 16 = Merging
- 17 = Backing
- 18 = Stalled in roadway

**Parked Vehicles**

- 21 = Parked legally
- 22 = Parked illegally
- 23 = Vehicle stopped off roadway

**Prior actions of pedestrians**

- 31 = Crossing with signal
- 32 = Crossing against signal
- 33 = Darting into traffic
- 34 = Other improper crossing
- 35 = Crossing in a marked crosswalk
- 36 = Crossing properly (but no signal or marked crosswalk)
- 37 = Failure to yield right of way to traffic
- 38 = Inattention / distraction
- 39 = Walking/running in road with traffic
- 40 = Walking/running in road against traffic
- 41 = Standing / lying in road



42 = Emerging from behind parked vehicle  
 43 = Child getting on/off school bus  
 44 = Person getting on/off vehicle  
 45 = Pushing/working on vehicle  
 46 = Working in roadway  
 47 = Playing in roadway  
 48 = Not in roadway

**Prior actions of bicyclists**

51 = Riding with traffic  
 52 = Riding against traffic  
 53 = Making right turn  
 54 = Making left turn  
 55 = Making U-turn  
 56 = Riding across road  
 57 = Slowing/stopping/starting

**Residual categories**

90 = Other prior action  
 99 = Officer and /or citizen reported that prior action was unknown  
 00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**V127: TOTOCC1: Number of occupants in or on this motor vehicle**

A car might have 3 people in it. A motorcycle might have 2 people on it. A pickup truck might have 2 people in it, two people in the pickup truck bed, and 1 person on the roof. In the last example, TOTOCC1 would be 5.

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02 ,...

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer and citizen reports leave field blank, then coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53, 54), computer should enter 98, for inapplicable
- If VEHTYPE not = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter 00 for 'officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:** If VEHTYPE = (51 52 53 54) then OCCUPS must = 98 (not applicable)

**Valid values:**

01 - 97 = number of occupants  
 98 = not applicable (the "unit" was not a motor vehicle)  
 99 = officer and / or citizen both reported that TOTOCC1 was unknown  
 00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**V128: VEHTYPE: Type of motor vehicle or type of non-motorist**

**NOTE:** This is a super-required, or systemic, field. (A value of 99, for 'unknown,' is permitted, but a value of 00, for 'left blank,' is not permitted.)

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02..

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:** This field should be consistent with VEHUSE. If VEHUSE not = (98, 00) then VEHTYPE must = (1--38, 90, 99).

**Valid values:**

01 = Passenger car  
 02 = Pickup  
 03 = Sport Utility Vehicle  
 04 = Van or minivan  
 05 = Motorhome / camper / RV

06 = Limousine  
 07 = Bus (7-15 seats including driver)  
 08 = Bus (16+ seats, including driver)  
 09 = Snowmobile  
 10 = ATV  
 11 = Motorcycle  
 12 = Motorscooter / motorbike  
 13 = Moped or motorized bicycle  
 14 = Farm equipment  
 31 = 2axle, 6-tire single unit truck/stepvan  
 32 = 3 or more axle single-unit truck  
 33 = Single unit truck with trailer  
 34 = Truck tractor with no trailer  
 35 = Truck tractor with semi trailer  
 36 = Truck tractor with double trailers  
 37 = Truck tractor with triple trailers  
 38 = Heavy truck of unknown type  
 51 = Pedestrian  
 52 = Skater  
 53 = Bicyclist  
 54 = Other non-motorist (e.g., wheelchair)  
 90 = Other motor vehicle type  
 99 = Officer and /or citizen reported that VEHTYPE was unknown

**V129: VEHUSE: Type of use to which this vehicle was put at time when the accident occurred**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** --

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, ...

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field, and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53, 54) computer should enter 98 for not applicable.
- If VEHTYPE = (1-38, 90, 99), computer should enter 00 for 'left blank.'

**Edit checks:** If VEHTYPE = (51 52 53 54) then VEHUSE must = 98

**Valid values:**

01 = Normal  
 02 = Taxicab  
 03 = School bus  
 04 = Non school bus  
 05 = Military vehicle  
 06 = Hit and run vehicle  
 07 = Police dept vehicle--lights/siren not operating  
 08 = Police dept vehicle--lights/siren operating  
 09 = Fire dept vehicle--lights/siren not operating  
 10 = Fire dept vehicle--lights/siren operating  
 11 = Ambulance--lights/siren not operating  
 12 = Ambulance--lights/siren operating  
 13 = Snowplow, working  
 14 = Snowplow, in transport  
 15 = Other maintenance vehicle--working  
 16 = Other maintenance vehicle--in transport  
 17 = Other publicly owned vehicle  
 90 = Other vehicle use  
 98 = Not applicable  
 99 = Officer and /or citizen reported that VEHUSE was unknown  
 00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**V130: DAMLOC: Locations in which this vehicle sustained damage in the crash**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** --  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 01, 02, ..  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Defaults / missing values:** If officer and citizen leave field blank, then coder should tab over field and computer should:  
     ▪ If VEHTYPE = (51 52 53 54), computer should enter 98 in field.  
     ▪ If VEHTYPE = (01--38, 90, 99), computer should enter 00 in field to signify that field was left blank on all reports.  
**Edit checks:** If VEHTYPE = (51 52 53 54) then DAMLOC must = 98 (not applicable).  
     If DAMSEV=01 (none) then DAMLOC must = 98 (not applicable).  
**Valid values:**  
     01 = Front  
     02 = Right front  
     03 = Right center  
     04 = Right rear  
     05 = Rear  
     06 = Left rear  
     07 = Left center  
     08 = Left front  
     09 = Top  
     10 = Bottom--undercarriage  
     11 = Multiple areas  
     90 = Other  
     98 = Not applicable (note that this "not applicable" has 2 possible meaning:  
         1. If VEHTYPE = (51 52 53 54), then "not applicable" means "not applicable because the unit was not a motor vehicle. It was a non-motorist."  
         2. If VEHTYPE = (1 -- 38 or 90 or 99) then "not applicable" means "not applicable because there was no damage to this vehicle."  
     99=Officer and /or citizen reported that DAMLOC was unknown  
     00=Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so.

**V131: DAMSEV: Severity of damage to this vehicle**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes              **Citizen accident report:** no  
**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)  
**Data entry screen prior to entry:** --  
**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Typical examples:** 01, 02, ..  
**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)  
**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:  
     ▪ If VEHTYPE in (51 52 53 54 ) then DAMSEV must = 98 (not applicable)  
     ▪ if VEHTYPE in (1 -- 38, 90, 99) then DAMSEV must = 00 (officer left field blank)  
**Edit checks:** See defaults...  
**Valid values:**  
     01 = None  
     02 = Light  
     03 = Moderate  
     04 = Severe  
     05 = Total  
     90 = Other  
     98 = Not applicable (the "unit" was a non-motorist)  
     99 = Unknown  
     00 = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so

**V132: CARGOBDY: Cargo body type**

This field only filled out if VEHTYPE in (31 through 38)

**Source: Police accident report:** yes              **Citizen accident report:** no  
**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02...

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over fields and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE not = (31 through 38, 90 99) then computer should enter 98.
- VEHTYPE = (31 through 38) then computer should enter 00

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

- 01 = Van / enclosed box
- 02 = Dry bulk cargo tank
- 03 = Liquid bulk cargo tank
- 04 = Gas bulk cargo tank
- 05 = Flatbed or platform
- 06 = Dump
- 07 = Concrete mixer
- 08 = Auto transporter
- 09 = Garbage/refuse
- 10 = Combination
- 11 = Special permit load
- 12 = Grain/chips/gravel
- 13 = Pole
- 90 = Other\*
- 98 = Not applicable (the vehicle did not have a VEHTYPE = 31--38)
- 99 = Officer reported that CARGOBDY was unknown
- 00 = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so

**V133: HAZPLAC: Did this vehicle have any hazardous-materials placards displayed?**

This field only filled out if VEHTYPE = (31--38)

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** y, n, i, or x

**Typical examples:** y, n, i, or x

**Stored in database as:** y, n, i, x, or z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If vehtype not in (31 -- 38) computer should enter i for inapplicable
- If vehtype in (31--38), computer should enter z for 'officer left this field blank.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

- y = yes
- n = no
- i = inapplicable
- x = Officer entered that it was unknown if the vehicle displayed a hazmat placard
- z = Officer should have filled in the field but failed to do so.

**V134: WAIVED: Did the State Patrol waive the commercial vehicle inspection for this vehicle?**

This field only filled out if VEHTYPE=(31 -- 38)

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** y, n, i, x

**Typical examples:** y, n, i, x

**Stored in database as:** y, n, i, x, or z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE not = (31 -- 38) computer should enter i for inapplicable

- If VEHTYPE = (31 -- 38), computer should enter z for 'officer left this field blank.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

- y = yes
- n = no
- i = inapplicable
- x = Officer entered that it was unknown whether the commercial vehicle inspection for this vehicle was waived
- z = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**V135: INSPECTNO: What is the Commercial Vehicle Inspection Report number assigned to the inspection performed on this vehicle**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 15 column alphanumeric: aaaaaaaaaaaaaa

See explanation under "typical example."

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** -----

**How entered:** see example:

**Typical examples:** There is a national system for enumerating commercial vehicle inspection reports. The national system uses a 12-column alphanumeric field. For Minnesota, a report will follow this format:

MNnnaannnnnn, where: MN = stands for Minnesota.

nn = 2 numeric digits

aa = two alphabetic characters that stand for the inspector. For example, Wes Pemble is HX.

nnnnnn = 6 numeric digits to show the particular report done by the particular inspector. For example: 000045 was the 45<sup>th</sup> commercial vehicle inspection report completed by Commercial Vehicle Inspector Wes Pemble.

Although the national system uses a 12-column field, the commercial vehicle inspection office of the state patrol (specifically, Wes Pemble) has asked for a 15 column field, and this seems desirable.

**Stored in database as:** aaaaaaaaaaaaaa (15 cols)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE not = (31-- 38) computer should enter I for inapplicable
- If VEHTYPE = (31 -- 38) and WAIVED = Y computer should enter I for inapplicable.
- If VEHTYPE in (31 -- 38) and WAIVED = ('N' 'X' 'Z'), computer should enter Z for 'officer failed to complete this field'

**Edit checks:** First two characters of field should be MN

**Valid values:**

- a to aaaaaa... = the inspection report number
- i = inapplicable
- x = officer entered that inspection report number was not known
- z = officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**V136: BADGENO: Commercial Vehicle Inspector badge number**

If Officer Jones fills out the accident report, and the accident involved a truck (VEHTYPE = 31--38), Officer Jones is supposed to call the State Patrol, which will decide if a commercial vehicle inspection is required.

If yes, then a CVI (commercial vehicle inspector) will do the CMV inspection. Thus, maybe CVI Officer Smith does the inspection. It is Smith's badge number (not Jones's) that goes into this field.

In other words, Officer Jones fills out the crash report, but will enter Officer Smith's badge number in this field.

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 8 column alphanumeric: CVIaaaa

Apparently all commercial vehicle inspections are performed by "Commercial Vehicle Inspectors," whose badge numbers are preceded by CVI.

State Patrol CVIs use 16 and 17 as the first two digits. For example Wes Pemble is CVI16006. (CVI Pemble's badge number, CVI16006, should not be confused with HX, which stands for CVI Pemble in the INSPECTNO field.)  
 MNDOT CVIs apparently start with a 6; for example, CVI06008.  
 Other systems could be in place.

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** -----

**How entered:** Officer Smith might merely show '6' for CVI Pemble. However, 1606, or 16006, of CVI16006 would all be equivalent.

**Typical examples:** 1606

**Stored in database as:** a to aaaaaaaaa

**Defaults / missing values:**

- When only a number is shown, it should be assumed that CVI precedes the number, and the computer should store the value as, for example: CVI16006
- If the officer leaves field blank, then the operator shall tab over the field, and the computer should:
  - a. If VEHTYPE not = (31--38) computer should enter I for inapplicable.
  - b. If VEHTYPE = (31--38) and WAIVED=Y computer should enter I for inapplicable.
  - c. If VEHTYPE = (31--38) and WAIVED =(n, x, z) computer should enter Z for 'officer failed to complete this field.

**Edit checks:** Entry must contain at least 3 alphanumeric characters

**Valid values:**

CVInnnnn = the badge number  
 i = inapplicable  
 x = officer indicated that the badge number was not known  
 z = officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

#### **V137: MCNAME: Motor Carrier Name**

A "motor carrier" is not a vehicle. A motor carrier is a company (or legal entity) that directs and controls the operation of one or more commercial vehicles. Here are some motor carriers: Greyhound Bus Company, United Parcel Service, Marshal Field's, John Smith's Trucking Company, Acme Tree Service, Rothschild's Sewage and Septic Sucking Services, LLC., Dart Transit, Inc., RUAN, J.B. Hunt.

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 25 column alphanumeric?

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** -----

**How entered:** as shown on crash report

**Typical examples:** Ruan

**Stored in database as:** as entered

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

1. If VEHTYPE not = (31--38) computer should enter I for inapplicable.
2. If VEHTYPE = (31 to 38) computer should enter Z for 'officer failed to complete this field.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

aaa..... = name of Motor Carrier company  
 i = inapplicable  
 x = Officer indicated that motor carrier company was no known  
 z = officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

#### **V138: MCIDNO: Motor carrier identification number.**

There are two types of motor carrier:

- (1) interstate carriers operate in more than one state, and have an identification number assigned by the federal DOT.
- (2) Intrastate carriers operate only within a given state and may have an ID number assigned to them.

Starting 8-1-02, the Minnesota Department of Public Safety, Driver and Vehicle Services division, will assign motor carrier ID numbers to intrastate carriers. These assigned numbers are allocated by the federal DOT. That is, the numbers are designed by the US

DOT, and help the USDOT to track motor carriers, but the actual assigning of the number to a carrier will be performed by DPS / DVS.

Thus, for the crash report from going into existence on 1-1-03, every commercial vehicle should have a motor carrier name, and, as numbers are gradually assigned to the motor carriers, every commercial vehicle will come to have a Motor Carrier ID number.

**Source:** Police accident report: yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 8 column alphanumeric.

Currently, US DOT numbers have 6 digits (with no commas or decimal places), and the US DOT has assigned motor carriers numbers into the 900 thousands. Thus, soon a seventh digit will be required.

Further Minnesota is first state to start assigning numbers to intrastate carriers

Seems desirable to allocate 8 alphanumeric columns.

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** -----

**How entered:** as shown on report

**Typical examples:** 563721

**Stored in database as:** precisely as entered

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If VEHTYPE not = (31 to 38) computer should enter I for inapplicable.
- If VEHTYPE = (31 to 38) computer should enter Z for 'officer failed to complete this field.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

aaaaaaaa = motor carrier ID number

i = inapplicable

n = none (officer reported that this commercial vehicle did not have a motor carrier number)

x = officer indicated that motor carrier ID number was not known.

z = officer should have complete this field, but failed to do so.

**Part V2: Fields to be entered into the database -- but that are derived by the system from other fields.**

**V201: CAUSAL: Was this vehicle(or non-motorist) the causal vehicle (or non-motorist) in the crash.**

Minnesota is a “no-fault” insurance state. Perhaps partly due to this, or to other reasons, officers resist identifying one vehicle or non-motorist as the causal agent in a crash.

Still, knowing who essentially caused the crash will be extremely helpful in reporting more meaningful statistics.

This field, named ‘causal,’ tries to resolve the problem. “Causal” is not a good word because it is impossible to have perfect knowledge about the cause of a crash. Thus the word “causal” is merely used for convenience at this point.

**Source: Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no**

Define that a unit is: a vehicle in transport, or a non-motorist (such as a pedestrian or bicyclist, or horse drawn cart) that came into contact with a vehicle in transport.

1. If there is one unit in the crash, then CAUSAL = 1 (the number 1).
2. If there are two units in a crash, then
  - a) If this unit has CFCT1 = (02 -- 90) or has CFCT2 = (02 -- 90) and other unit has CFCT1 = (01, 99, 00) then CAUSAL = Y.
  - b) If this unit has CFCT1 = (01, 99, 00) and other unit has CFCT1 = (02 -- 90) or has CFCT2 = (02--90) then CAUSAL = N.
  - c) If this unit has CFCT1 = (02 -- 90) or has CFCT2 = (02 -- 90) and other unit has CFCT1 = (02 -- 90) or has CFCT2 = (02 -- 90), then CAUSAL = S (S for share, meaning that this unit shares causal responsibility for crash with other unit).
  - d) If this unit has CFCT1 = (01, 99, 00) and has CFCT2 = (01, 99, 00) and other unit has CFCT1 = (01, 99, 00) and has CFCT2 = (01, 99, 00), then CAUSAL = X (X for unknown, meaning that neither unit had contributing factors associated with it, and so causality cannot be inferred to this vehicle.
3. If there are 3 units or 4 units in the crash, the logic in (2) above should be expanded out for the three or four units, as follows:
  - a) If this unit has any contributing factors associated with it and all other units have no contributing factors associated with them, then CAUSAL = Y.
  - b) If this unit has no contributing factors associated with it, and any other units have any contributing factors associated with them, then CAUSAL = N.
  - c) If this unit has any contributing factors associated with it, and one or more other units have any contributing factors associated with them, then CAUSAL = S (S for share, as explained in 2.c. above.
  - d) If this unit has no contributing factors associated with it, and no other unit has any contributing factors associated with it, then CAUSAL = X (X for unknown, as explained in 2.d. above).
4. If there are 5 or more units in the crash, then CAUSAL = 5 (for five or more units in crash, and we won't try to determine which vehicle is the causal vehicle.)

**In original database: yes      In sanitized database: yes**

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:**

1 = Single vehicle crash

Y = Yes. This was a multi-vehicle crash (ie, there were 2 or more units), and this unit (vehicle or non-motorist) had causal responsibility for the crash, and the other unit did not.

N = No. This was a multi-vehicle crash (2 or more units), and this unit (vehicle or non-motorist) did not have causal responsibility for the crash but one or more of the other units did.



S = This unit shares causal responsibility for the crash with one or more other units involved in the crash.  
 X = This was a multi-vehicle crash. It is not known which vehicle or non-motorist in this crash had causal responsibility for this crash.  
 5 = This crash involved 5 or more units.

