

# Human Factor Issues of Driving Assistance Systems

Forum on Advanced Vehicle Safety Technology

David Benedict

General Manager

Vehicle Performance & Development

Toyota Technical Center, U.S.A

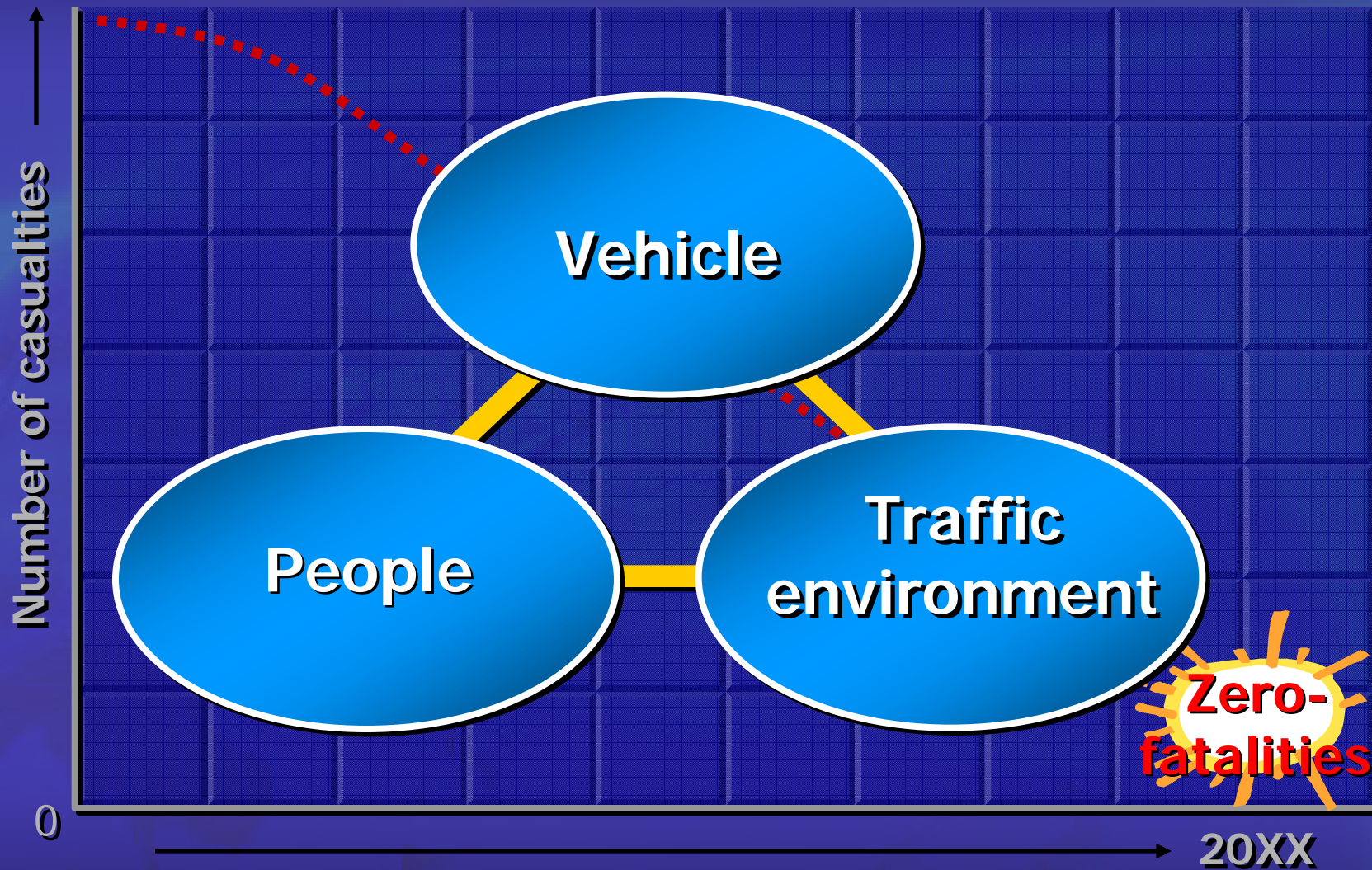
Jan. 25 & 26, 2007

