



# Achieving V2X Interoperability & Security

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Results from USDOT's Security Credential  
Management System (SCMS)  
Deployment Workshops

March 2019

# Why do we want V2X communications ?

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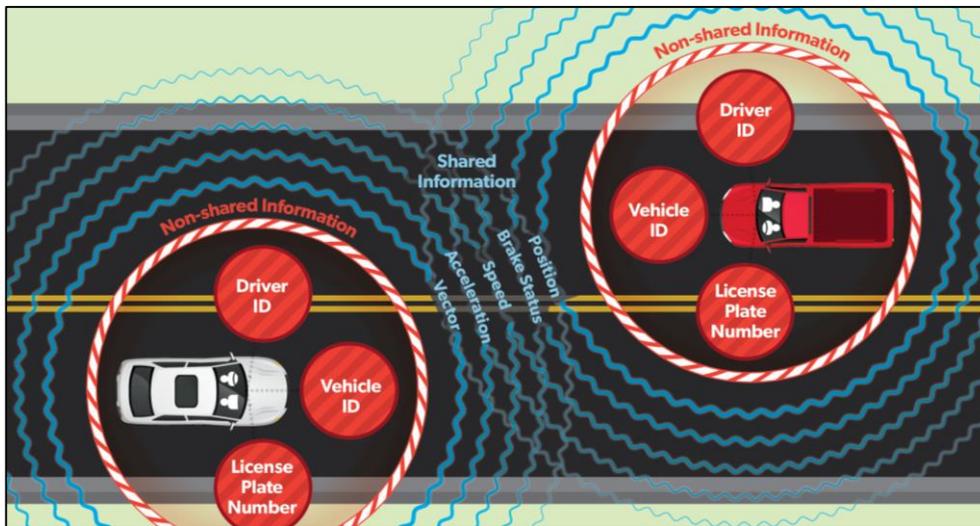
# Light Vehicle crash avoidance safety benefits are the tip of the iceberg for V2X!

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- Vehicle to Pedestrian (V2P)
- Vehicle to Motorcycle (V2M)
- Commercial Vehicles
- Mobility Applications
  - Platooning
  - Coordinated movements at:
    - Intersections
    - entrance ramps and merging
- Automated Driving System Applications that will leverage sensor sharing and pathway communications to further advance safety and mobility of ADS equipped vehicles.

# But security and trust in messaging is key!

- Integrity – the message was not modified between sender and receiver
- Authenticity – the message originates from a trustworthy and legitimate device
- Privacy – the message must appropriately protect the privacy of the sender