**V202: TOTOCC2: Total occupants in or on this vehicle (computer derived)**

Field TOTOCC1 (V127) is from the officer or citizen reports, and shows how many people were in or on this vehicle.

This field TOTOCC2 is derived from the computer. The computer should count the number of persons records associated with this vehicle and enter that sum in this field.

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Valid values:**

00 to 99 = number of occupants (It is possible for a vehicle to have zero occupants)

**V203: INTRANS: Was this vehicle in transport**

This field serves to identify whether a vehicle is or is not in transport.

The field NUMVEH (A204) is a count of motorized vehicles in transport. That field should be constructed by counting up the number of vehicle records that have INTRANS = Y.

Some vehicles are parked (ACTION = 21,22,23) and therefore are not in transport.

Sometimes a vehicle (e.g., a snowplow) is working on the roadway (VEHUSE = 13, 15), and therefore is not in transport.

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

- If VEHTYPE not = (51,52,53,54) and VEHUSE not = (13 15) and ACTION not = (21 22 23) then INTRANS = Y.

- If VEHTYPE not = (51,52,53,54) and VEHUSE = (13,15) then INTRANS = N.

- If VEHTYPE not = (51,52,53,54) and ACTION = (21,22,23) then INTRANS = N.

- If VEHTYPE = (51,52,53,54) then INTRANS = I.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Valid values:**

Y = Yes, motor vehicle in transport

N = This was a motor vehicle, but it was not transport

I = Inapplicable (this unit was not a motor vehicle)

**PART V3: V301 through V307: Fields obtained through linking the ARDB with the Motor Vehicle Registration system.**

See the "general note" preceding V110 for some comments about the fields V301 through V307.

**V301: VIN: Vehicle Identification Number**

Every vehicle has a 17 alphanumeric vehicle identification code stamped onto it at manufacture. The VIN code has substrings that give information about the vehicle: the make, the year, the series, the style, and so on.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 17 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:** 1NXAE09E7PZ102723

**Stored in database as:** 17 column alphanumeric

**Valid values:**

**V302: MAKE2: Vehicle make (e.g.: Toyota)**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:** FORD (for Ford)

**Stored in database as:** 4 column alphanumeric

**Valid values:** Contained in the R.L. Polk guide to the VIN system

**V303: SERIES2: Vehicle series (e.g. Corolla)**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 3 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:** UCD (for Corolla)

**Stored in database as:** 3 column alphanumeric

**Valid values:**

Note that series codes are frequently not interpretable on their face. It is necessary to use the R. L. Polk Co. guide to VIN numbers to know what the series codes stand for.

**V304: STYLE: Body style of vehicle (4-door, ambulance, convertible, etc.)**

Note that this field is not in the current database. However, it is of intrinsic interest, and is therefore of value to add to both the original and the sanitized ARDB.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:** 2D for two-door sedan, 4D for 4-door sedan, CV for convertible, AM for ambulance, and so on.

**Stored in database as:** 2 column alphanumeric

**Valid values:** (Must use R.L. Polk guide)

AM = Ambulance

AR = Armored truck

CP = coupe

CV = Convertible

HB = Hatchback

TL = Tilt tandem

etc.

**V305: YEAR2: Vehicle year**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 4 column numeric

**Typical examples:** 1999, 2002, etc.

**Stored in database as:** 4 column alphanumeric

**Valid values:**

1900 and later.

**V306: COLOR2A: Vehicle first color**

Note that DVS gives low priority to collecting color information in the MV Reg file, and therefore this field is frequently left empty

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:** See valid values list.

**Stored in database as:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Valid values:**

a=red  
b=blue  
c=grey  
d=black  
e=brown  
f=white  
g=green  
h=tan  
i=ivory  
j=pink  
k=yellow  
l=maroon  
m=lavender  
n=gold  
o=orange  
p=silver

**V307: COLOR2B: Vehicle second color**

Note that DVS gives low priority to collecting color information in the MV Reg file, and therefore this field is frequently left empty

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:** see valid values list.

**Stored in database as:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Valid values:** (see COLOR2A)

**PART P: PERSON-LEVEL FIELDS.**

V1: FROM THE REPORTS		V2: DERIVED FROM OTHER FIELDS		V3: OBTAINED THROUGH LINK TO OTHER DATABASES	
P101	Accn				
P102	Rvn				
P103	Rpn				
P104	Dlno1			P301	Dlno2
P105	Name				
P106	address				
P107	City				
P108	Positn	P201	Ptype		
P109	Dlstate				
P110	Dlclass1			P302	Dlclass2
P111	Dlstat1			P303	Dlstat2
P112	Dob			P304	Dclounty
P113	Age	P202	Ageb		
P114	Viols	P203	Agec	P305	Restrict2a
P115	Restrict1			P306	Restrict2b
P116	Physcnd			P307	Restrict2c
P117	Recomnd				
P118	Addcor			P308	Endorset
P119	Sex			P309	Endorsen
P120	Eqptype			P310	Endorseh
P121	Eqpuse			P311	Endorsex
P122	Airbag			P312	Endorses
P123	Eject			P313	Endorsep
P124	Injsev	P204	Injsevb	P314	Endorsem
P125	Alctest				
P126	Alctype			P315	Alcresult
P127	Drugtest				
P128	Drugtype			P316	Drugreslt
P129	Tohosp				
P130	Methhosp				
P131	Ambserv			P317	Dlerror
P132	runnum			P318	Percomp
P133	Fatalno				
P134	Corrept				
P135	Lastname				
P136	Firstmid				
P137	Fatdate				
P138	Fatbac				

**PART P1: Fields that exist at the “person” level and that are filled out on the crash report form itself - either the paper version of the form, or the electronic (web-based) version of the form.**

Note that the fields at the person level are more complex in some ways. A person might be a driver of a vehicle, a passenger, a pedestrian, a bicyclist. Different fields are filled out based on the person type. Also if the person died, there are some extra procedures.

**P101: ACCN: Accident number**

The ACCN field is carried over from the ACCIDENT and VEHICLE files and should be entered onto each person record. The ACCN field is the key linking variables among the three (acc, veh, and per) files.

**Source:** See the description under A105

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Defaults / missing values:** Every PERSON record must have a valid ACCN value

**P102. RVN: Relative vehicle number**

See description under V102.

**Source:** RVN is carried over from the vehicle file. Every person has to be associated with a vehicle (actually, with a vehicle or with a non-motorist, since an RVN is assigned to a pedestrian, or bicyclist, etc.).

RVN is assigned by the computer system at the point where the data entry operator begins to enter data on a vehicle in the crash.

The system assign RVN=01 for the first vehicle on which data is entered, 02 for the second vehicle, and so on.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2-column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Edit checks:** For one crash, all RVNs must be consecutive (no gaps) and mutually exclusive, and must range between 01 to 99. There cannot be RVN=00

**Valid values that the database may hold:** 01 to 99.

**P103: RPN: Relative person number**

Every person in a crash must have an ACCN, RVN, and RPN.

If a pickup truck has RVN=01, and has 2 persons inside, 2 persons in the truck bed, and 1 person riding on the hood, then RVN 01 must have RPN 01, 02, 03, 04, and 05.

If the pickup collides with a bicycle having two riders, the pickup will have RVN=01.

The bicycle will be RVN=02, and the two riders will be RPN 01 and 02.

If the pickup collides with two pedestrians and they are both injured, the pickup will have RVN=01. One pedestrian will have RVN=02 and RPN=01. The other pedestrian will have RVN=03 and RPN=01.

The computer should generate the appropriate RPN when the data entry operator begins to enter data for a person. The first person associated with a particular RVN will have RPN=01.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:** 2 column numeric

**Edit checks:** The RPN values should be consecutive within a vehicle (no gaps) and mutually exclusive. There cannot be RPN=00.

**Valid values:** 01 to 99.

**P104: DLNO1: Driver License Number**

The driver license number is important. It triggers the obtaining of information from the DL file, as well as the posting of confidential information to the DL file.

The Minnesota driver license is 13 characters: an alphabetic character followed by 12 numeric digits. The alphabetic character is the same as the first initial of the person's last name. The next 9 numeric digits are tied to the sounds of the persons first, middle and last names. The last 3 digits are tied to the date of birth.

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

DVS/AR staff enter the driver license number shown on the crash report. However, that number may have been superseded. If so, the current DL number will be brought back from the DL file and will overwrite the DLNO entered off the report. (See P301.)

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 13 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_

**How entered:** as shown on officer or citizen crash report.

**Typical examples:** R326040288628 (Alan Gregory Rodgers, dob 08-11-49)

**Stored in database as:** as entered

**Defaults / missing values:** The driver license number is only entered on drivers who have a Minnesota driver license. If officer or citizen fails to show a driver license, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If person is not a vehicle driver (PTYPE not = 1) then computer should enter 1 (the number 1) for "Inapplicable: this person was not a driver"
- If person is a driver (PTYPE=1) and DLSTATE not = (MN, Y, I, X) then computer should enter 2 for "person was a driver but was licensed in another state, Canadian province, or country).
- If person is a driver (PTYPE=1) and DLSTATE = x, then computer should enter 3, for "this person was a driver but for unknown reasons does not have a drivers license."
- If person is a driver (PTYPE =1) and DLSTATE= MN then computer should enter 5 for 'officer or citizen failed to complete this field.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

aaaaaaaaaaaa: A to Z, followed by 12 numeric digits:

1 = Inapplicable: person was a non-motorist (person was not a driver)

2 = Person was a driver but was licensed outside Minnesota

3 = Person was a driver, but for unknown reasons, does not have a driver's license.

5 = Officer and / or citizen failed to complete this field.

#### **General Note regarding P105 -- P107:**

The name and address fields are on the crash report forms. Both the officer and the citizen are to fill in the name and address for a driver, a pedestrian, or a bicyclist, or other non-motorist. This information is *not* currently entered in the database. (Exception: if the person died, then 4 fields are entered: last name, first+middle name, fatality date, and alcohol test result. See fields A135 through A138.)

#### **P105: NAME: Name of vehicle driver, pedestrian, bicyclist, or other non-motorist**

**NOTE:** This field is filled in on the officer and citizen crash report forms, but it is not entered in the computer.

(Exception, name of any person who died is entered; see P135-P136 below.)

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** no

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** ? 25 column alphabetic ?

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_

**How entered:** not entered (unless the person died, in which case, see P135-P136)

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:** not currently stored

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

#### **P106: ADDRESS: Street address of vehicle driver, pedestrian, bicyclist, or other non-motorist**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** no

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** ? 25 column alphabetic ?

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_ - \_

**How entered:** as shown on report

**Typical examples:** 123 Smith Street, Apt. 2B

**Stored in database as:** not currently stored

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

**P107: CITY: City, state, and zip code of the vehicle driver, pedestrian, bicyclist, or other non-motorist**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** see above description

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** ? 25 column alphabetic ?

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** -----

**How entered:** as shown on report

**Typical examples:** Minneapolis, MN 55454

**Stored in database as:** not currently stored

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

**P108: POSITN: Person's position in or on the vehicle, or the position of a non-motorist on the roadway.**

**Note:** This is a super-required, or systemic, field. Every person must be assigned a valid POSITN codes -- either as motorist in some position (where "unknown" is a possible position), or as a non-motorist at some location (where "unknown" is a possible location).

**Note** that the value 19 = 'not known if person was a driver or passenger' was *not* included as a possible category on the overlay the police use to help them fill out the report. This was an oversight.

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes (for drivers only)

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** --

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, ...

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer and citizen leave field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

1. If VEHTYPE = (01 through 38, 90 99), computer should enter 19
2. If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 53, 54), computer should enter 36

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Positions for motorists

- 1 = Driver (include motorcycle operators)
- 2 = Front center
- 3 = Front right
- 4 = Second seat left
- 5 = Second seat center
- 6 = Second seat right
- 7 = Third seat left
- 8 = Third seat center
- 9 = Third seat right
- 10 = Outside of vehicle
- 11 = Trailing unit
- 12 = Pickup truck bed
- 13 = Truck cab sleeper section
- 14 = Passenger in other position (include motorcycle passenger)
- 15 = Passenger in unknown position
- 16 = Front left (non-driver)
- 19 = Not known if person was a driver or a passenger

Positions (locations) for non-motorists

- 21 = Crosswalk, marked, at intersection
- 22 = Crosswalk, not marked, at intersection
- 23 = Crosswalk, not at intersect
- 24 = Crosswalk--at driveway access
- 25 = In roadway
- 26 = Not in roadway
- 27 = Median (but not on shoulder)
- 28 = Island
- 29 = Shoulder

30 = Sidewalk  
 31 = Within 10 feet of roadway (but not on median, island, shoulder or sidewalk)  
 32 = Beyond 10 feet of roadway (but still in trafficway)  
 33 = Outside trafficway  
 34 = Shared-use path or trails  
 35 = Other non-motorist location  
 36 = Unknown non-motorist location

**P109: DLSTATE: State (or Canadian province, or country) that issues person's driver's license.**

This field should probably be considered as a super-required field, or systemic field.

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** aa

**Typical examples:** MN (for Minnesota), WI (for Wisconsin), AB (for Alberta), and so on

**Stored in database as:** as entered

**Defaults / missing values:** If not shown on any of the reports:

- If person is not a driver (PTYPE not = 1) coder should tab over field, and computer should enter i for inapplicable.
- If person is a driver (PTYPE=1) coder should try and determine correct value and enter that. If correct value cannot be determined, coder should tab over field, and computer should enter z to signify 'officer and / or citizen should have completed field, but failed to do so.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

AL=Alabama  
 AK=Alaska  
 AR=Arkansas  
 AR=Arizona  
 CA=California  
 CO=Colorado  
 CT=Connecticut  
 DC=District of Columbia  
 DE=Delaware  
 FL=Florida  
 GA=Georgia  
 HI=Hawaii  
 ID=Idaho  
 IL=Illinois  
 IN=Indiana  
 IA=Iowa  
 KS=Kansas  
 KY=Kentucky  
 LA=Louisiana  
 MA=Massachusetts  
 MD=Maryland  
 ME=Maine  
 MI=Michigan  
 MN=Minnesota  
 MO=Missouri  
 MS=Mississippi  
 MT=Montana  
 OK=Oklahoma  
 OR=Oregon  
 PA=Pennsylvania  
 RI=Rhode Island  
 ND=North Dakota  
 NE=Nebraska  
 NC=North Carolina  
 NH=New Hampshire  
 NJ=New Jersey



NM=New Mexico  
NV=Nevada  
NY=New York  
OH=Ohio  
SC=South Carolina  
SD=South Dakota  
TN=Tennessee  
TX=Texas  
UT=Utah  
VA=Virginia  
VT=Vermont  
WA=Washington  
WI=Wisconsin  
WV=West Virginia  
WY=Wyoming

IM=Indian res. (inside Minn)  
IO=Indian res (outside Minn)

AB=Alberta  
BC=British Columbia  
MB=Manitoba  
NF=Newfoundland  
NK=New Brunswick  
NS=Nova Scotia  
NT=Northwest Territory  
ON=Ontario  
PE=Prince Edward Island  
PQ=Quebec  
SK=Saskatchewan  
YT=Yukon Territory  
CN=Canada (Other)

Y=Other  
I=Inapplicable  
X=Officer and /or citizen reported that DLSTATE was unknown  
Z=Officer and citizen left field blank.

**P110: DLCLASS1: Driver license class and endorsements**

This field applies to Minnesota-licensed drivers, not to others.

The Accident Report Instruction Manual instructs officers to show the driver license class and any endorsement in this box on the crash report.

The citizen report merely asks for the driver license "class," and so endorsements may not be shown.

In addition to this DLCLASS1 field, a similar field, DLCLASS2, is brought back from the DL file. (See P302 and P308--P314)

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes (partly)

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 8 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** a to aaaaaaaa

**Typical examples:** D (normal driver license), DM (normal driver license class D with a motorcycle endorsement)

**Stored in database as:** as entered

**Defaults / missing values:**

If officer draws a diagonal line through the box or enters I for inapplicable, coder should enter I. If field is left blank on officer and citizen reports, coder should tab over field and computer should:

1. If DLSTATE not = MN, computer should enter 8, for inapplicable, in the database.
2. If DLSTATE = MN, computer should enter 0 (the number zero) for "officer and/or citizen should have provided this information but failed to do so."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

There are basically 4 classes: A, B, C, and D. However, DVS lists out 9 “classes” in its field named “class.” All 9 classes are listed below, though the last 5 are unlikely to appear.

A valid value will (normally) be a value of A, B, C, or D, followed by any combination of the endorsement codes. It would be possible for a driver to have an “A” class driver license, and to have every single endorsement. In such a case, for example, a valid value could be: ATNHXSPM. (In reality, most drivers will have a class D license with no endorsements.)

**Classes:**

A = Commercial, highest level, valid for any vehicle or combination

B = Commercial, valid for any basic single unit motor vehicle

C = Commercial, valid (provided driver has the proper endorsement) for any class D vehicle transporting hazardous materials, and for school buses

D = The normal (not commercial) driver license. Permits operation of up to two single units (motor vehicle and trailer) up to 26,000 GVWR (gross vehicle weight rating), fire trucks, and recreational vehicles. Not valid for a vehicle that required a hazardous materials endorsement. May tow trailers up to 10,000 pounds.

I = ID card only

T = Lifetime ID card only (65 and older)

M = Moped license only

R = Tracer record

X = CONAX record

**Endorsements:**

T = Double or triple trailers

N = Tanker

H = Hazardous materials

X = Tanker with hazardous materials

S = School bus

P = Vehicle (other than school bus) transporting 16 or more passengers

M = Motorcycle

**Other:**

8 = inapplicable

0 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so.

**P111: DLSTAT1: Driver License Status (valid or in violation)**

This field should be filled out for Minnesota-licensed drivers. Some officers may fill it out for other drivers too. This field is inapplicable for pedestrians, bicyclists, and other non-motorists. (See P303 for similar field brought back from DL file.)

**Source:** Police accident report: yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (include leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer enters a slash or I, coder should enter I for inapplicable. If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If person is not a motor vehicle driver (PTYPE not = 1), computer should enter 98, for inapplicable.
- If person is a driver (PTYPE = 1) and has DLSTATE not = MN, computer should enter 98 for inapplicable
- If person is a driver (PTYPE = 1) and has DLSTATE=MN, computer should enter 00, for “officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.”