**TOYOTA**

# Human Factor Issues of Driving Assistance System

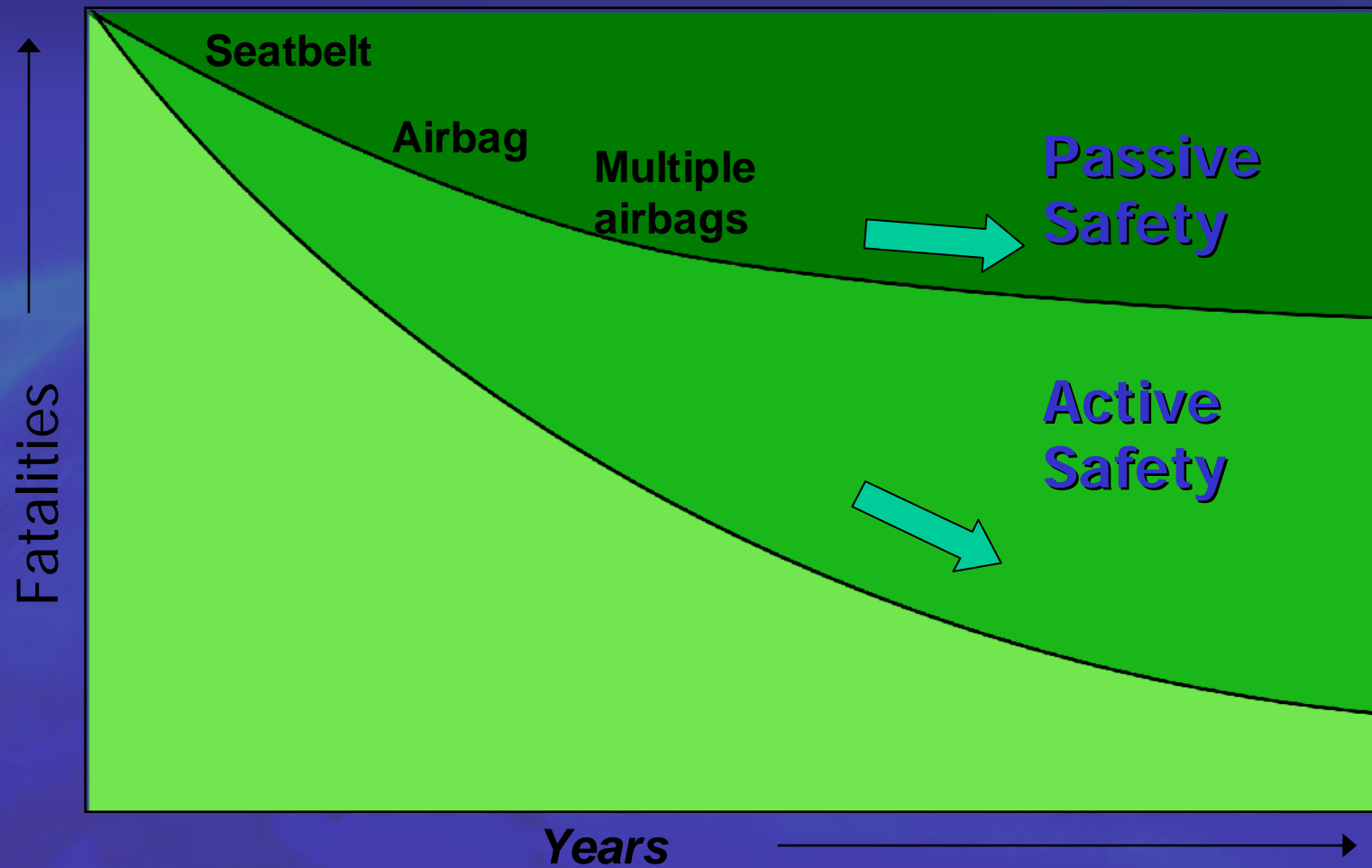
- Background
- Assessment of Pre-Collision Driver Factors
- Current Pre-collision System Capabilities
- Development of a Driver Monitor System
- Development Challenges
- Future Research Needs

