APPENDIX G
DUMMY POSITIONING PROCEDURES FOR DRIVER AND PASSENGER
TEST DUMMY CONFORMING TO SUBPART O OF PART 572
APPENDIX G
DUMMY POSITIONING PROCEDURES FOR TEST DUMMY CONFORMING TO SUBPART O
OF PART 572

Seating Procedure 5th Percentile Female Driver Dummy (Part 572, Subpart O)
(S16.2- S16.3)

NHTSA No. ________________________ Test Date: ______________
Laboratory: ___________________ Test Technician(s): ___________________________
Test Number: ________________________

1. Seat Position
   _1.1 Position the seat’s adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar supports are in the
   lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment positions. (S16.2.10.1, S20.1.9.1, S20.4.1,
   S22.1.7.1)
   _ N/A – No lumbar adjustment
   _1.2 Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are
   in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2, S20.1.9.2, S20.4.1,
   S22.1.7.1, S22.4.2.1, S22.4.3.1, S24.4.2.1, S26.2.3, S26.3.1)
   _ N/A – No additional support adjustment
   _1.3 Position an adjustable leg support system in its rearmost position. (8/27/04 interpretation
   to Toyota)
   _ N/A – No adjustable leg support system
   _1.4 Mark a point (seat cushion reference point) on the side of the seat cushion that is
   between 150 mm and 250 mm from the front edge of the seat cushion. (S16.3.1.12)
   _1.5 Draw a line (seat cushion reference line) through the seat cushion reference point.
   (S16.3.1.13)
   _1.6 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction to move the
   seat cushion reference point to the rearmost position. (S16.2.10.3.1, S22.1.7.3)
   _1.7 If the seat cushion adjusts fore-aft, independent of the seat back, use only the controls
   that primarily move the seat cushion in the fore-aft direction to move the seat cushion
   reference point to the rearmost position. (S16.2.10.3.1, S20..1.9.3)
   _ N/A – No independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment
   _1.8 Use any part of any control, other than the parts just used for fore-aft positioning, to
   determine the range of angles of the seat cushion reference line and to set the seat
   cushion reference line at the mid-angle. (S16.2.10.3.1)
       Maximum angle ________
       Minimum angle ________
       Mid-angle ________
   _1.9 If the seat and/or seat cushion height is adjustable, use any part of any control other than
   the parts which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to put the seat cushion
   reference point in its lowest position with the seat cushion reference line angle at the
   mid-angle found in 1.8. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   _ N/A – No seat height adjustment
   _1.10 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction to verify the
   seat is in the rearmost position.
   _1.11 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction to mark the
   fore-aft seat positions. Mark each position so that there is a visual indication when the
   seat is at a particular position. For manual seats, move the seat forward one detent at a
   time and mark each detent. For power seats, mark only the rearmost, middle, and
   foremost positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for foremost, M for
   mid-position (if there is no mid-position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear
   of the mid-point), and R for rearmost.
   _1.12 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction to place the
   seat in the rearmost position.
1.13 Use any part of any control, other than the parts which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to find and visually mark the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 1.8. (S20.1.9.4, S22.1.2, S22.1.7.4, S22.3.1, S22.4.3.1, S24.1.2, S24.3.1, S24.4.3.1, S26.2.3, S26.3.1)

N/A – No seat height adjustment. Go to 1.18

1.14 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat and/or seat cushion in the fore-aft direction to place the seat in the mid-fore-aft position.

1.15 Use any part of any control, other than the parts which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to find and visually mark the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 1.8. (S20.1.9.4, S22.1.2, S22.3.1, S24.1.2, S24.3.1)

1.16 Use only the control that change the seat in the fore-aft direction to place the seat in the foremost position. (S16.2.10.3.2)

1.17 Use any part of any control, other than the parts which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to find and visually mark the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 1.8. (S16.2.10.3.3, S20.1.9.4, S22.1.7.4, S22.3.1, S24.1.2, S24.3.1)

1.18. Is the seat a bucket seat?

Yes, go to 1.19 and skip 1.20
No, go to 1.20 and skip 1.19

1.19 Bucket seats:
Locate and mark for future reference the longitudinal centerline of the seat cushion. The intersection of the vertical longitudinal plane that passes through the SgRP and the seat cushion upper surface determines the longitudinal centerline of a bucket seat cushion. (S16.3.1.10 & S20.1.10)

1.20 Bench seats (complete ONLY the one that is applicable to the seat being marked):
Locate and mark for future reference the longitudinal line on the seat cushion that marks the intersection of the vertical longitudinal plane through the centerline of the steering wheel and the seat cushion upper surface.