**Edit checks:****Valid values:**

01 = Valid, and within all restrictions

02 = Violation -- beyond restrictions

03 = Violation -- not endorsed for this type of vehicle

04 = Violation -- license suspended

05 = Violation -- license revoked

06 = Violation -- license cancelled

07 = Violation of limited license provisions  
 08 = Violation -- expired license  
 90 = Other  
 98 = Not applicable  
 99 = Officer and /or citizen reported that driver license status was unknown  
 00 = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**GENERAL NOTE regarding P112 (DOB) and P113 (AGE).**

The Law Enforcement crash report ask the officer to show the dates of birth for every person in the crash.

The citizen's report ask the citizen (usually the driver) to show the date of birth for the driver, but to show the ages of other persons.

Therefore, when the officer submits a report, there should be a DOB for every person. When only citizen reports are available, there may not be a DOB.

See field P203, which will derive the age for every person in the crash, either from P112 or from P113.

**P112: DOB: Person's date of birth**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** yes (for driver only)

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** date format: mm-dd-yyyy

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ - \_ \_ - \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** mm-dd-yyyy

**Typical examples:** 08-11-1949

**Stored in database as:** mm-dd-yyyy

**Defaults / missing values:** If field is blank on officer and citizen report, coder should tab over field and computer should enter 00 for "left blank."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

mmddyyyy = date

00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field, but failed to do so.

**P113: AGE1: Person's age**

**Source: Police accident report:** no      **Citizen accident report:** yes (for non-drivers)

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 3-column numeric: nn (with leading zero)n

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** nnn (enter leading zero or zeroes)

**Typical examples:** ..008, 027

**Stored in database as:** as entered

**Defaults / missing values:** If left blank on citizen report, coder should tab over field, and computer should enter 998 (not 000, which is a valid age) for "citizen report failed to show age of person."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

000, 001, 002, ... and so on.

998 = citizen report failed to report age.

999 = citizen report showed that age of person was unknown.

**P114: VIOLS: Was the driver cited for violations stemming from this accident?**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** y, n, i, or x

**Typical examples:** ..y, n, i, or x

**Stored in database as:** y, n, i, x, or z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If person is not a driver (PTYPE not = 1) computer should enter I for inapplicable
- If person is a driver (PTYPE = 1) computer should enter Z, for "officer failed to complete this field."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Y = yes, driver was cited for violations stemming from this accident  
N = No, driver was not cited for violations stemming from this accident  
I = Inapplicable (person was not a driver)  
X = Unknown (officer entered X, showing that officer did not know if driver was cited for violations)  
Z = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so

**P115: RESTRICT1: What restrictions were shown on this persons driver's license?**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** ..01

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer draws diagonal line through box, or enters I, coder should enter 98 for not applicable. If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field, and computer should:

- If person is not a driver (PTYPE not = 1), computer should enter 98, for "not applicable."
- If person is a driver (PTYPE = 1) and does not have a Minnesota driver license (DLSTATE not = MN), computer should enter 98, for "not applicable"
- If person is a driver (PTYPE = 1) and has a Minnesota driver license (DLSTATE = MN), computer should enter 00, for "officer failed to complete this field."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = None  
02 = Corrective lenses  
03 = Mechanical devices  
04 = Prosthetic aid  
05 = Automatic transmission  
06 = Outside mirror  
07 = Limit to daylight hours  
08 = Limit to employment only  
09 = Limited -- other  
10 = Learner's permit  
11 = CDL (commercial driver license) -- Intrastate only  
12 = Vehicles without air brakes  
13 = Except Class A bus  
14 = Except Class A and Class B bus  
15 = Except tractor trailer  
16 = Farm waiver  
17 = Multiple restrictions  
90 = Other  
98 = Not applicable (person is not a driver, or is a driver but is not Minnesota-licensed)  
99 = Unknown (officer entered that he or she did not know or could not determine what restrictions, if any, the driver was under)  
00 = Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**P116. PHYSCND: What was the "apparent physical condition" of the driver or non-motorist?**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 99

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer draws a diagonal line through box, coder should enter 98 for not applicable. If officer leaves box blank, coder should tab over field, and computer should:

- If person is not a driver, pedestrian, bicyclist, or other non-motorist (PTYPE not = 1, 5, 6) computer should enter 98 for “not applicable.”
- If person is a driver or non-motorist (PTYPE = 1, 5, 6) computer should enter 00, for “officer failed to complete this field.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

- 01 = Normal--no alcohol or drugs
- 02 = Under the influence
- 03 = Had been drinking
- 04 = Commercial vehicle driver over .04 BAC
- 05 = Had been taking drugs
- 06 = Aggressive
- 07 = Fatigued / asleep
- 08 = Physical disability
- 09 = Ill
- 90 = Other
- 98 = Not applicable
- 99 = Officer reported that apparent physical condition was unknown
- 00 = Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so

**P117: RECOMND: Officer’s recommendations for driver**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column numeric: n

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** n

**Typical examples:** 1, 2, 3, 4

**Stored in database as:** 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 0

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer draws a diagonal line through field, coder may enter 8 for not applicable, or may leave field blank. If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If person is not a driver (PTYPE not = 1), computer should enter 8 for “not applicable.”
- If person is a driver (PTYPE = 1), computer should enter 0 for “officer did complete this field.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

- 1 = None
- 2 = Physical exam
- 3 = Driver exam
- 4 = Both a physical exam and a driver exam
- 8 = Not applicable (person is not a driver)
- 0 = Officer did not make an entry in this field

**P118: ADDCOR: Was the address shown on this person’s driver license correct (i.e., was it the same as the person’s current address)?**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** y, n, i, x

**Typical examples:** y, n, i, x

**Stored in database as:** y, n, i, x, or z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer draws a diagonal line through box, coder should enter I, for inapplicable. If officer left field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If person is not a motor vehicle driver (PTYPE not = 1), computer should enter I for inapplicable.
- If person is a motor vehicle driver (PTYPE = 1), computer should enter X for, “officer failed to complete this field.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

- Y = yes

N = no

I = not applicable (the person was not a motor vehicle driver)

X = Officer reported that he or she could not determine if the address on the DL was correct

Z = Officer failed to complete field

**P119: SEX: Person's gender**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** m, f, x

**Typical examples:** m, f

**Stored in database as:** m, f, x, z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer and citizen reports both fail to report sex, coder might enter appropriate code, if confident. Or coder may tab over field, and then computer should enter z to signify, "sex not reported on any reports received."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

M = male

F = female

X = Officer and / or citizen reports indicated that sex of person was not known.

Z = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**P120: EQPTYPE: Type of safety equipment in place in the vehicle in the position the person was occupying**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, ...

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer and / or citizen leave field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If person is not associated with a vehicle that has VEHTYPE = (1 thru 6, 31 thru 38), computer should enter 98 for "not applicable."
- If person is associated with a vehicle that has VEHTYPE = (1 thru 6, 31 thru 38), computer should enter 00 for "officer and / or citizen failed to complete this field."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Not in place (i.e., required safety equipment such as seat belt, child seat, etc., was not in place)

02 = Lap belt

03 = Shoulder belt

04 = Lap and shoulder belt

05 = Child safety seat

06 = Child booster seat

90 = Other

98 = Not applicable (person was not an occupant of a motor vehicle normally equipped with safety equipment)

99 = Officer and / or citizen reported that that they did not know what type of safety equipment was in place in the vehicle in the place the person occupied.

00 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**P121: EQPUSE: Manner in which safety equipment was used by person**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, ...

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer and / or citizen leave field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If person is associated with VEHTYPE = (7, 8, 90, 99) or person is a non-motorist (VEHTYPE = 51,52,53,54), computer should enter 98, for “not applicable.”
- If person is associated with VEHTYPE not = (7, 8, 51 thru 54, 90, 99) computer should enter 00 for “ officer and / or citizen failed to complete this field.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

- 01 = Belts not used
- 02 = Lap belt only used
- 03 = Shoulder belt only used
- 04 = Lap and shoulder belt used
- 05 = Child seat not used
- 06 = Child set used improperly
- 07 = Child seat used properly
- 08 = Booster seat not used
- 09 = Booster seat used improperly
- 10 = Booster seat used properly
- 11 = Helmet not used
- 12 = Helmet used
- 13 = Dark (non-light-reflective clothing)
- 14 = Light-reflective clothing
- 15 = No protective (elbow, knee, etc) pads8
- 16 = protective pads
- 90 = Other
- 98 = Not applicable (person was not in a vehicle was in vehicle but in a position where this field doesn't apply.)
- 99 = Officer and / or citizen reported that they did not know the safety equipment use
- 00 = Officer and / or citizen failed to complete field.

**P122: AIRBAG: Airbag deployment**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column alphanumeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer draws a diagonal line through field, coder should enter 98 for not applicable. If officer and / or citizen leaves field blank, coder should tab over field, and computer should:

- If person had PTYPE = (4,5,6) computer should enter 98 for “not applicable.”
- If person had PTYPE = (1,2,3), computer should enter 00 for “this field was either not applicable for this person, or it was applicable, but the officer and / or citizen failed to complete this field”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

- 01 = Deployed--front
- 02 = Deployed--side
- 03 = Deployed -- front + side
- 04 = Not deployed--switch on
- 05 = Not deployed--switch off
- 06 = Not deployed--unknown if switch on or off
- 90 = Other
- 98 = Not applicable
- 99 = Officer and /or citizen reported that airbag deployment was unknown
- 00 = This field was either not applicable for this person, or it was applicable, but the officer and / or citizen failed to complete this field

**P123: EJECT: Was person ejected from vehicle?**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, ...

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer and / or citizen leave field blank, coder should tab over field, and computer should:

- If person was not in a motor vehicle (VEHTYPE not = 1 through 38, 90, 99), computer should enter 98, for “not applicable.”
- If person was in a motor vehicle (VEHTYPE = 1 thru 38, 90, 99) computer should enter 00, for “officer and / or citizen failed to complete this field.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Trapped, extricated (by mechanical means)

02 = Trapped, freed by non- mechanical means

03 = Partially ejected

04 = Ejected

05 = Not ejected

90 = Other

98 = Not applicable (person was not in a motor vehicle)

99 = Officer and / or citizen reported that they did not know about person’s ejection status

00 = Officer and/or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so.

#### **P124: INJSEV: Injury Severity**

This is a super-required, or systemic, field.

This field must be completed for every person in the accident. Every person must be assigned an injury severity of K, A, B, C, or N. Injury severity can not be unknown.

Note: this field is used to construct ACCSEV. (See A201)

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** a

**Typical examples:** N

**Stored in database as:** a

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer and citizen fail to complete field, computer should enter N, for “no apparent injury.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

A = Severe injury (also called “incapacitating injury”).

B = Moderate injury (also called “non-incapacitating injury”)

C = Minor injury (also called “possible injury”).

K = Fatal injury

N = No apparent injury

#### **P125: ALCTEST: Was this person (driver or non-motorist) tested for BAC (blood alcohol concentration) y/n?**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes

**Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** a

**Typical examples:** y, n, i, x

**Stored in database as:** y, n, i, x, or z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If person has PTYPE = (2, 3, 4) computer should enter I for inapplicable.
- If person has PTYPE = (1, 5, 6), computer should enter Z for “officer failed to complete this field.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Y = Yes, person was tested for alcohol



N = No, person was not tested for alcohol  
 I = Inapplicable (person was not a driver, pedestrian, or bicyclist)  
 X = Officer indicated that it was not known if person was tested for alcohol  
 Z = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**P126: ALCTYPE: Alcohol test type**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, 98, ...

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

1. If officer draws a diagonal line through the box, coder should enter 98 for not applicable.
2. If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:
  - If ACLTEST = (N, I, X, Z) computer should enter 98 for not applicable.
  - If ACLTEST = Y, computer should enter 00 for "officer failed to complete this field."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Blood  
 02 = Serum  
 03 = Breath  
 04 = Urine  
 90 = Other  
 98 = Not applicable  
 99 = Officer reported that type of test was unknown  
 00 = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so

**P127: DRUGTEST: Was this person (driver or non-motorist) tested for drugs (y/n)?**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** a

**Typical examples:** .y, n, i, x

**Stored in database as:** y, n, i, x, or z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If person has PTYPE = (2, 3, 4) computer should enter I for inapplicable.
- If person has PTYPE = (1, 5, 6) computer should enter Z for "officer failed to complete this field."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Y = Yes, person was tested for drugs  
 N = No, person was not tested for drugs  
 I = Inapplicable (person was a passenger -- not a driver, and not a non-motorist)  
 X = Officer indicated that it was not known if person was tested for drugs  
 Z = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**P128: DRUGTYPE: Drug test type**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 01, 02, 98, ...

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer draws a diagonal line through the box, coder should enter 98 for not applicable. If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If DRUGTEST = (N, I, X, Z) computer should enter 98 for not applicable.
- If DRUGTEST = Y, computer should enter 00 for “officer failed to complete this field.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = Blood  
 02 = Serum  
 03 = Breath  
 04 = Urine  
 90 = Other  
 98 = Not applicable  
 99 = Officer reported that it was not known was type of test was performed.  
 00 = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so

**P129: TOHOSP: Was this person taken to a hospital (y/n)?**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** a

**Typical examples:** y, n, x

**Stored in database as:** y, n, x, or z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should enter Z for “officer failed to complete this field.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Y = yes  
 N = no  
 X = Officer indicated that it was not known if person was taken to the hospital  
 Z = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**P130: METHHOSP: Method of transport to hospital (ambulance or other)?**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** a

**Typical examples:** A, O

**Stored in database as:** A, O, I, X, or Z

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer draws a diagonal line though this box, coder should enter I for inapplicable. If officer makes some entry to indicate that person went to the hospital but by an unknown means, coder should enter X, for unknown.

If officer leaves field blank, computer should:

- If TOHOSP = N, computer should enter I for inapplicable.
- If TOHOSP = (X, Z), computer should enter X for unknown.
- If TOHOSP = Y, computer should enter Z, for “officer failed to complete this field.”

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

A = Ambulance  
 O = Person was taken to hospital by means other than by ambulance  
 I = Persons was not taken to the hospital  
 X = Officer indicated that it was not known if or how person was taken to a hospital.  
 Z = Officer failed to complete this field.

**P131: AMBSERV: Name of ambulance service that took person to hospital.**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** ? 20 column alphanumeric ?

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_\_\_\_\_

**How entered:** as shown on crash report

**Typical examples:** Alina, HealthEast, LifeLink

**Stored in database as:** as entered

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer enters diagonal line, coder should enter I for inapplicable. If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

1. If METHHOSP = (O, I) computer should enter I for inapplicable.
2. If METHHOSP = (X, Z) computer should enter X for unknown
3. If METHHOSP = A, computer should enter Z for "officer should have completed this field but failed to do so."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Name of Ambulance Service

I = Inapplicable (there was no ambulance)

X = It is not known if the person went to the hospital and, if so, what ambulance service was used

Z = Officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so.

**P132: RUNNUM: Ambulance service run number for the run that took this person to the hospital**

**Source: Police accident report:** yes      **Citizen accident report:** no

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 8 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** as shown on crash report

**Typical examples:** ???

**Stored in database as:** as entered in computer

**Defaults / missing values:** If officer leaves draws diagonal line through field, coder should enter I for inapplicable. If officer enters X or writes "unknown," coder should enter X for unknown. If officer leaves field blank, coder should tab over field and computer should:

- If AMBSERV = I, computer should enter I for inapplicable.
- If AMBSERV = (X, Z), computer should enter X for unknown.
- Else, computer should enter Z for "officer should have completed this field, but failed to do so."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

a to aaaaaaaa = run number entered on crash report

I = Person was not taken to hospital by an ambulance

X = Run number not known

Z = Officer should have completed this field but failed to do so.

**P133: FATALNO: Fatality number assigned to this traffic death (sequential since January 1 of year)**

**Source: Police accident report:** no      **Citizen accident report:** no

The fatality number is assigned to a traffic death by DVS/AR. It is consecutive from January 1 of a year through December 31 of the same year. Thus if there were 625 deaths in 1 year, FATNO will range from 1 to 625 -- no duplicates, and no gaps.

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** 5 column numeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** nnnnn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 00325

**Stored in database as:** nnnnn (with leading zeroes)

**Defaults / missing values:** Every traffic death will have a fatality number assigned to it. If the person did not have INJSEV='k,' computer should enter 00000 to signify "person did not die."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

00000 = person did not die

00001 to 99999 = fatality number DVS/AR assigned to this traffic fatality

**P134: COREPORT: If person died, was the "Coroner's Report" received?**

**Source: Police accident report:** no      **Citizen accident report:** no

The "coroner's report" is officially titled "Certificate of Motor Vehicle Death."

(A coroner is now always a physician and is usually called a "medical examiner.")

Minnesota Statute 169.09(11) requires the medical examiner to submit a "certificate of motor vehicle death" to DPS on any person who dies due to a car crash.

Additionally, if the person is a driver or pedestrian (or, presumably, any non-motorist) 16 years of age or older and dies within 4 hours of the crash, the medical examiner must test for blood alcohol concentration, and report the result to DPS.

DVS /AR will enter Y or N in COREPORT to show if this "coroner's report" has been received.

This "coroner's report" may then become the source for P137 (date of death) and P138 (blood alcohol concentration)

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_

**How entered:** a

**Typical examples:** y, n, i

**Stored in database as:** y, n,

**Defaults / missing values:** If Accident Records Office did not complete this field, computer should:

- If person did not die (INJSEV not = K), computer should enter I for inapplicable.
- If person died, computer should enter Z for "Accident Records did not complete this field."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Y = yes

N = no

I = inapplicable (person did not die)

X = Accident Records Office does not know if the coroner's report was received.

Z = Accident Records office did not complete this field.

#### **Special Note regarding fields P135 -- P138 for people killed**

P135 (LASTNAME) and P136 (FIRSTMID) are special cases. Each year, there are about 600 traffic deaths out of about 260,000 persons who are involved in crashes. If the person dies, then DVS/AR enters the person's name in the ARDB (last name in field P135, and first and middle name in P136).

DVS/AR will also enter the date of death (P137) and, if a test was performed and reported on the coroner's report, the blood alcohol concentration (P138)

Doing this enable DVS/AR to generate a special report each month called a "fatality report."