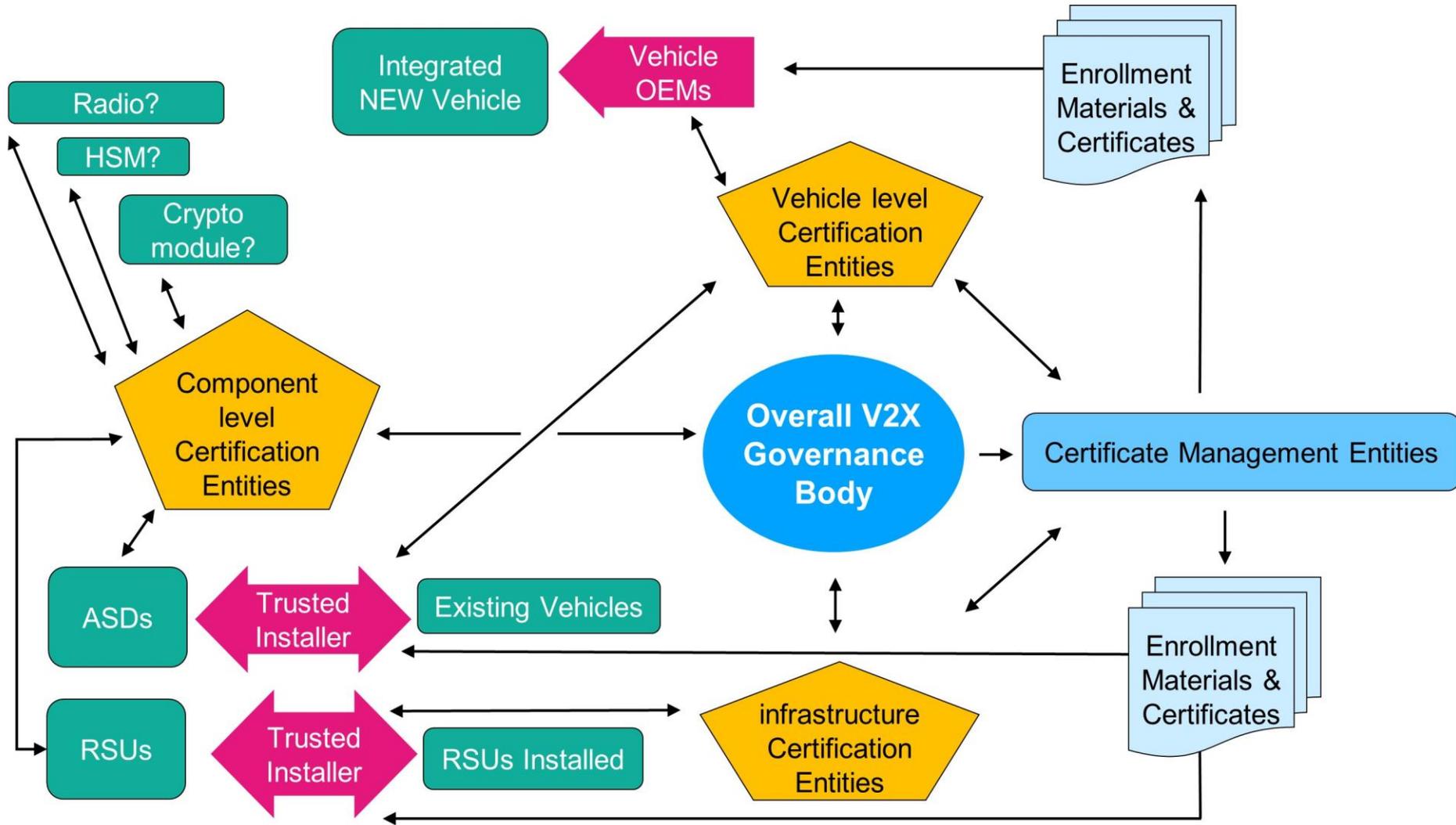


# Implementing V2X security requires some functions to be centralized

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- Device Certification Eco-system
  - Misbehavior Detection and Revocation
  - Root certificate(s) management
- .....and associated decision making and enforcement actions (if/when something goes wrong) must be implanted in a consensus fashion

# Authority needs to start somewhere...example, certification eco-system

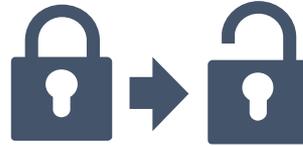


# If there is not a centralized authority and management entity ...what could happen?



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**Non-interoperable systems with differing policies and requirements**



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**Lack of effective enforcement mechanisms, reducing security, trust and/or privacy**



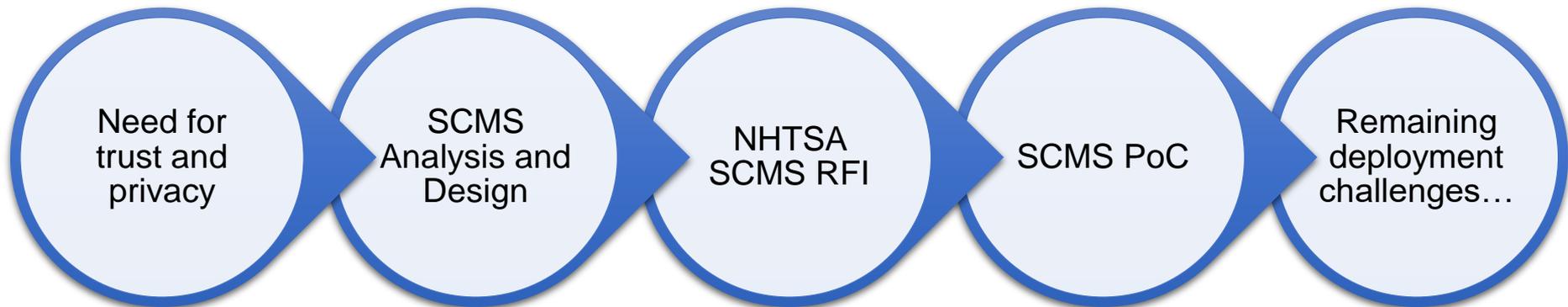
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**Non-sustainable system with inconsistent funding streams**

**A Security Credential Management System (SCMS), and associated governing structure, is therefore vital to securing the V2X ecosystem**

# USDOT SCMS Research and Development

- Conducted SCMS analysis and outreach efforts on how to deploy at scale
- Built and demonstrated the SCMS Proof-of-Concept (PoC)
- **Conducted outreach activities and workshops with industry stakeholders to assess pathways (or models) for how a large-scale (National) SCMS eco-system could be established.**