# Background



**TOYOTA**

# Potential Fatality Reduction by Safety Devices



Active Safety has a significant potential to reduce fatalities

TOYOTA

# Advancement of Active Safety Systems

Active safety

Safe driving

Accident avoidance

Crash prediction



## Driver visibility assistance

- Adaptive Front light system
- Blind corner monitor

## Driver assistance

- Lane Keeping assist
- Lane departure warning

## Integrated control

- Navigation-coordinated shift control
- VDIM

## Autonomous safety support

- Forward collision avoidance assist system

V-V &  
V-I Coop.  
Safety

## Dynamic Limit control

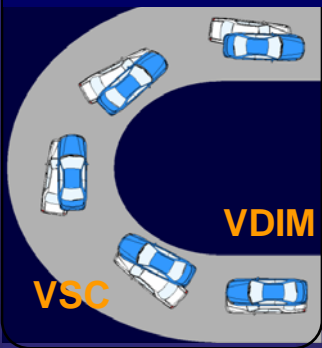
- ABS -Brake assist
- TRC
- VSC

## Improvement of passive safety by prognostication

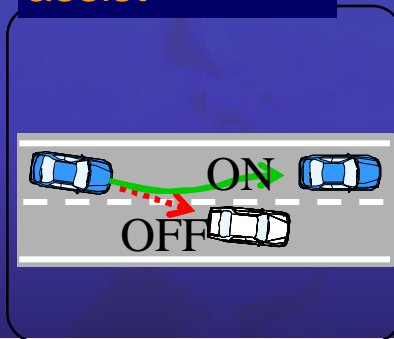
- Pre-collision safety system

2000

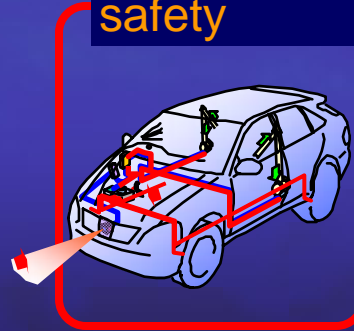
### VSC & VDIM



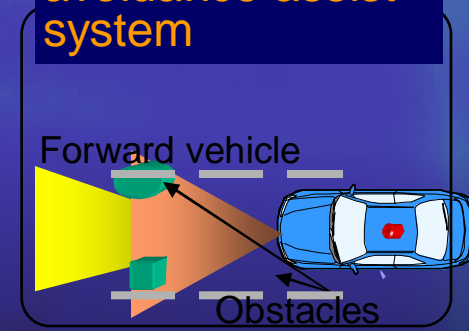
### Lane keeping assist



### Pre-collision safety



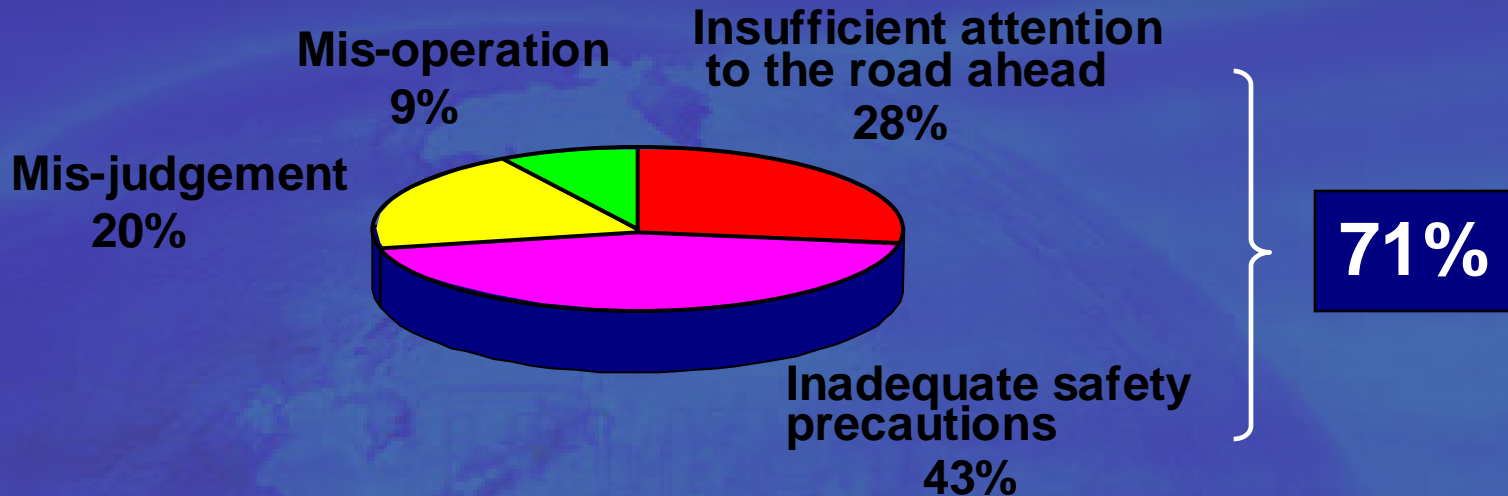
### Forward collision avoidance assist system