#### **P135: LASTNAME: Last name of person killed**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes    **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** ? 25-column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** ? -----

**How entered:**

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:** as entered

**Defaults / missing values:**

- If person did not die (INJSEV not = 'k'), computer should enter 98 for inapplicable.
- If person died and DVS/AR did not enter a date of death, computer should enter 00 for 'DVS/AR did not complete this field.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

aaaaaa....aaa = person's last name

98 = person did not die

00 = DVS/AR did not complete this field

#### **P136: FIRSTMID: First and middle name of person killed**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes    **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:** ? 25-column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** -----

**How entered:**

**Typical examples:** ..

**Stored in database as:** as entered

**Defaults / missing values:**

- If person did not die (INJSEV not = 'k'), computer should enter 98 for inapplicable.
- If person died and DVS/AR did not enter a date of death, computer should enter 00 for 'DVS/AR did not complete this field.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

aaa...aaa = person's first and middle name or initial  
98 = person did not die  
00 = DVS/AR did not complete this field

**P137: FATDATE: date of death**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes    **Citizen accident report:** yes

Coroner's report could be source of fatality date.

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** date format: e.g. mm-dd-yyyy

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_ - \_ \_ - \_ \_ \_ \_

**How entered:** mmddyyyy

**Typical examples:** 10-21-2005

**Stored in database as:** mmddyyyy

**Defaults / missing values:**

- If person did not die (INJSEV not = 'k'), computer should enter 98 for inapplicable.
- If person died and DVS/AR did not enter a date of death, computer should enter 00 for 'DVS/AR did not complete this field.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

mmddyyyy = date of death  
98 = person did not die  
00 = DVS/AR did not complete this field

**P138: FATBAC: BAC test result from medical examiner**

**NOTE:** FATBAC should not be confused with P315: ALCRSLT

**Source:** Police accident report: yes    **Citizen accident report:** yes

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn

**Data entry screen prior to entry:** \_ \_

**How entered:** nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 00 (test was negative for alcohol)

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

- If person did not die (INJSEV not = 'k'), computer should enter 98 for inapplicable.
- If person died and DVS/AR did not enter a BAC test result, computer should enter 99 (not 00, which = negative) for 'this person was not tested, or test result was not received.'

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

00 = Negative (0 alcohol concentration)  
01 = .01 (positive for alcohol at the .01% blood alcohol concentration level -- BAC)  
02 = .02 (positive for alcohol at the .02 BAC)  
...  
60 = .60 (positive for alcohol at the .60 BAC)  
98 = not applicable  
99 = this person was not tested, or test result was not received

**Part P2:** This part shows person-level fields that are not on the form itself. These fields are created by the computer, and are derived from fields that are entered directly into the computer from the crash reports.

**P201: PTYPE: Person type**

We do not currently have a field such as PTYPE. It will be extremely useful to create this field by deriving it from the following fields: VEHTYPE (V128), INTRANS (see V202), and POSITN (see P108).

**Source:** Police accident report:                      Citizen accident report:

- If INTRANS = Y and POSITN = 1 then PTYPE = 1
- If INTRANS = Y and POSITN = (2 thru 16) then PTYPE = 2
- If INTRANS = Y and POSITN = 19 then PTYPE = 3
- If INTRANS = N and POSITN = (1 through 16) then PTYPE = 4
- If VEHTYPE = 53 then PTYPE = 5
- If VEHTYPE = (51, 52, 54) then PTYPE = 6

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:** 1,2,3,4,5,6

**Stored in database as:**

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

**Motorists (1, 2, and 3)**

- 1 = DRIVER -- (Motorist -- driver or operator of a motor vehicle in transport)
- 2 = PASSENGER -- (Motorist -- passenger of a motor vehicle in transport. This person was a passenger or rider in or on the motor vehicle.)
- 3 = Unknown Motorist -- (Motorist -- person was associated with a motor vehicle in transport, but it is unknown whether the person was a driver / operator of the motor vehicle or was a passenger)

**Non-motorists (4, 5, and 6)**

- 4 = Occupant of a motor vehicle -- but the motor vehicle was not in transport (This is a type of non-motorist)
- 5 = BICYCLIST -- (Non-motorist -- pedalcyclist -- the person was riding a unicycle, bicycle, tricycle, etc.)
- 6 = PEDESTRIAN -- (Non-motorist -- pedestrian or other type of non-motorist. Include here: pedestrian, skater, horseback or other animal rider, horse-drawn cart occupant, wheelchair--including motorized wheelchair--occupant, etc.

**P202: AGEB: Person's age (1-year categories)**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes                      Citizen accident report: yes

The officer enters the date of birth (see DOB: P112) for every person in the crash. The citizen's report will show the date of birth for the driver, but may only show the age (see AGE: P113) for others.

The coders will enter the date of birth, when possible. Or they may enter the person's age if they only have a citizen report to go on.

When P112 contains the date of birth, the computer should derive the age as:

[ACCDATE (A112) - DOB (P112)] / 365.25 and then round down to the nearest full-year value.

When P112 = 00 (left blank), computer should enter the value from P113 into AGEB.

If P112 = 00 and P113 = 998, computer should enter 998.

If P112 = 00 and P113 = 999, computer should enter 999

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 3 column numeric

**Stored in database as:** nnn

**Defaults / missing values**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

000 = less than 1 year old  
 001 = 1 year old  
 002 = 2 years old  
 ...  
 998 = officer and / or citizen should have completed field, but failed to do so  
 999 = officer and / or citizen both showed that age was unknown

**P203: AGECE: Person's age (5-year categories)**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

Derived from P202:

- If AGECE = (0,1,2,3,4) then AGECE = 1
- If AGECE = (5,6,7,8,9) then AGECE = 2
- ...
- If AGECE = (80,81,82,83,84) then AGECE =
- If AGECE ge 85 and AGECE le 125 then AGECE =
- If AGECE = 998 then AGECE = 98
- If AGECE = 999 then AGECE = 99

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 = 0 - 4 years old  
 02 = 5 - 9 years old  
 03 = 10 - 14 years old  
 04 = 15 - 19 years old  
 05 = 20 - 24 years old  
 06 = 25 - 29 years old  
 07 = 30 - 34 years old  
 08 = 35 - 39 years old  
 09 = 40 - 44 years old  
 10 = 45 - 49 years old  
 11 = 50 - 54 years old  
 12 = 55 - 59 years old  
 13 = 60 - 64 years old  
 14 = 65 - 69 years old  
 15 = 70 - 74 years old  
 16 = 75 - 79 years old  
 17 = 80 - 84 years old  
 18 = 85 or older  
 98 = left blank  
 99 = officer and / or citizen showed that age was unknown

**P204: INJSEVB: Injury Severity (abbreviated from INJSEV)**

**Source:** Police accident report: yes      Citizen accident report: yes

Field INJSEV (P124) shows injury severity in 5 categories K, A, B, C, N.

This field should be derived from that as follows:

If INJSEV=K then INJSEVB =K.

If INJSEV in (A,B,C) then INJSEVB = I (for injured).

If INJSEV = N then INJSEVB = N (for not injured)

**In original database:** yes      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Data entry screen prior to entry:**

**Stored in database as:** a

**Defaults / missing values:** Every person must have a value on INJSEV and INJSEVB. There can be no "unknowns."

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

K = Killed  
 I = Injured  
 N = Not injured

**Part P3: Fields at the person level that do not come from the Crash Reports. These fields are obtained through links to other databases**

**Fields posted from the Accident Records Database (person file) to the Driver License Database:**

NOTE the following important detail:

If the person was a driver of a motor vehicle (i.e., excluding pedestrians and other non-motorists), and if the person has a Minnesota driver license, then four fields are posted from the accident records database to the Minnesota Driver License files. These 4 fields are

1. Accident date (see A112)
2. Accident number (see A105)
3. Accident severity (see A201)
4. Driver's apparent physical condition (see P115)

In addition, there had been an attempt to post to the DL record an indicator to show if the vehicle the person had been driving was a commercial vehicle. Thus there was a fifth field:

5. Was the vehicle a commercial vehicle (where C = commercial and N = not commercial)

However, the attempt to post this to the DL record had not succeeded, and all values went to N (non-commercial).

For practical purposes, if VEHTYPE = (31 through 38) then the vehicle is probably a commercial vehicle.

**Fields posted from the Driver License Database to the Accident Records Database (person file):**

If a driver has a Minnesota driver license, Accident Records staff enters the Driver License number from the officer's or citizen's crash report into the database. Then, in a nightly batch mode process, that DL number is sent to the mainframe Driver License files and the following items of information are returned:

Current DL number (P301)  
Driver license class (P302)  
Driver license status (under withdrawal or not) (P303)  
Driver county of residence (P304)

(If the driver does not have a Minnesota license, then no Driver License number (and no name or any other identifying information) is entered into the Accident Records database.)

In addition, we desire the following fields to be copied from the Driver License database to the Accident Records Database: up to 3 restrictions (P305, P306, P307), all endorsements on the driver license (7 possible: P308 -- P314). These fields are described below.

In addition, when it becomes feasible, we desire the following additional fields to be copied from computerized files maintained at the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to the Accident Records Database: (313) BAC test result, (314) drug test result.

**P301: DLNO2: From the MN Driver license file: Current DL number**

As noted, if the person has a Minnesota driver license, that will be reported on the police and citizen accident reports. Accident Records staff will enter it into the Accident Records Database. (See P104.)

That number then goes against the DL database. The number entered might be the current DL number or it might have been superseded by a more recent DL number (for example, a person had a name change, due to marriage or other cause).

In either case, the match-up with the DL database brings back the *current* DL number and enters that into Accident Records database.

<b>Source: Police accident report:</b>	<b>Citizen accident report:</b>
<b>In original database: yes</b>	<b>In sanitized database: no</b>
<b>Format: 13 column alphanumeric: annnnnnnnnnnnn</b>	
<b>Data entry screen prior to entry: _ - - - - - - - - - - - - -</b>	
<b>Typical examples: See P104</b>	



**Stored in database as:** annnnnnnnnnnnn

**Defaults / missing values:**

1. If P104 = (1, 2, 3, 5) enter that value here.
2. Enter the current DL number here (which may be identical to P104).
3. If the value in P104 finds no match in the DL database, computer should enter 4 for "dl number from accident report found no match in DL file."

**Edit checks**

**Valid values:**

- A to Z, followed by 12 numeric digits: a Minnesota driver license number
- 1 = Inapplicable: person was a non-motorist (person was not a driver)
- 2 = Person was a driver but was licensed outside Minnesota
- 3 = Person was a driver, but for unknown reasons, does not have a driver's license.
- 4 = DL number from accident report did not find any match in MN DL database
- 5 = Officer and / or citizen failed to complete the DL number field.

**P302: DLCLASS2: From the MN driver license file: Class of MN driver license**

This field corresponds partly to P110, entered by coder from crash report.

**Source: Police accident report:**

**Citizen accident report:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:** A, B, C, D

**Stored in database as:** A, B, C, D, I, T, M, R, X

**Defaults / missing values:**

If field DLNO2 has a valid value, then DLCLASS2 will have take a value of A, B, C, D, I, T, M, R, or X.

Otherwise, enter the value (1, 2, 3, 4, or 5) from DLNO2 to DLCLASS2.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

- A = Commercial, highest level, valid for any vehicle or combination
- B = Commercial, valid for any basic single unit motor vehicle
- C = Commercial, valid (provided driver has the proper endorsement) for any class D vehicle transporting hazardous materials, and for school buses
- D = The normal (not commercial) driver license. Permits operation of up to two single units (motor vehicle and trailer) up to 26,000 GVWR (gross vehicle weight rating), fire trucks, and recreational vehicles. Not valid for a vehicle that required a hazardous materials endorsement. May tow trailers up to 10,000 pounds.
- I = ID card only
- T = Lifetime ID card only (65 and older)
- M = Moped license only
- R = Tracer record
- X = CONAX record
- 1 = person was a non-motorist (person was not a driver)
- 2 = Person was a driver but was licensed outside Minnesota
- 3 = Person was a driver, but for unknown reasons, does not have a driver's license.
- 4 = DL number from accident report did not find any match in MN DL database
- 5 = Officer and / or citizen should have completed this field but failed to do so

**P303: DLSTAT2: From the MN driver license file: Driver license status (was this person's driver's license under withdrawal or not under withdrawal?)**

This field corresponds somewhat to P113, DLSTAT1. For DLSTAT1, the officer showed on the crash report the status of the person's driver license. That field had 9 possible values, where values 02 through 08 correspond to value Y of this field DLSAT2.

**Source: Police accident report:**

**Citizen accident report:**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Typical examples:** y, n,

**Stored in database as:** y, n, or i

**Defaults / missing values:** If DLCLASS2 not = (A, B, C, D) then computer should enter I for inapplicable.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Y = yes, person's Minnesota driver license was under withdrawal at time of crash

N = no, person's Minnesota driver license was not under withdrawal at time of crash  
I = Inapplicable. Person is not known to have a Minnesota driver license

**P304: DLCOUNTY: From the MN driver license file: driver's county of residence**

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

If DLCLASS2 not = (A, B, C, D) then computer should enter I for inapplicable.

If DLCLASS1 = (A, B, C, D), then computer should enter the county of residence

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

01 to 87: See listing under A122 (County)

**P305: DLREST2A: From the MN driver license file: first-listed restriction driver is under**

A driver can be under various restrictions. DVS identifies 16 types of restrictions by a letter code. See list under valid values below. This field DLREST1 should show the first of any restrictions listed on the DL.

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Defaults / missing values:**

If DLCLASS2 = (1 thru 5), copy that value here.

If DLCLASS2 = (A, B, C, D), and there are no restrictions on driver's license enter 0.

If there is 1 or more than 1 restriction, enter the code for that restriction here

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

A = Any use of alcohol or drugs invalidates license

B = Hand-operated brakes

C = Complete hand controls

D = Prosthetic aid

E = Automatic transmission

F = Left outside mirror

G = Daylight driving only

I = Also valid for 3-wheeled motorcycle

J = Farm work and driver education instruction permit

K = Intrastate only

L = Driving vehicle without airbrakes

O = Valid for vehicles less than 2601 GVWR (gross vehicle weight rating)

Q = Hand operated light beam control

R = Elevated driver seat

U = No freeway driving

W = Valid for vehicles less than 2601 GVWR and buses with passenger capacity under 24

1 = person was a non-motorist (person was not a driver)

2 = Person was a driver but was licensed outside Minnesota

3 = Person was a driver, but for unknown reasons, does not have a driver's license.

4 = DI number from accident report did not find any match in MN DL database

5 = Officer and / or citizen failed to complete this field.

**P306: DLREST2B: From the MN driver license file: second-listed restriction driver is under**

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:** a

**Defaults / missing values:**

1. If DLCLASS2 = (1 thru 5), copy that value here.

2. If DLCLASS2 = (A, B, C, D), and there are not a second restriction on driver's license enter 0.

3. If there is a second restriction, enter the code for that restriction here

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:** See P306

**P307: DLREST2C: From the MN driver license file: third-listed restriction driver is under**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric: a

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:** a

**Defaults / missing values:**

1. If DLCLASS2 = (1 thru 5), copy that value here.
2. If DLCLASS2 = (A, B, C, D), and there are not a third restriction on driver's license enter 0.
3. If there is a third restriction, enter the code for that restriction here

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:** See P306

**P308: ENDORSET: Is driver license endorsed to driver double or triple trailers**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:** 1 column numeric

**Defaults / missing values:**

If person has DLCLASS2 not = (A, B, C, or D) then computer should enter I for inapplicable.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Y = yes, person has endorsement on driver license to drive a truck tractor pulling double or triple trailers

N = no, person does not have a T endorsement

I = Inapplicable (person does not have a Minnesota driver license)

**P309: ENDORSEN: Is driver license endorsed to driver a tanker truck**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:** 1 column numeric

**Defaults / missing values:**

If person has DLCLASS2 not = (A, B, C, or D) then computer should enter I for inapplicable.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Y = yes, person has endorsement on driver license to drive a tanker truck

N = no, person does not have an N endorsement

I = Inapplicable (person does not have a Minnesota driver license)

**P310: ENDORSEH: Is driver license endorsed to permit driver to transport hazardous materials.**

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric

**Typical examples:**

**Stored in database as:** 1 column numeric

**Defaults / missing values:**

If person has DLCLASS2 not = (A, B, C, or D) then computer should enter I for inapplicable.

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

Y = yes, person has endorsement on driver license to permit driver to transport hazardous materials.

N = no, person does not have an H endorsement

I = Inapplicable (person does not have a Minnesota driver license)

**P311: ENDORSEX: Is driver license endorsed to permit operation of tanker with hazardous materials.**

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric  
**Typical examples:**  
**Stored in database as:** 1 column numeric  
**Defaults / missing values:**  
     If person has DLCLASS2 not = (A, B, C, or D) then computer should enter I for  
     inapplicable.  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**  
     Y = yes, person has endorsement on driver license to operate a tanker truck transporting  
     hazardous materials.  
     N = no, person does not have an X endorsement  
     I = Inapplicable (person does not have a Minnesota driver license)

**P312: ENDORSES: Is driver license endorsed to permit person to drive a school bus transporting children**

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric  
**Typical examples:**  
**Stored in database as:** 1 column numeric  
**Defaults / missing values:**  
     If person has DLCLASS2 not = (A, B, C, or D) then computer should enter I for  
     inapplicable.  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**  
     Y = yes, person has endorsement on driver license to drive a school bus transporting  
     children  
     N = no, person does not have an S endorsement  
     I = Inapplicable (person does not have a Minnesota driver license)

**P313: ENDORSEP: Is driver license endorsed to permit person to drive a vehicle (other than a school bus) designed for transporting 16 or more passengers.**

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric  
**Typical examples:**  
**Stored in database as:** 1 column numeric  
**Defaults / missing values:**  
     If person has DLCLASS2 not = (A, B, C, or D) then computer should enter I for  
     inapplicable.  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**  
     Y = yes, person has endorsement on driver license to permit operation of a vehicle (other  
     than a school bus) designed for transporting 16 or more passengers  
     N = no, person does not have an S endorsement  
     I = Inapplicable (person does not have a Minnesota driver license)

**P314: ENDORSEM: Is driver license endorsed to permit driver to operate a motorcycle**

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes  
**Format:** 1 column alphanumeric  
**Typical examples:**  
**Stored in database as:** 1 column numeric  
**Defaults / missing values:**  
     If person has DLCLASS2 not = (A, B, C, or D) then computer should enter I for  
     inapplicable.  
**Edit checks:**  
**Valid values:**  
     Y = yes, person has endorsement on driver license to operate a motorcycle  
     N = no, person does not have an S endorsement  
     I = Inapplicable (person does not have a Minnesota driver license)

**P315: ALCRESULT: Blood Alcohol concentration test result (from link to computerized files on alcohol test results, maintained by Bureau of Criminal Apprehension--BCA).**

NOTE: The linkage to the BCA files does not exist at this time (in year 2002). We desire that a link be made, and that space be allocated to hold this data when the link does get made.