2. Head Restraint Position

N/A – steering wheel is not adjustable up and down

2.1 Adjust the head restraint to its lowest position. (S16.2.10.2, S20.1.9.6, S20.4.1, S22.1.7.6, S22.4.2.1, S22.4.3.1, S24.4.3.1, S26.2.3, S26.3.1)

2.2 All adjustments of the head restraint shall be used to position it full forward. For example, if it rotates, rotate it such that the head restraint extends as far forward as possible. Mark the foremost position. (S16.2.10.2 & S16.3.4.4 & S20.1.9.6, S20.4.1, S22.4.2.1, S22.4.3.1, S24.4.3.1, S26.2.3, S26.3.1)

2.3 Measure the vertical distance from the top most point of the head restraint to the bottom most point. Locate and mark a horizontal plane through the midpoint of this distance. (S16.3.4.3)

Vertical height of head restraint _____ mm
Mid-point height _____ mm

3. Is the steering wheel adjustable up and down and/or in and out?

Yes – go to 3.1
No – Go to 4

3.1. Find and mark for future reference each up and down position. Label three of the positions with the following: H for highest, M for mid-position (if there is no mid-position, label the next lowest adjustment position), and L for lowest.
N/A – steering wheel is not adjustable up and down

3.2. Find and mark for future references each in and out position. Label three of the positions with the following: F for foremost, M for mid-position (if there is no mid-position, label the next rearmost adjustment position), and R for rearmost.
N/A – steering wheel is not adjustable in and out.
3.3. Use the markings to position the steering controls in the mid-position or if applicable next lowest detent position. (S16.2.9)

4. Place the SCRP in the full rearward, mid-height position, and mid-seat cushion angle, determined in item 1. (S16.3.2.1.1)

5. If the vehicle has an adjustable accelerator pedal, place it in the full forward position. (S16.3.2.2.1)
   _N/A accelerator pedal not adjustable

6. Fully recline the seat back. (S16.3.2.1.2)
   _N/A seat back not adjustable.

7. Place the dummy in the seat with the legs at an angle of 120 degrees to the thighs. The calves should not be touching the seat cushion. (S16.3.2.1.2)

8. Position the dummy in the seat such that the midsagittal plane is coincident with the longitudinal seat cushion markings as determined in item 1.19 or 1.20. (S16.3.2.1.3 and S16.3.2.1.4)

9. Hold down the dummy’s thighs and push rearward on the upper torso to maximize the pelvic angle. (S16.3.2.1.5)

10. Set the angle between the legs and the thighs to 120 degrees. (S16.3.2.1.6)

11. Set the transverse distance between the centers of the front of the knees at 160 to 170 mm. (6.3 to 6.7 inches) Center the knee separation with respect to the longitudinal seat cushion marking as determined item 1.19 or 1.20. (S16.3.2.1.6)
   _Record Knee Separation ___________

12. Push rearward on the dummy’s knees until the pelvis contacts the seat back, or the backs of the calves contact the seat cushion, whichever occurs first. (S16.3.2.1.6)
    _Pelvis contacted seat back.
    _Calves contacted seat cushion.