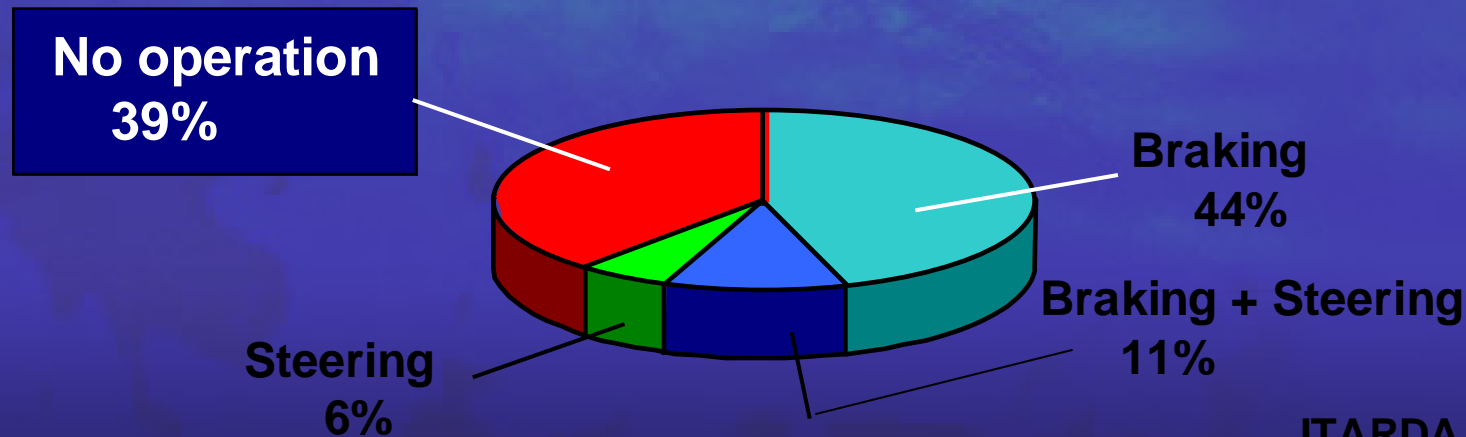
TOYOTA

# Accident Cause Analysis in Japan

Total fatal/serious injury accidents (61,531 cases)



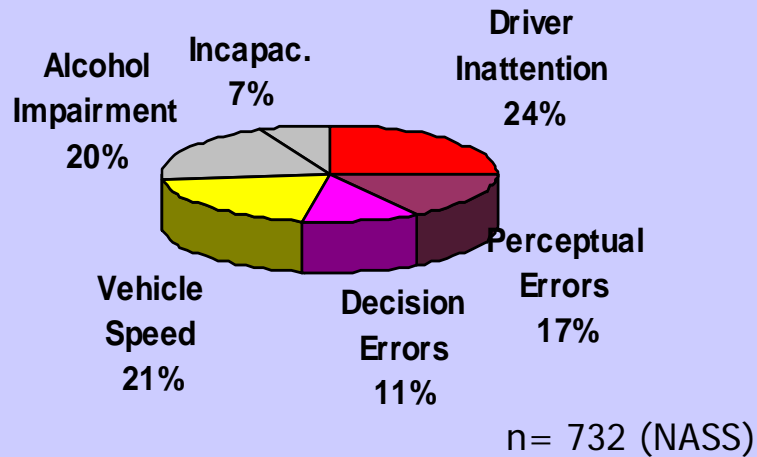
(Frontal crash ; 1,031 vehicles)



ITARDA Japan 2001

**TOYOTA**

# Relevant U.S Accident Data

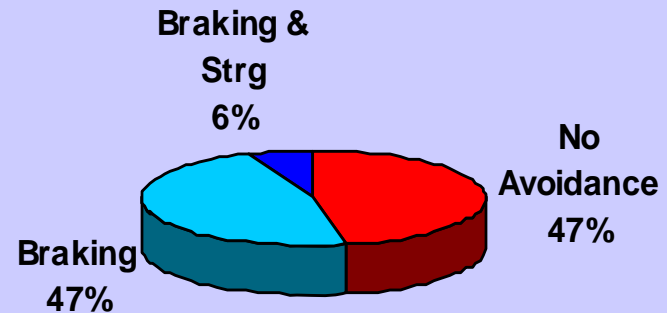


“Relative Frequency of Unsafe Driving Acts...”