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** 2 column numeric: nn (with leading zero)

**Typical examples:** 00, 01, 21

**Stored in database as:** nn (with leading zero)

**Defaults / missing values:**

- If PTYPE not = (1, 5, 6) then computer should enter 91 for "person was not a driver and was not a non-motorist."
- If PTYPE = (1, 5, 6) and ALCTEST = (N, I, X, Z), then computer should enter 92 for "person was a driver or a non-motorist, but the person was not tested (or it is not known whether the person was tested)."
- If PTYPE = (1, 5, 6) and ACLTEST = Y, then computer should enter test result, with values as shown below

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

00 = Negative (0 alcohol concentration)  
01 = .01 (positive for alcohol at the .01% blood alcohol concentration level -- BAC)  
02 = .02 (positive for alcohol at the .02 BAC)  
...  
60 = .60 (positive for alcohol at the .60 BAC)  
91 = Person was not a driver and was not a non-motorist  
92 = Person was a driver or non-motorist, but the person was not tested, or it is not known if the person was tested or not.  
99 = Person was tested but the results of the test are unknown

**P316: DRUGRSLT: Drug test result (from link to computerized files on drug test results, maintained by Bureau of Criminal Apprehension--BCA).**

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** yes

**Format:** to be determined

**Stored in database as:**

**Defaults / missing values:**

- If PTYPE not = (1, 5, 6) then computer should enter (?) for "person was not a driver and was not a non-motorist."
- If PTYPE = (1, 5, 6) and DRUGTEST = (N, I, X, Z), then computer should enter (?) for "person was a driver or a non-motorist, but the person was not tested (or it is not known whether the person was tested)."
- If PTYPE = (1, 5, 6) and DRUGTEST = Y, then computer should enter test result, with values (to be determined).

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

to be determined

**P317: DLERROR: Driver license error flag**

The list of fields in the current person file shows that the original database has a field named "DL\_ERROR\_FLAG" that is a 1-column character field.  
(I do not know how this field is used.)

**In original database:** yes                      **In sanitized database:** no

**Format:**

**Data entry screen prior to entry:**

**How entered:**

**Typical examples:** ..

**Stored in database as:**

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

**P318: PERCOMP: Person complete flag**

The list of fields in the current person file shows that the original database has a field named "PERSON\_COMPLETE\_FLAG" that is a 1-column character field.

(I do not know how this field is used.)

**In original database:** yes

**In sanitized database:** no

**Format:**

**Data entry screen prior to entry:**

**How entered:**

**Typical examples:** ..

**Stored in database as:**

**Defaults / missing values:**

**Edit checks:**

**Valid values:**

## APPENDIX A: CITY CODES

[illegible]

1660	HANSKA	2125	LAKELAND SHORES	2590	MINNEISKA	3040	PERLEY
1665	HARDING	2130	LAKE LILLIAN	2595	MINNEOTA	3045	PETERSON
1670	HARDWICK	2135	LAKE PARK	2600	MINNESOTA CITY	3050	PIERZ
1675	HARMONY	2138	LAKE ST CROIX BEACH	2605	MINNESOTA LAKE	3055	PILLAGER
1680	HARRIS	2140	LAKE SHORE	2610	MINNETONKA	3060	PINE CITY
1685	HARTLAND	2150	LAKEVILLE	2612	MINNETONKA BEACH	3065	PINE ISLAND
1686	HASTINGS	2155	LAKE WILSON	2617	MINNETRISTA	3070	PINE RIVER
1690	HATFIELD	2160	LAMBERTON	2620	MIZPAH	3075	PINE SPRINGS
1695	HAWLEY	2165	LANCASTER	2625	MONTEVIDEO	3080	PIPESTONE
1700	HAYFIELD	2170	LANDFALL	2630	MONTGOMERY	3085	PLAINVIEW
1705	HAYWARD	2175	LANESBORO	2635	MONTICELLO	3090	PLATO
1710	HAZEL RUN	2180	LAPORTE	2640	MONTROSE	3095	PLEASANT LAKE
1715	HECTOR	2185	LA PRAIRIE	2645	MOORHEAD	3100	PLUMMER
1720	HEIDELBERG	2190	LA SALLE	2650	MOOSE LAKE	3105	PLYMOUTH
1725	HENDERSON	2195	LASTRUP	2655	MORA	3110	PORTER
1730	HENDRICKS	2200	LAUDERDALE	2660	MORGAN	3115	PRESTON
1735	HENDRUM	2205	LE CENTER	2670	MORRIS	3120	PRINCETON
1740	HENNING	2210	LENGBY	2675	MORRISTOWN	3125	PRINSBURG
1745	HENRIETTE	2215	LEONARD	2680	MORTON	3130	PRIOR LAKE
1750	HERMAN	2220	LEONIDAS	2685	MOTLEY	3135	PROCTOR
1752	HERMANTOWN	2225	LE ROY	2690	MOUND	3140	QUAMBA
1755	HERON LAKE	2230	LESTER PRAIRIE	2695	MOUNDS VIEW	3145	RACINE
1760	HEWITT	2235	LE SUEUR	2700	MOUNTAIN IRON	3148	RAMSEY
1765	HIBBING	2240	LEWISTON	2705	MOUNTAIN LAKE	3150	RANDALL
1770	HILL CITY	2245	LEWISVILLE	2710	MURDOCK	3155	RANDOLPH
1775	HILLMAN	2250	LEXINGTON	2715	MYRTLE	3160	RANIER
1780	HILLS	2255	LILYDALE	2720	NASHUA	3165	RAYMOND
1785	HILLTOP	2260	LINDSTROM	2725	NASHWAUK	3170	RED LAKE FALLS
1790	HINCKLEY	2265	LINO LAKES	2730	NASSAU	3175	RED WING
1795	HITTERDAL	2270	LISMORE	2735	NELSON	3180	REDWOOD FALLS
1800	HOFFMAN	2275	LITCHFIELD	2740	NERSTRAND	3185	REGAL
1805	HOKAH	2280	LITTLE CANADA	2745	NEVIS	3190	REMER
1810	HOLDINGFORD	2285	LITTLE FALLS	2750	NEW AUBURN	3195	RENVILLE
1818	HOLLAND	2290	LITTLE FORK	2755	NEW BRIGHTON	3200	REVERE
1820	HOLLANDALE	2295	LONG BEACH	2760	NEWFOLDEN	3205	RICE
1825	HOLLOWAY	2300	LONG LAKE	2765	NEW GERMANY	3210	RICHFIELD
1830	HOLT	2305	LONG PRAIRIE	2770	NEW HOPE	3215	RICHMOND
1835	HOPKINS	2310	LONGVILLE	2775	NEW LONDON	3220	RICHVILLE
1840	HOUSTON	2315	LONSDALE	2780	NEW MARKET	3225	RIVERTON
1845	HOWARD LAKE	2320	LORETTO	2785	NEW MUNICH	3230	ROBBINSDALE
1850	HOYT LAKES	2325	LOUISBURG	2790	NEWPORT	3235	ROCHESTER
1855	HUGO	2330	LOWRY	2795	NEW PRAGUE	3237	ROCK CREEK
1860	HUMBOLDT	2335	LUCAN	2800	NEW RICHLAND	3240	ROCKFORD
1865	HUTCHINSON	2340	LUVERNE	2805	NEW TRIER	3240	ROCKFORD
1870	IHLEN	2345	LYLE	2810	NEW ULM	3245	ROCKVILLE
1875	INDEPENDENCE	2350	LYND	2815	NEW YORK MILLS	3250	ROGERS
1880	INTERNATIONAL FALLS	2353	MABEL	2820	NICOLLET	3255	ROLLINGSTONE
1886	INVER GROVE HEIGHTS	2355	MC GRATH	2825	NIELSVILLE	3260	RONNEBY
1890	IONA	2360	MC GREGOR	2830	NIMROD	3265	ROOSEVELT
1895	IRON JUNCTION	2365	MC INTOSH	2835	NISSWA	3270	ROSCOE
1900	IRONTON	2370	MC KINLEY	2840	NORCROSS	3275	ROSEAU
1905	ISANTI	2380	MADELIA	2845	NORTH BRANCH	3280	ROSE CREEK
1915	ISLAND VIEW	2385	MADISON	2850	NORTHFIELD	3285	ROSEMOUNT
1920	ISLE	2390	MADISON LAKE	2855	NORTH MANKATO	3290	ROSEVILLE
1925	IVANHOE	2395	MAGNOLIA	2860	NORTH OAKS	3295	ROTHSAY
1930	JACKSON	2400	MAHNOMEN	2865	NORTHOME	3300	ROUND LAKE
1935	JANESVILLE	2405	MAHTOMEDI	2875	NORTHROP	3305	ROYALTON
1940	JASPER	2410	MANCHESTER	2880	NORTH ST PAUL	3310	RUSH CITY
1945	JEFFERS	2415	MANHATTAN BEACH	2885	NORWOOD YOUNG AMERICA	3315	RUSHFORD CITY
1950	JENKINS	2420	MANKATO	2888	OAKDALE	3320	RUSHFORD VILLAGE
1955	JOHNSON	2425	MANTORVILLE	2889	OAK GROVE	3325	RUSHMORE
1960	JORDAN	2430	MAPLE GROVE	2890	OAK PARK HEIGHTS	3330	RUSSELL
1965	KANDIYOHI	2435	MAPLE LAKE	2895	ODESSA	3335	RUTHTON
1970	KARLSTAD	2440	MAPLE PLAIN	2900	ODIN	3340	RUTLEDGE
1975	KASOTA	2445	MAPLETON	2905	OGEA	3345	SABIN
1980	KASSON	2450	MAPLEVIEW	2910	OGILVIE	3350	SACRED HEART
1985	KEEWATIN	2455	MAPLEWOOD	2915	OKABENA	3360	ST ANTHONY
1990	KELLIHER	2460	MARBLE	2920	OKLEE		(HENNEPIN COUNTY)
1995	KELLOGG	2465	MARIETTA	2925	OLIVIA	3362	ST ANTHONY
2005	KENNEDY	2470	MARINE ON ST CROIX	2930	ONAMIA		(STEARNS COUNTY)
2010	KENNETH	2475	MARSHALL	2935	ORMSBY	3365	ST BONIFACIUS
2015	KENSINGTON	2480	MAYER	2940	ORONO	3370	ST CHARLES
2020	KENT	2485	MAYNARD	2942	ORONOCO	3375	ST CLAIR
2025	KENYON	2490	MAZEPPA	2945	ORR	3380	ST CLOUD
2030	KERKHOVEN	2495	MEADOWLANDS	2950	ORTONVILLE	3380	ST CLOUD
2035	KERRICK	2500	MEDFORD	2955	OSAKIS	3382	ST FRANCIS
2040	KETTLE RIVER	2505	MEDICINE LAKE	2955	OSAKIS	3385	ST HILAIRE
2045	KIESTER	2510	MEDINA	2960	OSLO	3390	ST JAMES
2050	KILKENNY	2515	MEIRE GROVE	2965	OSSEO	3395	ST JOSEPH
2055	KIMBALL	2520	MELROSE	2970	OSTRANDER	3400	ST LEO
2060	KINBRAE	2525	MENAHGA	2972	OTSEGO	3405	ST LOUIS PARK
2063	KINGSTON	2532	MENDOTA	2975	OTTERTAIL	3410	ST MARTIN
2065	KINNEY	2535	MENDOTA HEIGHTS	2980	OWATONNA	3415	ST MARYS POINT
2070	LA CRESCENT	2540	MENTOR	2985	PALISADE	3420	ST MICHAEL
2075	LAFAYETTE	2545	MIDDLE RIVER	2990	PARKERS PRAIRIE	3425	ST PAUL
2085	LAKE BENTON	2550	MIESVILLE	2995	PARK RAPIDS	3430	ST PAUL PARK
2090	LAKE BRONSON	2555	MILACA	3000	PAYNESVILLE	3435	ST PETER
2091	LAKE CITY	2560	MILAN	3005	PEASE	3440	ST ROSA
2095	LAKE CRYSTAL	2565	MILLERVILLE	3015	PELICAN RAPIDS	3445	ST STEPHEN
2100	LAKE ELMO	2570	MILLVILLE	3020	PEMBERTON	3450	ST VINCENT
2105	LAKEFIELD	2575	MILROY	3025	PENNOCK	3455	SANBORN
2115	LAKE HENRY	2580	MILTONA	3030	PEQUOT LAKES	3460	SANDSTONE
2120	LAKELAND	2585	MINNEAPOLIS	3035	PERHAM	3465	SARGEANT



3470	SARTELL	3670	STEWARTVILLE	3870	VERGAS	4065	WESTPORT
3470	SARTELL	3675	STILLWATER	3875	VERMILLION	4070	WEST ST PAUL
3475	SAUK CENTRE	3685	STOCKTON	3880	VERNDALE	4075	WEST UNION
3480	SAUK RAPIDS	3690	STORDEN	3885	VERNON CENTER	4080	WHALAN
3485	SAVAGE	3695	STRANDQUIST	3890	VESTA	4085	WHEATON
3490	SCANLON	3700	STRATHCONA	3895	VICTORIA	4090	WHITE BEAR LAKE
3495	SEAFORTH	3705	STURGEON LAKE	3900	VIKING	4095	WILDER
3500	SEBEKA	3710	SUNBURG	3905	VILLARD	4100	WILLERNIE
3505	SEDAN	3715	SUNFISH LAKE	3910	VINING	4105	WILLIAMS
3510	SHAFFER	3720	SWANVILLE	3915	VIRGINIA	4110	WILLMAR
3515	SHAKOPEE	3725	TACONITE	3920	WABASHA	4115	WILLOW RIVER
3520	SHELLY	3730	TAMARACK	3925	WABASSO	4120	WILMONT
3525	SHERBURN	3735	TAOPI	3930	WACONIA	4125	WILTON
3530	SHEVLIN	3740	TAUNTON	3935	WADENA	4130	WINDOM
3535	SHOREVIEW	3745	TAYLORS FALLS	3940	WAHKON	4135	WINGER
3540	SHOREWOOD	3750	TENNEY	3945	WAITE PARK	4140	WINNEBAGO
3545	SILVER BAY	3755	TENSTRIKE	3950	WALDORF	4145	WINONA
3550	SILVER LAKE	3760	THIEF RIVER FALLS	3955	WALKER	4150	WINSTED
3555	SKYLINE	3765	THOMSON	3960	WALNUT GROVE	4155	WINTHROP
3560	SLAYTON	3770	TINTAH	3965	WALTERS	4160	WINTON
3565	SLEEPY EYE	3775	TONKA BAY	3970	WALTHAM	4165	WOLF LAKE
3570	SOBIESKI	3780	TOWER	3975	WANAMINGO	4170	WOLVERTON
3575	SOLWAY	3785	TRACY	3980	WANDA	4173	WOODBURY
3585	SOUTH HAVEN	3790	TRAIL	3985	WARBA	4175	WOOD LAKE
3595	SOUTH ST PAUL	3795	TRIMONT	3990	WARREN	4180	WOODLAND
3600	SPICER	3800	TROMMALD	3995	WARROAD	4185	WOODSTOCK
3605	SPRINGFIELD	3805	TROSKY	4000	WASECA	4190	WORTHINGTON
3610	SPRING GROVE	3810	TRUMAN	4005	WATERTOWN	4195	WRENSHALL
3615	SPRING HILL	3815	TURTLE RIVER	4010	WATERVILLE	4200	WRIGHT
3620	SPRING LAKE PARK	3820	TWIN LAKES	4015	WATKINS	4205	WYKOFF
3625	SPRING PARK	3825	TWIN VALLEY	4020	WATSON	4210	WYOMING
3630	SPRING VALLEY	3830	TWO HARBORS	4025	WAUBUN	4220	ZEMPLE
3635	SQUAW LAKE	3835	TYLER	4030	WAVERLY	4222	ZIMMERMAN
3640	STACY	3840	ULEN	4035	WAYZATA	4225	ZUMBRO FALLS
3645	STAPLES	3845	UNDERWOOD	4040	WELCOME	4230	ZUMBROTA
3650	STARBUCK	3850	UPSALA	4045	WELLS		
3655	STEEN	3855	URBANK	4050	WENDELL		
3660	STEPHEN	3860	UTICA	4055	WESTBROOK		
3665	STEWART	3865	VADNAIS HEIGHTS	4060	WEST CONCORD		

# APPENDIX B: TOWNSHIP CODES

## COUNTY (CODE) CODE TOWNSHIP

### AITKIN COUNTY (1)

001 AITKIN  
002 BALL BLUFF  
003 BALSAM  
004 BEAVER  
005 CLARK  
006 CORNISH  
007 FARM ISLAND  
008 FLEMING  
009 GLEN  
010 HAUGEN  
011 HAZELTON  
012 HILL LAKE  
013 IDUN  
014 JEVNE  
015 KIMBERLY  
016 LAKESIDE  
017 LEE  
018 LIBBY  
019 LOGAN  
020 MC GREGOR  
021 MACVILLE  
022 MALMO  
023 MORRISON  
024 NORDLAND  
025 PLINY  
026 RICE RIVER  
027 SALO  
028 SEAVEY  
029 SHAMROCK  
030 SPALDING  
031 SPENCER  
032 TURNER  
033 VERDON  
034 WAGNER  
035 WAUKENABO  
036 WEALTHWOOD  
037 WHITE PINE  
038 WILLIAMS  
039 WORKMAN  
040 T-44 R-22  
041 MILLWARD  
042 T-45 R-24  
043 T-47 R-24  
044 T-48 R-27  
045 T-49 R-27  
046 T-50 R-27  
047 T-51 R-27  
048 T-52 R-27  
049 T-52 R-25  
050 T-52 R-24  
051 T-51 R-25  
052 T-50 R-25  
053 T-50 R-26  
054 T-52 R-22  
055 T-51 R-22