# Stakeholder Groupings

## SCMS IMPLEMENTERS INCLUDE:



PKI Security Services



Certification Services



OEMs



USDOT



Communications  
Service Providers

## SCMS USERS INCLUDE:



Vehicle Owner/  
Operators



Dealers and  
Installers



Service and Parts  
Facilities



CV Equipment  
and Application  
Suppliers



OEMs



State and  
Local DOTs



Public Infrastructure  
System Integrators

## SCMS OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES INCLUDE:



USDOT



Academia



Standards  
Organizations



Advocacy Groups

# SCMS Model Ownership and Governance Attributes

## SCMS Structure Attributes

-  Initial Ownership
-  Initial Funding
-  SCMS Manager Sustainment Funding
-  Technical Component Sustainment Funding
-  Competition
-  Legislation/Regulation

## SCMS Manager Roles and Responsibilities Attributes

-  Initial Policy Development
-  Recurring Policy Development and Approval
-  Oversight and Auditing
-  Misbehavior Authority Management
-  End Entity Certification
-  Trust Anchor Management

# Range of Ownership and Governance Models

## **Public Model**

Government controls by establishing new office to serve as SCMS Manager

## **Government-led Public Private Partnership (P3)**

Government office leads creation of public-private team

## **P3 Concession**

Government facilitates and governs. SCMS Manager is run as a concession.

## **Industry-led P3**

Government is on the board for facilitation and oversight, and financially assists only with initiation

## **Private Model**

Government is only a stakeholder. Industry forms a consortium and funds development.