Veridian/ NHTSA

“100 Car Study”

VTTI/ NHTSA



# HMI Principle of Pre-Collision Safety

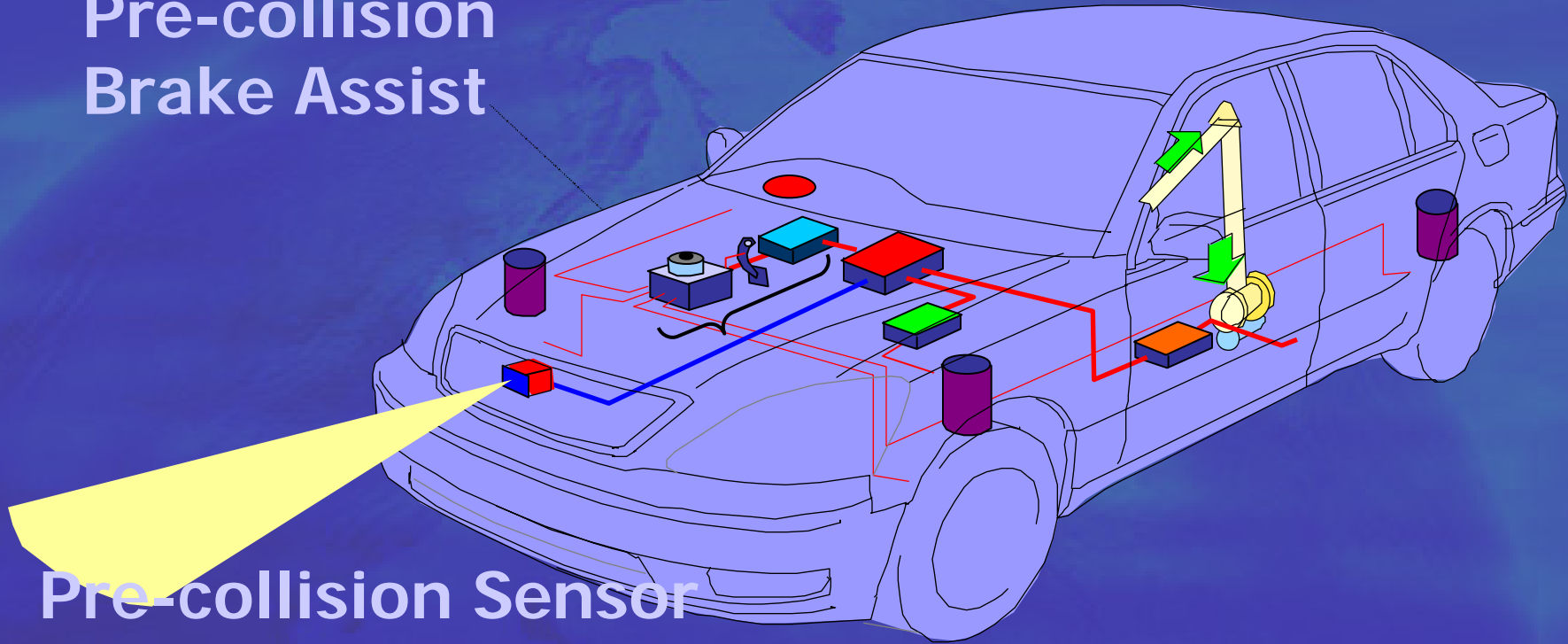
1. The warning system should only be activated when a collision is imminent.
2. Warnings should be provided at the appropriate time so that the driver can perform an evasive maneuver



# Pre-Collision System – Reducing collision damage

Pre-collision Seat Belts

Pre-collision  
Brake Assist



Pre-collision Sensor

The pre-collision sensor detects forward obstacles and determines in advance whether a crash is imminent.