### ANOKA COUNTY (2)

002 BURNS  
003 COLUMBUS  
006 LINWOOD

### BECKER COUNTY (3)

001 ATLANTA  
002 AUDUBON  
003 BURLINGTON  
004 CALLAWAY  
005 CARSONVILLE  
006 CORMORANT  
007 CUBA  
008 DETROIT  
009 ERIE  
010 EVERGREEN  
012 GREEN VALLEY  
013 HAMDEN  
014 HEIGHT OF LAND  
015 HOLMESVILLE  
016 LAKE EUNICE  
017 LAKE PARK  
018 LAKE VIEW  
019 MAPLE GROVE  
020 OSAGE  
021 PINE POINT

022 RICEVILLE  
023 RICHWOOD  
024 ROUND LAKE  
025 RONEBERG  
026 SAVANNAH  
027 SHELL LAKE  
028 SILVER LEAF  
029 SPRING CREEK  
030 SPRUCE GROVE  
031 SUGAR BUSH  
032 TOAD LAKE  
033 TWO INLETS  
034 WALWORTH  
035 WHITE EARTH  
036 WOLF LAKE  
037 FOREST  
038 EAGLE VIEW

### BELTRAMI COUNTY (4)

001 ALASKA  
002 BATTLE  
003 BEMIDJI  
004 BENVILLE  
005 BIRCH  
006 BUZZLE  
007 CORMANT  
008 DURAND  
009 ECKLES  
010 FROHN  
011 GRANT VALLEY  
012 HAGALI  
013 HAMRE  
014 HINES  
015 HORNET  
016 JONES  
017 KELLIHER  
018 LAMMERS  
019 LANGOR  
020 LEE  
021 LIBERTY  
022 MAPLE RIDGE  
023 MINNIE  
024 MOOSE LAKE  
025 NEBISH  
026 NORTHERN  
027 OBRIEN  
028 PORT HOPE  
029 QUIRING  
030 ROOSEVELT  
031 SHOOKS  
032 SHOTLEY  
033 SPRUCE GROVE  
034 STEENERSON  
035 SUGAR BUSH  
036 SUMMIT  
037 TEN LAKE  
038 TURTLE LAKE  
039 TURTLE RIVER  
040 WOODROW  
043 WASKISH  
044 T-146 R-30  
045 TAYLOR  
046 T-158 R-38  
047 T-158 R-37  
048 T-158 R-36  
049 T-157 R-38  
050 T-157 R-37  
051 T-157 R-36  
052 T-156 R-35  
053 T-156 R-34  
054 T-156 R-33  
055 T-156 R-32  
056 T-156 R-31  
057 T-156 R-30  
058 T-155 R-35  
059 T-155 R-34  
060 T-155 R-33  
061 T-155 R-32  
062 T-155 R-31  
063 T-154 R-38  
064 T-154 R-37  
065 T-154 R-36  
066 T-154 R-35  
067 T-154 R-34  
068 T-154 R-33  
070 T-153 R-38

071 T-153 R-37  
072 T-153 R-36  
073 T-153 R-35  
074 T-153 R-34  
075 T-153 R-33  
076 T-153 R-32  
077 T-153 R-30  
078 T-151 R-32  
079 T-152 R-32  
080 T-152 R-33  
081 T-152 R-34  
083 T-151 R-33  
084 T-151 R-34  
085 T-151 R-35  
086 T-150 R-35  
087 T-150 R-34  
088 T-150 R-33

### BENTON COUNTY (5)

001 ALBERTA  
002 GILMANTON  
003 GLENDORADO  
004 GRAHAM  
005 GRANITE LEDGE  
006 LANGOLA  
007 MAYHEW LAKE  
008 MAYWOOD  
009 MINDEN  
010 ST GEORGE  
011 SAUK RAPIDS  
012 WATAB

### BIG STONE COUNTY (6)

001 AKRON  
002 ALMOND  
003 ARTICHOKE  
004 BIG STONE  
005 BROWNS VALLEY  
006 FOSTER  
007 GRACEVILLE  
008 MALTA  
009 MOONSHINE  
010 ODESSA  
011 ORTONVILLE  
012 OTREY  
013 PRIOR  
014 TOQUA

### BLUE EARTH COUNTY (7)

001 BEAUFORD  
002 BUTTERNUT VALLEY  
003 CAMBRIA  
004 CERESCO  
005 DANVILLE  
006 DECORIA  
007 GARDEN CITY  
008 JAMESTOWN  
009 JUDSON  
010 LE RAY  
011 LIME  
012 LINCOLN  
013 LYRA  
014 MC PHERSON  
015 MANKATO  
016 MAPLETON  
017 MEDO  
018 PLEASANT MOUND  
019 RAPIDAN  
020 SHELBY  
021 SOUTH BEND  
022 STERLING  
023 VERNON CENTER

### BROWN COUNTY (8)

001 ALBIN  
002 BASHAW  
003 BURNSTOWN  
004 COTTONWOOD  
005 EDEN  
006 HOME  
007 LAKE HANSKA  
008 LEAVENWORTH  
009 LINDEN  
010 MILFORD  
011 MULLIGAN  
012 NORTH STAR  
013 PRAIRIEVILLE  
014 SIGEL  
015 STARK

### 016 STATELY CARLTON COUNTY (9)

001 ATKINSON  
002 AUTOMBA  
003 BARNUM  
004 BESEMAN  
005 BLACKHOOF  
006 HOLYOKE  
007 KALEVALA  
009 LAKEVIEW  
010 MAHTOWA  
011 MOOSE LAKE  
012 SILVER  
013 SILVER BROOK  
014 SKELTON  
015 SPLIT ROCK  
016 THOMSON  
017 TWIN LAKES  
018 WRENSHALL  
026 T-46 R-17  
027 T-49 R-20  
028 T-49 R-19  
029 PERCH LAKE  
030 T-48 R-20  
031 T-48 R-19  
032 T-48 R-18

### CARVER COUNTY (10)

001 BENTON  
002 CAMDEN  
004 CHASKA  
005 DAHLGREN  
006 HANCOCK  
007 HOLLYWOOD  
008 LAKETOWN  
009 SAN FRANCISCO  
010 WACONIA  
011 WATERTOWN  
012 YOUNG AMERICA

### CASS COUNTY (11)

001 ANSEL  
002 BARCLAY  
003 BECKER  
004 BEULAH  
005 BIRCH LAKE  
006 BLIND LAKE  
007 BOY LAKE  
008 BOY RIVER  
009 BULL MOOSE  
010 BUNGO  
011 BYRON  
012 CROOKED LAKE  
013 DEERFIELD  
014 FAIRVIEW  
015 GOULD  
016 HIRAM  
017 HOME BROOK  
018 KEGO  
019 LEECH LAKE  
020 LIMA  
021 LOON LAKE  
022 MCKINLEY  
023 MAPLE  
024 MAY  
025 MEADOW BROOK  
026 MOOSE LAKE  
027 PIKE BAY  
028 PINE LAKE  
029 PINE RIVER  
030 PONTO LAKE  
031 POPLAR  
032 POWERS  
033 REMER  
034 ROGERS  
035 SALEM  
036 SHINGOBBEE  
037 SLATER  
038 SMOKY HOLLOW  
039 SYLVAN  
040 THUNDER LAKE  
041 TORREY  
042 TRELIPE  
043 TURTLE LAKE  
044 WABEDO  
045 WAHNEA  
046 WALDEN

047	WILKINSON	017	POPPL	010	GARRISON	001	AMHERST
048	WILSON	018	RICE	011	IDEAL	002	ARENDAHL
049	WOODROW	019	SHELVIN	012	IRONDALE	003	BEAVER
050	T-143 R-30	020	SINCLAIR	013	JENKINS	004	BLOOMFIELD
051	PENINSULA	021	WINSOR	014	LAKE EDWARDS	005	BRISTOL
054	T-144 R-28	022	T-143 R-36	015	LITTE PINE	006	CANTON
055	T-144 R-27	023	T-143 R-37	016	LONG LAKE	007	CARIMONA
056	T-144 R-26	024	T-152 R-38	017	MAPLE GROVE	008	CARROLTON
057	T-145 R 30	025	T-152 R-37	018	MISSION	009	CHATFIELD
058	T-145 R-29	026	T-152 R-36	019	NOKAY LAKE	010	FILLMORE
059	T-145 R-28	027	T-151 R-38	020	OAK LAWN	011	FORESTVILLE
060	T-145 R-27	028	T-151 R-37	021	PELICAN	012	HARMONY
062	T-146 R-29	029	T-151 R-36	022	PERRY LAKE	013	HOLT
064	T-146 R-27	030	T-150 R-37	023	PLATTE LAKE	014	JORDAN
066	T-142 R-25	031	T-150 R-36	024	RABBIT LAKE	015	NEWBURG
067	INGUADONA			025	ROOSEVELT	016	NORWAY
068	EAST GULL LAKE			026	ROSS LAKE	017	PILOT MOUND
<b>CHIPPEWA COUNTY (12)</b>		<b>COOK COUNTY (16)</b>		027	ST MATHIAS	018	PREBLE
001	BIG BEND	001	SCHROEDER	028	SIBLEY	019	PRESTON
002	CRATE	002	TOFTE	029	TIMOTHY	020	SPRING VALLEY
003	GRACE	003	LUTSEN	030	WOLFORD	021	SUMNER
004	GRANITE FALLS	008	T-60 R-2	031	T-134 R-29	022	YORK
005	HAVELOCK	012	T-61 R-2	032	T-134 R-28	023	FOUNTAIN
006	KRAGERO	013	T-61 R-1	<b>DAKOTA COUNTY (19)</b>		<b>FREEBORN COUNTY (24)</b>	
007	LEENTHROP	014	T-61 R-1E	001	CASTLE ROCK	001	ALBERT LEA
008	LONE TREE	018	T-62 R-2	002	DOUGLAS	002	ALDEN
009	LOURISTON	019	T-62 R-1	004	EMPIRE	003	BANCROFT
010	MANDT	020	T-62 R-1E	005	EUREKA	004	BATH
011	RHEIDERLAND	021	T-62 R-2E	006	GREENVALE	005	CARLSTON
012	ROSEWOOD	022	T-62 R-3E	007	HAMPTON	006	FREEBORN
013	SPARTA	023	T-62 R-4E	008	MARSHAN	007	FREEMAN
014	STONEHAM	024	T-62 R-5E	009	NININGER	008	GENEVA
015	TUNSBURG	028	T-63 R-2	010	RANDOLPH	009	HARTLAND
016	WOODS	029	T-63 R-1	011	RAVENNA	010	HAYWARD
<b>CHISAGO COUNTY (13)</b>		030	T-63 R-1E	012	SCIOTA	011	LONDON
001	AMADOR	031	T-63 R-2E	013	VERMILLION	012	MANCHESTER
002	CHISAGO LAKE	032	T-63 R-3E	014	WATERFORD	013	MANSFIELD
003	FISH LAKE	033	T-63 R-4E	<b>DODGE COUNTY (20)</b>		014	MOSCOW
004	FRANCONIA	034	T-63 R-5E	001	ASHLAND	015	NEWRY
005	LENT	035	T-63 R-6E	002	CANISTEO	016	NUNDA
006	NESSSEL	036	T-64 R-5	003	CLAREMONT	017	OAKLAND
007	RUSHSEBA	037	T-64 R-4	004	CONCORD	018	PICKEREL LAKE
008	SHAFFER	038	T-64 R-3	005	ELLINGTON	019	RICELAND
009	SUNRISE	039	T-64 R-2	006	HAYFIELD	020	SHELL ROCK
010	WYOMING	040	T-64 R-1	007	MANTORVILLE	<b>GOODHUE COUNTY (25)</b>	
<b>CLAY COUNTY (14)</b>		041	T-64 R-1E	008	MILTON	001	BELLE CREEK
001	ALLIANCE	042	T-64 R-2E	009	RIPLEY	002	BELVIDERE
002	BARNESVILLE	043	T-64 R-3E	010	VERNON	003	CANNON FALLS
003	CROMWELL	044	T-64 R-4E	011	WASIOJA	004	CHERRY GROVE
004	EGLON	045	T-64 R-5E	012	WESTFIELD	005	FEATHERSTONE
005	ELKTON	046	T-64 R-6E	<b>DOUGLAS COUNTY (21)</b>		006	FLORENCE
006	ELMWOOD	047	T-64 R-7E	001	ALEXANDRIA	007	GOODHUE
007	FELTON	048	T-65 R-5	002	BELLE RIVER	008	HAY CREEK
008	FLOWING	049	T-65 R-4	003	BRANDON	009	HOLDEN
009	GEORGETOWN	050	T-65 R-3	004	CARLOS	010	KENYON
010	GLYNDON	051	T-65 R-2	005	EVANSVILLE	011	LEON
011	GOOSE PRAIRIE	052	T-65 R-1	006	HOLMES CITY	012	MINNEOLA
012	HAGEN	053	T-65 R-1E	007	HUDSON	013	PINE ISLAND
013	HAWLEY	054	T-65 R-2E	008	IDA	014	ROSCOE
014	HIGHLAND GROVE	055	T-65 R-3E	009	LA GRAND	015	STANTON
015	HOLY CROSS	056	T-66 R-5	010	LAKE MARY	016	VASA
016	HUMBOLDT	057	T-66 R-4	011	LEAF VALLEY	017	WANAMINGO
017	KEENE	058	T-67 R-4	012	LUND	018	WARSAW
018	KRAGNES	059	T-61 R-2E	013	MILLERVILLE	019	WELCH
019	KURTZ	060	T-61 R-3E	014	MILTONA	020	ZUMBROTA
020	MOLAND	061	T-58 R-4	015	MOE	021	WACOUTA
<b>COTTONWOOD COUNTY (17)</b>		<b>CROW WING COUNTY (18)</b>		016	ORANGE	022	CENTRAL POINT
001	AMBOY	001	BAY LAKE	017	OSAKIS	<b>GRANT COUNTY (26)</b>	
002	AMO	002	CENTER	018	SOLEM	001	DELAWARE
003	ANN	003	CROW WING	019	SPRUCE HILL	002	ELBOW LAKE
004	CARSON	004	DAGGETT BROOK	020	URNES	003	ELK LAKE
005	DALE	005	T-136 R-25	<b>FARIBAUT COUNTY (22)</b>		004	ERDAHL
006	DELTON	006	DEERWOOD	001	BARBER	005	GORTON
007	GERMANTOWN	007	FAIRFIELD	002	BLUE EARTH CITY	006	LAND
008	GREAT BEND	008	FORT RIPLEY	003	BRUSH CREEK	007	LAWRENCE
009	HIGHWATER	009	GAIL LAKE	004	CLARK	008	LIEN
010	LAKESIDE			005	DELAVAN	009	LOGAN
011	MIDWAY			006	DUNBAR	010	MACSVILLE
012	MOUNTAIN LAKE			007	ELMORE	011	NORTH OTTAWA
013	ROSE HILL			008	EMERALD	012	PELICAN LAKE
014	SELMA			009	FOSTER	013	POMME DE TERRE
015	SOUTHBROOK			010	JO DAVIESS	014	ROSEVILLE
016	SPRINGFIELD			011	KIESTER	015	SANFORD
017	STORDEN			012	LURA	016	STONY BROOK
018	WESTBROOK			013	MINNESOTA LAKE	<b>HENNEPIN COUNTY (27)</b>	
<b>CLEARWATER COUNTY (15)</b>				014	PILOT GROVE	001	HASSAN
001	BEAR CREEK			015	PRESCOTT	<b>HOUSTON COUNTY (28)</b>	
002	CLOVER			016	ROME	001	BLACK HAMMER
003	COPLEY			017	SEELY	002	BROWNSVILLE
004	DUDLEY			018	VERONA	003	CALEDONIA
005	EDDY			019	WALNUT LAKE	004	CROOKED CREEK
006	FALK			020	WINNEBAGO CITY	005	HOKAH
007	GREENWOOD			<b>FILLMORE COUNTY (23)</b>		006	HOUSTON
008	HANGAARD						
009	HOLST						
010	ITASCA						
011	LA PRAIRIE						
012	LEON						
013	MINERVA						
014	MOOSE CREEK						
015	NORA						
016	PINE LAKE						