# Day 2 Models: Both Workshops

Government Leadership

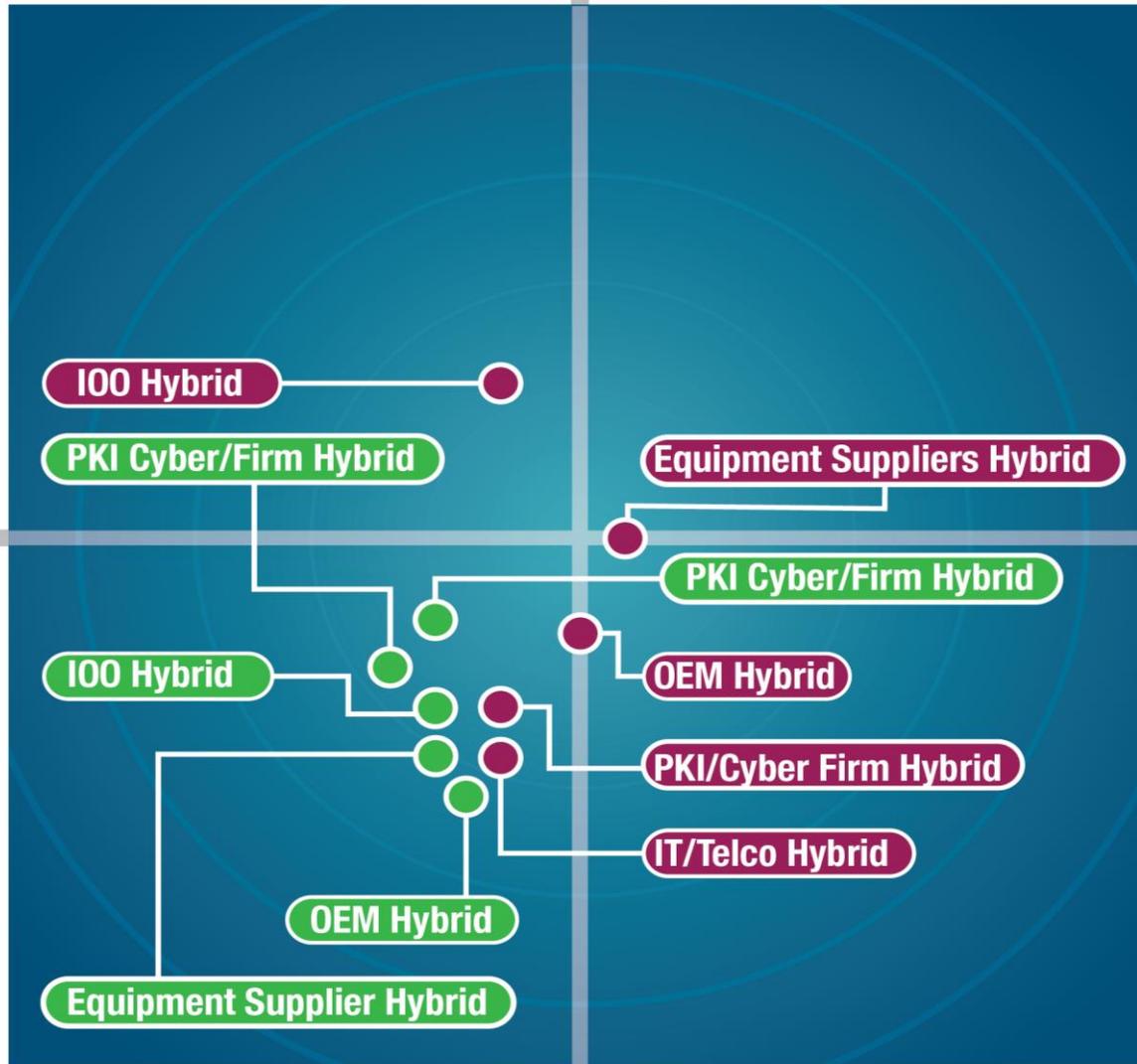
Legend

Washington, D.C.

San Fransisco

Industry Funding

Government Funding



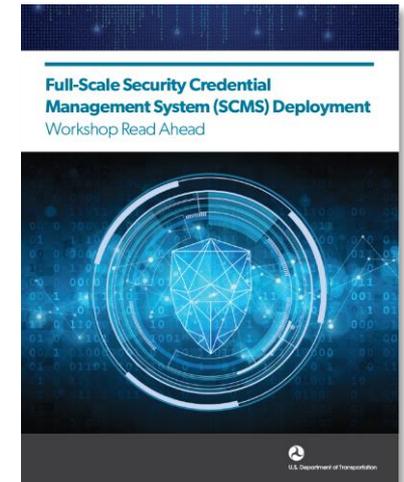
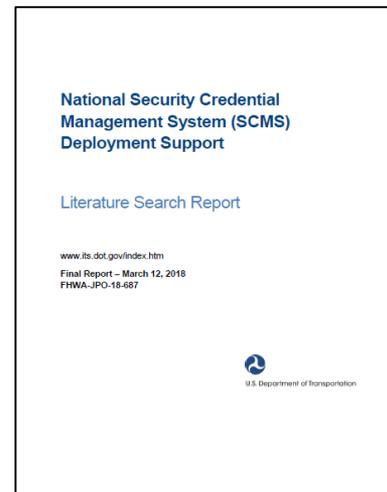
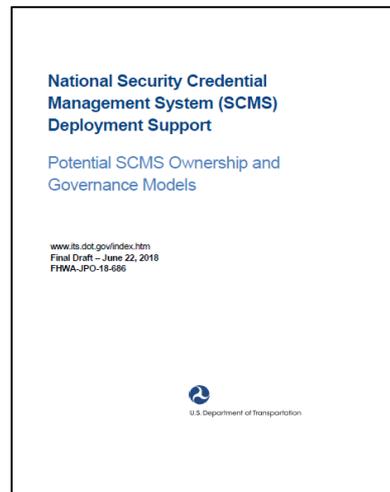
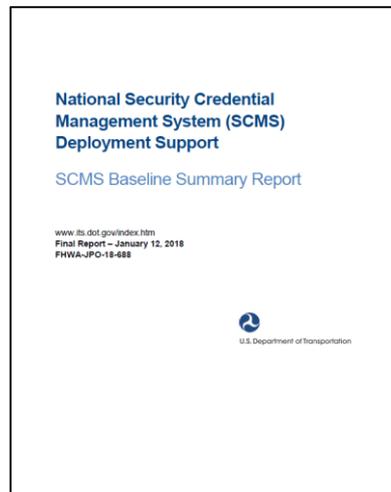
Industry Leadership

# Key Stakeholder Recommendations

1. Stakeholders must continue to meet and drive the establishment of a largely self-regulated SCMS Governance entity—but Government has a facilitation role
  - a. Security and technical policies are needed to initiate PKI operations
  - b. High level business (funding) model must be establish
2. Agreements are needed to memorialize relationships among stakeholder groups
3. Additional research is needed around misbehavior detection and certificate revocation
4. Additional research is needed around device certification and initial enrollment and provisioning

# Public Reports from Project

- ▶ SCMS Baseline Summary Report: <https://rosap.ntl.bts.gov/view/dot/36397>
- ▶ Literature Search Report: <https://rosap.ntl.bts.gov/view/dot/36395>
- ▶ Potential SCMS Ownership and Governance Models: <https://rosap.ntl.bts.gov/view/dot/36393>
- ▶ Full-Scale Security Credential Management System (SCMS) Deployment Workshop Read Ahead: <https://rosap.ntl.bts.gov/view/dot/36651>
- ▶ Workshop Findings: TBD



# Questions for U.S. DOT?

## *Points of Contact*



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