Suspension Control

**TOYOTA**

# Driver face direction sensor



- Near Infrared Camera
- Near Infrared LED
- Image Processor

**TOYOTA**

# Warning Timing of Advanced PCS

Monitoring the driver

Non-Front

Front



4

3

2

1

0

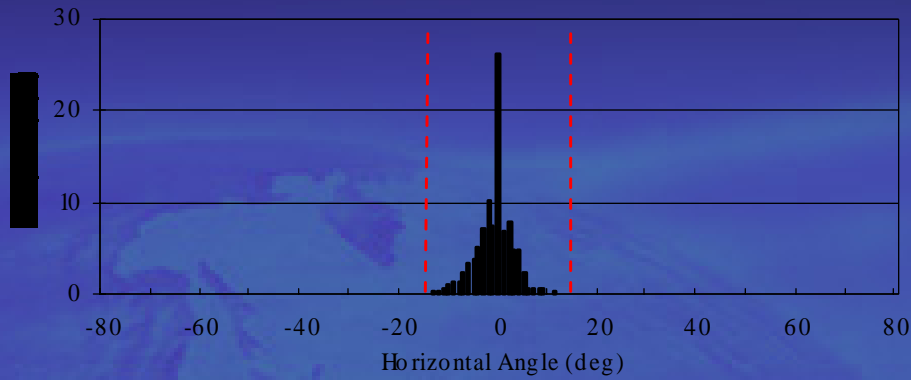
Time to collision

**TOYOTA**

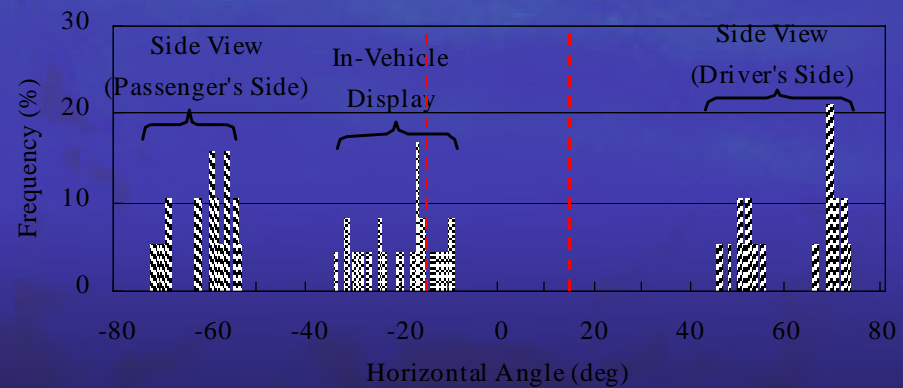
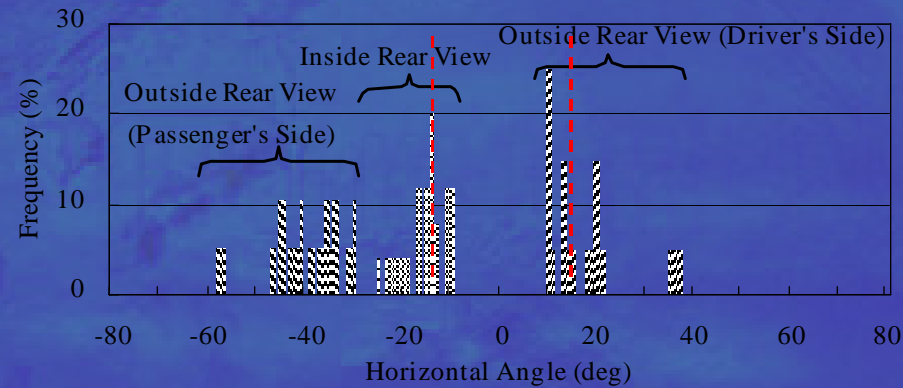
# Example of Human Factor Research



Front status



Non-front status

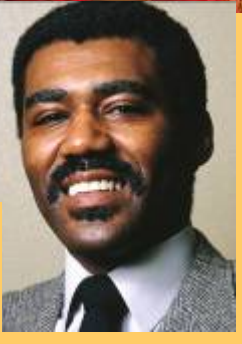


# Some Challenges of Developing a Driver Face Monitor

- Robust driving scenarios
- Differentiation of mirror checks and secondary task or outside glances.
- Repeatable, accurate visual images
  - Facial differences
  - Varying lighting conditions
  - Corrective or sunglasses

# Future HMI Research Needs Related to AVST

- Improved human models to more accurately define driver mental/physical condition (inattention, drowsiness, drunk,)
- Data regarding human behavior & information needs with cooperative safety systems (V-V, V-I, etc.)
- Pre-collision driver behavior data and interaction with AVST
- Recommendations for optimal stimulus for restoration of drivers' attention ( voice, vibration, smell, etc).
- Enhanced & accessible research databases



**TOYOTA**



END

**TOYOTA**