007	JEFFERSON	039	WAWINA	016	LAKE LILLIAN	053	T-63 R-26
008	LA CRESCENT	040	WIRT	017	MAMRE	054	T-63 R-25
009	MAYVILLE	041	LIBERTY	018	NEW LONDON	055	T-63 R-24
010	MONEY CREEK	042	SPLIT HAND	019	NORWAY LAKE	056	T-63 R-23
011	MOUND PRAIRIE	043	T-53 R-25	020	ROSELAND	057	T-63 R-22
012	SHELDON	044	T-55 R-23	021	ROSEVILLE	058	T-64 R-27
013	SPRING GROVE	045	T-54 R-26	022	ST JOHNS	059	T-64 R-26
014	UNION	046	T-54 R-27	023	WHITEFIELD	060	T-64 R-25
015	WILMINGTON	047	T-55 R-27	024	WILLMAR	061	T-64 R-24
016	WINNEBAGO	048	T-56 R-27	<b>KITTSON COUNTY (35)</b>		062	T-64 R-23
017	YUCATAN	049	T-56 R-26	001	ARVESON	063	T-64 R-22
<b>HUBBARD COUNTY (29)</b>		050	T-57 R-26	002	CANNON	064	T-65 R-27
001	AKELEY	051	T-58 R-26	003	CARIBOU	065	T-65 R-26
002	ARAGO	052	T-58 R-27	004	CLOW	066	T-65 R-25
003	BADOURA	053	T-58 R-22	005	DAVIS	067	T-65 R-24
004	CLOVER	054	T-58 R-23	006	DEERWOOD	068	T-65 R-23
005	CROW WING LAKE	055	T-59 R-25	007	GRANVILLE	069	T-65 R-22
006	FARDEN	056	T-59 R-24	008	HALLOCK	070	T-66 R-27
007	FERN	057	T-59 R-23	009	HAMPDEN	071	T-66 R-26
008	GUTHRIE	058	T-59 R-22	010	HAZELTON	072	T-66 R-25
009	HART LAKE	059	T-60 R-23	011	HILL	073	T-66 R-22
010	HELGA	060	T-60 R-24	012	JUPITER	074	T-67 R-27
011	HENDRICKSON	061	T-60 R-25	013	MCKINLEY	075	T-67 R-26
012	HENRIETTA	062	T-61 R-25	014	NORTH RED RIVER	076	T-67 R-25
013	HUBBARD	063	T-61 R-24	015	NORWAY	077	T-67 R-24
014	LAKE ALICE	064	T-61 R-23	016	PELAN	078	T-67 R-23
015	LAKE GEORGE	065	T-145 R-26	017	PERCY	079	T-67 R-22
016	LAKE HATTIE	066	T-146 R-29	018	POPPELTON	080	T-68 R-27
017	LAKEPORT	067	T-146 R-28	019	RICHARDVILLE	081	T-68 R-26
018	MANTRAP	068	T-146 R-27	020	ST JOSEPH	082	T-68 R-25
019	NEVIS	069	T-146 R-26	021	ST VINCENT	083	T-68 R-24
020	ROCKWOOD	070	T-147 R-29	022	SKANE	084	T-68 R-23
021	SCHOOLCRAFT	071	T-147 R-28	023	SPRING BROOK	085	T-68 R-22
022	STRAIGHT RIVER	072	T-147 R-27	024	SVEA	086	T-69 R-27
023	THORPE	073	T-147 R-26	025	TEGNER	087	T-69 R-26
024	TODD	074	T-62 R-27	026	TEIEN	088	T-69 R-25
025	WHITE OAK	075	T-62 R-25	027	THOMPSON	089	T-69 R-24
026	CLAY	076	T-62 R-26	028	T-162 R-45	090	T-69 R-23
027	STEAMBOAT RIVER	077	T-144 R-26	029	T-161 R-45	091	T-69 R-22
033	LAKE EMMA	078	T-143 R-25	030	SOUTH RED RIVER	092	T-70 R-27
<b>ISANTI COUNTY (30)</b>		<b>JACKSON COUNTY (32)</b>		<b>KOOCHICHIING COUNTY (36)</b>		093	T-70 R-26
001	ATHENS	001	ALBA	001	T-66 R-24	094	T-70 R-25
002	BRADFORD	002	BELMONT	002	T-151 R-29	095	T-70 R-24
003	CAMBRIDGE	003	CHRISTIANIA	003	T-151 R-28	096	T-70 R-23
004	DALBO	004	DELAFIELD	004	T-151 R-27	097	T-70 R-22
005	ISANTI	005	DES MOINES	005	T-151 R-26	098	T-71 R-24
006	MAPLE RIDGE	006	ENTERPRISE	006	T-151 R-25	099	T-71 R-23
007	NORTH BRANCH	007	EWINGTON	007	T-152 R-29	100	T-71 R-22
008	OXFORD	008	HERON LAKE	008	T-152 R-28	101	T-66 R-23
009	SPENCER BROOK	009	HUNTER	009	T-152 R-27	<b>LAC QUI PARLE COUNTY (37)</b>	
010	SPRINGVALE	010	KIMBALL	010	T-152 R-26	001	AGASSIZ
011	STANCHFIELD	011	LA CROSSE	011	T-152 R-25	002	ARENA
012	STANFORD	012	MIDDLETOWN	012	T-153 R-29	003	AUGUSTA
013	WYANETT	013	MINNEOTA	013	T-153 R-28	004	BAXTER
<b>ITASCA COUNTY (31)</b>		014	PETERSBURG	014	T-153 R-27	005	CAMP RELEASE
001	ALVWOOD	015	ROST	015	T-153 R-26	006	CERRO GORDO
002	ARBO	016	ROUND LAKE	016	T-153 R-25	007	FREELAND
003	ARDENHURST	017	SIoux VALLEY	017	T-154 R-29	008	GARFIELD
004	BALSAM	018	WEIMER	018	T-154 R-28	009	HAMLIN
006	BEARVILLE	019	W HERON LAKE	019	T-154 R-27	010	HANTHO
007	BIG FORK	020	WISCONSIN	020	T-154 R-26	011	LAC QUI PARLE
008	BLACKBERRY	<b>KANABEC COUNTY (33)</b>		021	T-154 R-25	012	LAKE SHORE
009	BOWSTRING	001	ANN LAKE	022	T-155 R-29	013	MADISON
010	CARPENTER	002	ARTHUR	023	T-155 R-28	014	MANFRED
011	DEER RIVER	003	BRUNSWICK	024	T-155 R-27	015	MAXWELL
012	FEELEY	004	COMFORT	025	T-155 R-26	016	MEHURIN
013	GOOD HOPE	005	FORD	026	T-155 R-25	017	PERRY
014	GOODLAND	006	GRASS LAKE	027	T-156 R-29	018	PROVIDENCE
015	GRAND RAPIDS	007	HAY BROOK	028	T-156 R-28	019	RIVERSIDE
016	GRATTAN	008	HILLMAN	029	T-156 R-27	020	TEN MILE LAKE
017	GREENWAY	009	KANABEC	030	T-156 R-26	021	WALTER
018	HARRIS	010	KNIFE LAKE	031	T-156 R-25	022	YELLOW BANK
019	IRON RANGE	011	KROSCHEL	032	T-157 R-29	<b>LAKE COUNTY (38)</b>	
020	KINGHURST	012	PEACE	033	T-157 R-28	001	BEAVER BAY
021	LAKE JESSIE	013	POMROY	034	T-157 R-27	002	CRYSTAL BAY
022	LAWRENCE	014	SOUTH FORK	035	T-157 R-26	003	FALL LAKE
023	LONE PINE	015	WHITED	036	T-157 R-25	004	SILVER CREEK
024	MARCELL	<b>KANDIYOHI COUNTY (34)</b>		037	T-158 R-29	005	T-52 R-11
025	MAX	001	ARCTANDER	038	T-158 R-28	006	T-53 R-11
026	MOOSE PARK	002	BURBANK	039	T-158 R-27	007	T-54 R-11
027	MORSE	003	COLFAX	040	T-158 R-26	008	T-55 R-11
028	NASHWAUK	004	DOVRE	041	T-158 R-25	009	T-56 R-11
029	NORE	005	EAST LAKE LILLIAN	042	T-159 R-29	010	T-57 R-11
030	OTENEAGEN	006	EDWARDS	043	T-159 R-28	011	T-57 R-6
031	POMROY	007	FAHLUN	044	T-159 R-27	012	T-58 R-11
032	SAGO	008	GENNESSEE	045	T-159 R-26	015	T-58 R-6
033	SAND LAKE	009	GREEN LAKE	046	T-159 R-25	016	T-59 R-11
034	SPANG	010	HARRISON	047	T-160 R-29	019	T-59 R-6
035	STOKES	011	HOLLAND	048	T-160 R-28	023	T-60 R-6
036	THIRD RIVER	012	IRVING	049	T-160 R-27	027	T-61 R-6
037	TROUT LAKE	013	KANDIYOHI	050	T-160 R-26	031	T-62 R-6
038	WABANA	014	LAKE ANDREW	051	T-160 R-25	032	STONY RIVER
		015	LAKE ELIZABETH	052	T-63 R-27	<b>LAKE OF THE WOODS COUNTY (39)</b>	

001	T-157 R-35	018	STANLEY	008	GALENA	011	LYLE
002	T-157 R-34	019	VALLERS	009	JAY	012	MARSHALL
003	T-157 R-33	020	WESTERHEIM	010	LAKE BELT	013	NEVADA
004	T-157 R-32	<b>MCLEOD COUNTY (43)</b>		011	LAKE FREMONT	014	PLEASANT VALLEY
005	T-157 R-31	001	ACOMA	012	MANYASKA	015	RACINE
006	T-157 R-30	002	BERGEN	013	NASHVILLE	016	RED ROCK
007	T-158 R-35	003	COLLINS	014	PLEASANT PRAIRIE	017	SARGEANT
008	T-158 R-34	004	GLENCOE	015	ROLLING GREEN	018	UDOLPHO
009	T-158 R-33	005	HALE	016	RUTLAND	019	WALTHAM
010	T-158 R-32	006	HASSAN VALLEY	017	SILVER LAKE	020	WINDOM
011	T-158 R-31	007	HELEN	018	TENHASSEN	<b>MURRAY COUNTY (51)</b>	
012	T-158 R-30	008	HUTCHINSON	019	WAVERLY	001	BELFAST
013	T-159 R-36	009	LYNN	020	WESTFORD	002	BONDIN
014	T-159 R-35	010	PENN	<b>MEEKER COUNTY (45)</b>		003	CAMERON
015	T-159 R-34	011	RICH VALLEY	001	ACTON	004	CHANARAMBIE
016	T-159 R-33	012	ROUND GROVE	002	CEDAR MILLS	005	DES MOINES RIVER
017	T-159 R-32	013	SUMTER	003	COLLINWOOD	006	DORVAY
018	T-159 R-31	014	WINSTED	004	COSMOS	007	ELLSBOROUGH
019	T-159 R-30	<b>MAHNOMEN COUNTY (44)</b>		005	DANIELSON	008	FENTON
020	T-160 R-36	001	BEAULIEU	006	DARWIN	009	HOLLY
021	T-160 R-35	002	BEJOU	007	DASSEL	010	IONA
022	T-160 R-34	003	CHIEF	008	ELLSWORTH	011	LAKE SARAH
023	T-160 R-33	004	CLOVER	009	FOREST CITY	012	LEEDS
024	T-160 R-32	005	GREGORY	010	FOREST PRAIRIE	013	LIME LAKE
025	T-160 R-31	006	HEIER	011	GREENLEAF	014	LOWVILLE
026	T-160 R-30	007	ISLAND LAKE	012	HARVEY	015	MASON
027	T-161 R-34	008	LA GARDE	013	KINGSTON	016	MOULTON
028	T-161 R-33	009	LAKE GROVE	014	LITCHFIELD	017	MURRAY
029	T-161 R-32	010	MARSH CREEK	015	MANANNAH	018	SHETEK
030	T-161 R-31	011	OAKLAND	016	SWEDE GROVE	019	SKANDIA
031	T-162 R-34	012	PEMBINA	017	UNION GROVE	020	SLAYTON
032	T-162 R-33	013	POPPLE GROVE	<b>MILLE LACS COUNTY (48)</b>		<b>NICOLLET COUNTY (52)</b>	
033	T-162 R-32	014	ROSEDALE	001	BOGUS BROOK	001	BELGRADE
034	T-163 R-34	015	TWIN LAKES	002	BORGHOLM	002	BERNADOTTE
035	T-163 R-33	016	T-143 R-39	003	BRADBURY	003	BRIGHTON
036	T-166 R-35	<b>MARSHALL COUNTY (45)</b>		004	DAILEY	004	COURTLAND
037	T-166 R-34	001	AGDER	005	EAST SIDE	005	GRANBY
038	T-166 R-33	002	ALMA	006	GREENBUSH	006	LAFAYETTE
039	T-167 R-35	003	AUGSBURG	007	HAYLAND	007	LAKE PRAIRIE
040	T-167 R-34	004	BIG WOODS	008	ISLE HARBOR	008	NEW SWEDEN
041	T-167 R-34	005	BLOOMER	009	KATHIO	009	NICOLLET
042	T-168 R-35	006	BOXVILLE	010	LEWIS	010	OSHAWA
043	T-168 R-34	007	CEDAR	011	MILACA	011	RIDGELY
044	T-168 R-33	008	COMO	012	MILO	012	TRAVERSE
<b>LE SUEUR COUNTY (40)</b>		009	COMSTOCK	013	MUDGETT	013	WEST NEWTON
001	CLEVELAND	010	DONNELLY	014	ONAMIA	<b>NOBLES COUNTY (53)</b>	
002	CORDOVA	011	EAGLE POINT	015	PAGE	001	BIGELOW
003	DERRYNANE	012	EAST PARK	016	PRINCETON	002	BLOOM
004	ELYSIAN	013	EAST VALLEY	017	SOUTH HARBOR	003	DEWALD
005	KASOTA	014	ECKVOLL	<b>MORRISON COUNTY (49)</b>		004	ELK
006	KILKENNY	015	ESPELIE	001	AGRAM	005	GRAHAM LAKES
007	LANESBURGH	016	EXCEL	002	BELLE PRAIRIE	006	GRAND PRAIRIE
008	LEXINGTON	017	FOLDAHL	003	BELLEVUE	007	HERSEY
009	MONTGOMERY	018	FORK	004	BUCKMAN	008	INDIAN LAKE
010	OTTAWA	019	GRAND PLAIN	005	BUH	009	LARKIN
011	SHARON	020	HOLT	006	CLOUGH	010	LEOTA
012	TYRONE	021	HUNTLY	007	CULDRUM	011	LISMORE
013	WASHINGTON	022	LINCOLN	008	DARLING	012	LITTLE ROCK
014	WATERVILLE	023	LINSELL	009	ELMDALE	013	LORAIN
<b>LINCOLN COUNTY (41)</b>		024	MC CREA	010	GRANITE	014	OLNEY
001	ALTA VISTA	025	MARSH GROVE	011	GREEN PRAIRIE	015	RANSOM
002	ASH LAKE	026	MIDDLE RIVER	012	HILLMAN	016	SEWARD
003	DIAMOND LAKE	027	MOOSE RIVER	013	LAKIN	017	SUMMIT LAKE
004	DRAMMEN	028	MOYLAN	014	LEIGH	018	WESTSIDE
005	HANSONVILLE	029	NELSON PARK	015	LITTLE FALLS	019	WILMONT
006	HENDRICKS	030	NEW FOLDEN	016	MORRILL	020	WORTHINGTON
007	HOPE	031	NEW MAINE	017	MOTLEY	<b>NORMAN COUNTY (54)</b>	
008	LAKE BENTON	032	NEW SOLUM	018	MOUNT MORRIS	001	ANTHONY
009	LAKE STAY	033	OAK PARK	019	PARKER	002	BEAR PARK
010	LIMESTONE	034	PARKER	020	PIERZ	003	FLOM
011	MARBLE	035	ROLLIS	021	PIKE CREEK	004	FOSSUM
012	MARSHFIELD	036	SINNOTT	022	PLATTE	005	GOOD HOPE
013	ROYAL	037	SPRUCE VALLEY	023	PULASKI	006	GREEN MEADOW
014	SHAOKATAN	038	TAMARAC	024	RAIL PRAIRIE	007	HALSTAD
015	VERDI	039	THIEF LAKE	025	RICHARDSON	008	HEGNE
<b>LYON COUNTY (42)</b>		040	VALLEY	026	RIPLEY	009	HENDRUM
001	AMIRET	041	VEGA	027	ROSGING	010	HOME LAKE
002	CLIFTON	042	VELDT	028	SCANDIA VALLEY	011	LAKE IDA
003	COON CREEK	043	VIKING	029	SWAN RIVER	012	LEE
004	CUSTER	044	WANGER	030	SWANVILLE	013	LOCKHART
005	EIDSVOLD	045	WARRENTON	031	TWO RIVERS	014	MCDONALDSVILLE
006	FAIRVIEW	046	WEST VALLEY	032	CUSHING	015	MARY
007	GRANDVIEW	047	WHITEFORD	<b>MOWER COUNTY (50)</b>		016	PLEASANT VIEW
008	ISLAND LAKE	048	WRIGHT	001	ADAMS	017	ROCKWELL
009	LAKE MARSHAL	049	T-156 R-41	002	AUSTIN	018	SHELLY
010	LUCAS	<b>MARTIN COUNTY (46)</b>		003	BENNINGTON	019	SPRING CREEK
011	LYND	001	CEDAR	004	CLAYTON	020	STRAND
012	LYONS	002	CENTER CREEK	005	DEXTER	021	SUNDAL
013	MONROE	003	EAST CHAIN	006	FRANKFORD	022	WAUKON
014	NORDLAND	004	ELM CREEK	007	GRAND MEADOW	023	WILD RICE
015	ROCK LAKE	005	FAIRMONT	008	LANSING	024	WINCHESTER
016	SHELBURNE	006	FOX LAKE	009	LE ROY	<b>OLMSTED COUNTY (55)</b>	
017	SODUS	007	FRASER	010	LODI	001	CASCADE

000	DOVER	013	POLK CENTRE	037	LESSOR	006	BROOKFIELD	
003	ELMIRA	014	REINER	038	LIBERTY	007	CAIRO	
004	EYOTA	015	RIVER FALLS	039	LOWELL	008	CAMP	
005	FARMINGTON	016	ROCKSBURY	040	NESBIT	009	CROOKS	
006	HAVERHILL	017	SANDERS	041	NORTHLAND	010	EMMET	
007	HIGH FOREST	018	SILVERTON	042	ONSTAD	011	ERICSON	
008	KALMAR	019	SMILEY	043	PARNELL	012	FLORA	
009	MARION	020	STAR	044	QUEEN	013	HAWK CREEK	
010	NEW HAVEN	021	WYANDOTTE	045	REIS	014	HECTOR	
011	ORION	PINE COUNTY (58)			046	RHINEHART	015	HENRYVILLE
012	ORONOCO	001	ARLONE	047	ROOME	016	KINGMAN	
013	PLEASANT GROVE	002	ARNA	048	ROSEBUD	017	MARTINSBURG	
014	QUINCY	003	BARRY	049	RUSSIA	018	MELVILLE	
015	ROCHESTER	004	BIRCH CREEK	050	SANDSVILLE	019	NORFOLK	
016	ROCK DELL	005	BREMEN	051	SCANDIA	020	OSCEOLA	
017	SALEM	006	BROOK PARK	052	SLETTEN	021	PALMYRA	
018	VIOLA	007	BRUNO	053	SULLIVAN	022	PRESTON LAKE	
OTTER TAIL COUNTY (56)		008	CHENGWATANA	054	TABOR	023	SACRED HEART	
001	AASTAD	009	CLOVER	055	TILDEN	024	TROY	
002	AMOR	010	CROSBY	056	TYNSID	025	WANG	
003	AURDAL	011	DANFORTH	057	VINELAND	026	WELLINGTON	
004	BLOWERS	012	DELL GROVE	058	WINGER	027	WINFIELD	
005	BLUFFTON	013	FINLAYSON	059	WOODSIDE	RICE COUNTY (66)		
006	BUSE	014	FLEMING	POPE COUNTY (61)		001	BRIDGEWATER	
007	BUTLER	015	HINCKLEY	001	BANGOR	002	CANNON CITY	
008	CANDOR	016	KERRICK	002	BARNESS	003	ERIN	
009	CARLISLE	017	KETTLE RIVER	003	BEN WADE	004	FOREST	
010	CLITHERALL	018	MISSION CREEK	004	BLUE MOUNDS	005	MORRISTOWN	
011	COMPTON	019	MUNCH	005	CHIPPEWA FALLS	006	NORTHFIELD	
012	CORLISS	020	NEW DOSEY	006	GILCHRIST	007	RICHLAND	
013	DANE PRAIRIE	021	NICKERSON	007	GLENWOOD	008	SHIELDSVILLE	
014	DEAD LAKE	022	NORMAN	008	GROVE LAKE	009	WALCOTT	
015	DEER CREEK	023	OGEMA	009	HOFF	010	WARSAW	
016	DORA	024	PARK	010	LAKE JOHANNA	011	WEBSTER	
017	DUNN	025	PARTRIDGE	011	LANGHEI	012	WELLS	
018	EAGLE LAKE	026	PINE CITY	012	LEVEN	013	WHEATLAND	
019	EASTERN	027	PINE LAKE	013	MINNEWASKA	014	WHEELING	
020	EDNA	028	POKEGAMA	014	NEW PRAIRIE	ROCK COUNTY (67)		
021	EFFINGTON	029	ROYALTON	015	NORA	001	BATTLE PLAIN	
022	ELIZABETH	030	SANDSTONE	016	RENO	002	BEAVER CREEK	
023	ELMO	031	STURGEON LAKE	017	ROLLING FORKS	003	CLINTON	
024	ERHARDS GROVE	032	WILMA	018	WALDEN	004	DENVER	
025	EVERTS	033	WINDEMERE	019	WESTPORT	005	KANARANZI	
026	FERGUS FALLS	PIPESTONE COUNTY (59)		020	WHITE BEAR LAKE	006	LUVERNE	
027	FOLDEN	001	AETNA	RAMSEY COUNTY (62)		007	MAGNOLIA	
028	FRIBERG	002	ALTONA	001	WHITE BEAR	008	MARTIN	
029	GIRARD	003	BURKE	RED LAKE COUNTY (63)		009	MOUND	
030	GORMAN	004	EDEN	001	BROWNS CREEK	010	ROSE DELL	
031	HENNING	005	ELMER	002	EMARDVILLE	011	SPRINGWATER	
032	HOBART	006	FOUNTAIN PRAIRIE	003	EQUALITY	012	VIENNA	
033	HOMESTEAD	007	GRANGE	004	GARNES	ROSEAU COUNTY (68)		
034	INMAN	008	GRAY	005	GERVAIS	001	BARNETT	
035	LEAF LAKE	009	OSBORNE	006	LAKE PLEASANT	002	BARTO	
036	LEAF MOUNTAIN	010	ROCK	007	LAMBERT	003	BEAVER	
037	LIDA	011	SWEET	008	LOUISVILLE	004	T-163 R-44	
038	MAINE	012	TROY	009	POPLAR RIVER	005	CEDARBEND	
039	MAPLEWOOD	POLK COUNTY (60)		010	RED LAKE FALLS	006	DEER	
040	NEWTON	001	ANDOVER	011	RIVER	007	DEWEY	
041	NIDAROS	002	ANGUS	012	TERREBONNE	008	DIETER	
042	NORWEGIAN GROVE	003	BADGER	013	WYLIE	009	ENSTROM	
043	OAK VALLEY	004	BELGIUM	REDWOOD COUNTY (64)		010	FALUN	
044	ORWELL	005	BRANDSVOLD	001	BROOKVILLE	011	GOLDEN VALLEY	
045	OSCAR	006	BRANDT	002	CHARLESTOWN	012	GRIMSTAD	
046	OTTER TAIL	007	BRISLET	003	DELHI	013	HEREIM	
047	OTTO	008	BYGLAND	004	GALES	014	HUSS	
048	PADDOCK	009	CHESTER	005	GRANITE ROCK	015	JADIS	
049	PARKERS PRAIRIE	010	COLUMBIA	006	HONNER	016	LAONA	
050	PELICAN	011	CROOKSTON	007	JOHNSONVILLE	017	LIND	
051	PERHAM	012	EDEN	008	KINTIRE	018	MALUNG	
052	PINE LAKE	013	ESTHER	009	LAMBERTON	019	MICKINOCK	
053	RUSH LAKE	014	EUCLID	010	MORGAN	020	MOOSE	
054	ST OLAF	015	FAIRFAX	011	NEW AVON	021	MORANVILLE	
055	SCAMBLER	016	FANNY	012	NORTH HERO	022	NERESON	
056	STAR LAKE	017	FARLEY	013	PAXTON	023	PALMVILLE	
057	SVERDRUP	018	FISHER	014	REDWOOD FALLS	024	POHLITZ	
058	TORDENSKJOLD	019	GARDEN	015	SHERIDAN	025	POLONIA	
059	TRONDHJEM	020	GARFIELD	016	SHERMAN	026	POPLAR GROVE	
060	TUMULI	021	GENTILLY	017	SPRINGDALE	027	REINE	
061	WESTERN	022	GODFREY	018	SUNDOWN	028	ROSS	
062	WOODSIDE	023	GRAND FORKS	019	SWEDES FOREST	029	SKAGEN	
PENNINGTON COUNTY (57)		024	GROVE PARK	020	THREE LAKES	030	SOLER	
001	BLACK RIVER	025	GULLY	021	UNDERWOOD	031	SPRUCE	
002	BRAY	026	HAMMOND	022	VAIL	032	STAFFORD	
003	CLOVER LEAF	027	HELGELAND	023	VESTA	033	STOKES	
004	DEER PARK	028	HIGDEM	024	WATERBURY	034	T-163 R-40	
005	GOODRIDGE	029	HILL RIVER	025	WESTLINE	035	T-163 R-39	
006	HICKORY	030	HUBBARD	026	WILLOW LAKE	036	T-163 R-38	
007	HIGH LANDING	031	HUNTSVILLE	RENVILLE COUNTY (65)		037	LAKE	
008	KRATKA	032	JOHNSON	001	BANDON	039	T-162 R-44	
009	MAYFIELD	033	KERTSONVILLE	002	BEAVER FALLS	040	T-163 R-43	
010	NORDEN	034	KEYSTONE	003	BIRCH COOLEY	041	T-159 R-37	
011	NORTH	035	KING	004	BIRD ISLAND	042	T-160 R-37	
012	NUMEDAL	036	KNUTE	005	BOON LAKE	043	T-161 R-37	

044	T-161 R-36	089	T-61 R-12	004	CORNISH	010	HEGBERT
045	T-161 R-35	090	T-54 R-15	005	DRYDEN	011	KERKHOVEN
046	T-164 R-38	091	T-54 R-14	006	FAXON	012	KILDARE
047	T-164 R-39	092	T-54 R-13	007	GRAFTON	013	MARYSLAND
048	T-164 R-40	093	T-53 R-16	008	GREEN ISLE	014	MOYER
049	T-164 R-43	094	T-53 R-15	009	HENDERSON	015	PILLSBURY
050	T-164 R-44	095	T-60 R-20	010	JESSENLAND	016	SHIBLE
<b>ST LOUIS COUNTY (69)</b>		096	T-60 R-19	011	KELSO	017	SIX MILE GROVE
001	ALANGO	097	T-60 R-18	012	MOLTKE	018	SWENODA
002	ALBORN	098	T-59 R-18	013	NEW AUBURN	019	TARA
003	ALDEN	099	T-62 R-21	014	SEVERANCE	020	TORNING
004	ANGORA	100	T-63 R-21	015	SIBLEY	021	WEST BANK
005	ARROWHEAD	101	T-64 R-21	016	TRANSIT	<b>TODD COUNTY (77)</b>	
006	AULT	102	T-65 R-21	017	WASHINGTON LAKE	001	BARTLETT
007	BALKAN	103	T-66 R-21	<b>STEARNS COUNTY (73)</b>		002	BERTHA
008	BASSETT	104	T-62 R-17	001	ALBANY	003	BIRCHDALE
009	BEATTY	105	T-63 R-17	002	ASHLEY	004	BRUCE
010	BIWABIK	106	T-64 R-17	003	AVON	005	BURLEENE
011	BREITUNG	107	T-66 R-20	004	BROCKWAY	006	BURMHAMVILLE
012	BREVATOR	110	T-64 R-16	005	COLLEGEVILLE	007	EAGLE VALLEY
013	CANOSIA	111	T-65 R-16	006	CROW LAKE	008	FAWN LAKE
014	CEDAR VALLEY	112	T-66 R-16	007	CROW RIVER	009	GERMANIA
015	CHERRY	113	T-67 R-16	008	EDEN LAKE	010	GORDON
016	CLINTON	114	T-64 R-12	009	FAIRHAVEN	011	GREY EAGLE
017	COLVIN	115	T-65 R-12	010	FARMING	012	HARTFORD
018	COTTON	116	T-66 R-12	011	GETTY	013	IONA
019	CULVER	117	T-64 R-13	012	GROVE	014	KANDOTA
020	DULUTH	118	T-65 R-13	013	HOLDING	015	LESLIE
021	ELLSBERG	119	T-66 R-13	014	KRAIN	016	LITTLE ELK
022	ELMER	120	T-67 R-13	015	LAKE GEORGE	017	LITTLE SAUK
023	EMBARRASS	121	T-68 R-13	016	LAKE HENRY	018	LONG PRAIRIE
024	FAIRBANKS	122	T-63 R-14	017	LE SAUK	019	MORAN
025	FAYAL	123	T-64 R-14	018	LUXEMBURG	020	REYNOLDS
026	FIELD	124	T-65 R-14	019	LYNDEN	021	ROUND PRAIRIE
027	FINE LAKES	125	T-66 R-14	020	MAINE PRAIRIE	022	STAPLES
028	FLOODWOOD	126	T-67 R-14	021	MELROSE	023	STOWE PRAIRIE
029	FREDENBERG	127	T-68 R-14	022	MILLWOOD	024	TURTLE CREEK
030	FRENCH	128	T-63 R-15	023	MUNSON	025	VILLARD
031	GNESEN	129	T-64 R-15	024	NORTH FORK	026	WARD
032	GRAND LAKE	130	T-65 R-15	025	OAK	027	WEST UNION
033	GREAT SCOTT	131	T-66 R-15	026	PAYNESVILLE	028	WYKEHAM
034	HALDEN	132	T-67 R-15	027	RAYMOND	<b>TRAVERSE COUNTY (78)</b>	
035	GREENWOOD	133	T-68 R-15	028	ROCKVILLE	001	ARTHUR
036	INDUSTRIAL	134	T-67 R-21	029	ST AUGUSTA	002	CLIFTON
037	KELSEY	135	T-68 R-21	030	ST CLOUD	003	CROKE
038	KUGLER	136	T-69 R-21	031	ST JOSEPH	004	DOLLYMOUNT
039	LAKEWOOD	137	T-70 R-21	032	ST MARTIN	005	FOLSOM
040	LAVELL	138	T-71 R-21	033	ST WENDEL	006	LAKE VALLEY
041	LEIDING	139	T-66 R-20	034	SAUK CENTRE	007	LEONARDSVILLE
042	LINDEN GROVE	140	T-67 R-20	035	SPRING HILL	008	MONSON
043	MCDAVITT	141	T-68 R-20	036	WAKEFIELD	009	PARNELL
044	MEADOWLANDS	142	T-69 R-20	037	ZION	010	REDPATH
045	MIDWAY	143	T-70 R-20	<b>STEELE COUNTY (74)</b>		011	TARA
047	MORCOM	144	T-71 R-21	001	AURORA	012	TAYLOR
048	MORSE	145	T-67 R-19	002	BERLIN	013	TINTAH
049	NESS	146	T-68 R-19	003	BLOOMING PRAIRIE	014	WALLS
050	NEW INDEPENDENCE	147	T-69 R-19	004	CLINTON FALLS	015	WINDSOR
052	NORMANNA	148	T-70 R-19	005	DEERFIELD	<b>WABASHA COUNTY (79)</b>	
053	NORTHLAND	149	T-67 R-18	006	HAVANA	001	CHESTER
054	OWENS	150	T-68 R-18	007	LEMOND	002	ELGIN
055	PIKE	151	T-69 R-18	008	MEDFORD	003	GILLFORD
056	PORTAGE	152	T-67 R-17	009	MERIDEN	004	GLASGOW
057	PRAIRIE LAKE	153	T-68 R-17	010	MERTON	005	GREENFIELD
058	RICE LAKE	154	T-69 R-17	011	OWATONNA	006	HIGHLAND
059	SANDY	155	T-63 R-19	012	SOMERSET	007	HYDE PARK
060	SOLWAY	156	T-70 R-18	013	SUMMIT	008	LAKE
061	STONEY BROOK	<b>SCOTT COUNTY (70)</b>		<b>STEVENS COUNTY (75)</b>		009	MAZEPPA
063	STURGEON	001	BELLE PLAINE	001	BAKER	010	MINNEISKA
064	TOIVOLA	002	BLAKELY	002	DARNEN	011	MOUNT PLEASANT
065	VAN BUREN	003	CEDAR LAKE	003	DONNELLY	012	OAKWOOD
066	VERMILION LAKE	004	CREDIT RIVER	004	ELDORADO	013	PEPIN
067	WAASA	005	HELENA	005	EVERGLADE	014	PLAINVIEW
068	WHITE	006	JACKSON	006	FRAMNAS	015	WATOPA
069	WILLOW VALLEY	007	LOUISVILLE	007	HODGES	016	WEST ALBANY
070	WUORI	008	NEW MARKET	008	HORTON	017	ZUMBRO
071	NORTH STAR	009	ST LAWRENCE	009	MOORE	<b>WADENA COUNTY (80)</b>	
072	PEQUAYWAN	010	SAND CREEK	010	MORRIS	001	ALDRICH
073	PAYNE	011	SPRING LAKE	011	PEPPERSTON	002	BLUEBERRY
074	T-52 R-21	<b>SHERBURNE COUNTY (71)</b>		012	RENDSVILLE	003	BULLARD
075	T-59 R-16	001	BALDWIN	013	SCOTT	004	HUNTERSVILLE
076	T-55 R-21	002	BECKER	014	STEVENS	005	LEAF RIVER
077	T-55 R-14	003	BIG LAKE	015	SWAN LAKE	006	LYONS
078	T-56 R-17	004	BLUE HILL	016	SYNNES	007	MEADOW
079	T-61 R-17	005	CLEAR LAKE	<b>SWIFT COUNTY (76)</b>		008	NORTH GERMANY
080	T-59 R-21	007	HAVEN	001	APPLETON	009	ORTON
081	T-55 R-15	008	LIVONIA	002	BENSON	010	RED EYE
082	T-56 R-14	009	ORROCK	003	CAMP LAKE	011	ROCKWOOD
083	T-57 R-16	010	PALMER	004	CASHEL	012	SHELL RIVER
084	T-56 R-16	011	SANTIAGO	005	CLONTARF	013	THOMASTOWN
085	T-57 R-14	<b>SIBLEY COUNTY (72)</b>		006	DUBLIN	014	WADENA
086	T-58 R-14	001	ALFSBORG	007	EDISON	015	WING RIVER
087	T-61 R-14	002	ARLINGTON	008	FAIRFIELD	<b>WASECA COUNTY (81)</b>	
088	T-61 R-13	003	BISMARCK	009	HAYES	001	ALTON

002	BLOOMING GROVE	011	ST JAMES	006	HOMER	017	SOUTH SIDE
003	BYRON	012	SOUTH BRANCH	007	MOUNT VERNON	018	STOCKHOLM
004	FREEDOM	<b>WILKIN COUNTY (84)</b>		008	NEW HARTFORD	019	VICTOR
005	IOSCO	001	AKRON	009	NORTON	020	WOODLAND
006	JANESVILLE	002	ANDREA	010	PLEASANT HILL	<b>YELLOW MEDICINE COUNTY (87)</b>	
007	NEW RICHLAND	003	ATHERTON	011	RICHMOND	001	BURTON
008	OTISCO	004	BRADFORD	012	ROLLING STONE	002	ECHO
009	ST MARY	005	BRANDRUP	013	ST CHARLES	003	FLORIDA
010	VIVIAN	006	BRECKENRIDGE	014	SARATOGA	004	FORTIER
011	WILTON	007	CAMPBELL	015	UTICA	005	FRIENDSHIP
012	WOODVILLE	008	CHAMPION	016	WARREN	006	HAMMER
<b>WASHINGTON COUNTY (82)</b>		009	CONNELLY	017	WHITEWATER	007	HAZEL RUN
001	BAYTOWN	010	DEERHORN	018	WILSON	008	LISBON
002	DENMARK	011	FOXHOME	019	WINONA	009	MINNESOTA FALLS
003	FOREST LAKE	012	MC CAULEYVILLE	020	WISCOY	010	NORMAN
005	GREY CLOUD ISLAND	013	MANSTON	<b>WRIGHT COUNTY (86)</b>		011	NORMANIA
007	MAY	014	MEADOWS	001	ALBION	012	OMRO
008	NEW SCANDIA	015	MITCHELL	002	BUFFALO	013	OSHKOSH
010	STILLWATER	016	NILSEN	003	CHATHAM	014	POSEN
011	WEST LAKELAND	017	NORDICK	004	CLEARWATER	015	SANDNES
<b>WATONWAN COUNTY (83)</b>		018	PRAIRIE VIEW	005	COKATO	016	SIOUX AGENCY
001	ADRIAN	019	ROBERTS	006	CORINNA	017	STONY RUN
002	ANTRIM	020	SUNNYSIDE	007	FRANKFORT	018	SWEDE PRAIRIE
003	BUTTERFIELD	021	TANBERG	008	FRANKLIN	019	TYRO
004	FIELDON	022	WOLVERTON	009	FRENCH LAKE	020	WERGELAND
005	LONG LAKE	<b>WINONA COUNTY (85)</b>		010	MAPLE LAKE	021	WOOD LAKE
006	MADELIA	001	DRESBACH	011	MARYSVILLE		
007	NELSON	002	ELBA	012	MIDDLEVILLE		
008	ODIN	003	FREMONT	013	MONTICELLO		
009	RIVERDALE	004	HART	015	ROCKFORD		
010	ROSENDALE	005	HILLSDALE	016	SILVER CREEK		



## **APPENDIX C:**

### **List of data elements contained in the current (pre-1-1-03)**

#### **Accident Records Database**

The list provided as the 6 pages 108 through 113 is the list of data elements contained in the original database on the DPS computer at the BCA.

This list was provided by Denny Lennartson in June of 2002.