13. Gently rock the upper torso ± 5 degrees (approximately 51 mm (2 inches)) side-to-side three time. (S16.3.2.1.7)

14. If needed, extend the legs until the feet do not contact the floor pan. The thighs should be resting on the seat cushion. (S16.3.2.1.8)

15. Position the right foot until the foot is in line with a longitudinal vertical plane passing through the center of the accelerator pedal. Maintain the leg and thigh in a vertical plane. (S16.3.2.1.8)

16. Rotate the left leg and thigh laterally to equalize the distance between each knee and the longitudinal seat cushion marking as determined in item 1.19 or 1.20. (S16.3.2.1.8)

17. Attempt to return the seat to the foremost fore-aft position, mid-height, and seat cushion mid-angle as determined in item 1. The foot may contact and depress the accelerator and/or change the angle of the foot with respect to the leg. (S16.3.2.1.8)
    _Foremost position achieved. Proceed to step 22.
    _Foremost not achieved because of foot interference. Proceed to step 19.
    _Foremost not achieved because of steering wheel contact.

18. If either of the dummy’s legs contact the steering wheel, move the steering wheel up the minimum amount required to avoid contact. If the steering wheel is not adjustable separate the knees the minimum required to avoid contact. (S16.3.2.1.8)
    _N/A- there was no leg contact
    _Steering wheel repositioned
    _Knees separated

19. If the left foot interferes with the clutch or brake pedals, rotate the left foot about the leg to provide clearance. If this is not sufficient, rotate the thigh outboard at the hip the minimum amount required for clearance. (S16.3.2.1.8)
    _N/A, No foot interference with pedals.
    _Foot adjusted to provide clearance.
    _Foot and Thigh adjusted to provide clearance.

20. Continue to move the seat. Use seat controls to line up the seat markings determined during item 1 to set the foremost fore-aft position, mid-height position and the seat
cushion mid-angle. If the dummy contacts the interior move the seat rearward until a maximum clearance of 5 mm (0.2 inches) is achieved or the seat is in the closest detent position that does not cause dummy contact. (S16.3.2.1.8)

- Foremost, mid-height position and the seat cushion mid-angle reached
- Dummy contact. Clearance set at maximum of 5mm
  - Measured Clearance
- Dummy Contact. Seat set at nearest detent position.
  - Seat position ___ detent positions rearward of foremost (foremost is position zero)

__21. If the steering wheel was repositioned in step 18, return the steering wheel to the original position. If the steering wheel contacts the dummy before reaching the original position, position the wheel until a maximum clearance of 5mm (.2 inches) is achieved, or the steering wheel is in the closest detent position that does not cause dummy contact. (S16.3.2.1.8)

- N/A Steering wheel was not repositioned.
- Original position achieved.
- Dummy contact. Clearance set at maximum of 5mm
  - Measured Clearance
- Dummy Contact. Steering wheel set at nearest detent position.
  - Steering wheel position ___ detent positions upward of original position. (Original position is position zero)

__22. If the seat back is adjustable, rotate the seat back forward while holding the thighs in place. Continue rotating the seat back forward until the transverse instrument platform of the dummy head is level ± 0.5 degrees. If the head cannot be leveled using the seat back adjustment, or the seat back is not adjustable, use the lower neck bracket adjustment to level the head. If a level position cannot be achieved, minimize the angle. (S16.3.2.1.9)

- Head Level Achieved. (Check all that apply)
  - Head leveled using the adjustable seat back
  - Head leveled using the neck bracket.
    - Head Angle ____________ degrees

- Head Level NOT Achieved. (Check all that apply)
  - Head adjusted using the adjustable seat back
  - Head adjusted using the neck bracket.
    - Head Angle ____________ degrees
23. Verify the pelvis is not interfering with the seat bight. (S16.3.2.1.9)
   No interference
   Pelvis moved forward the minimum amount so that it is not caught in the seat bight.
24. Verify the dummy abdomen is properly installed. (S16.3.2.1.9)
   Abdomen still seated properly into dummy
   Abdomen was adjusted because it was not seated properly into dummy
25. Head Angle
   N/A, neither the pelvis nor the abdomen were adjusted.
   23.1 Head still level (Go to 26)
   23.2 Head level adjusted
      Head Level Achieved. (Check all that apply)
      Head leveled using the adjustable seat back
      Head leveled using the neck bracket.
      Head Angle ________ degrees
      Head Level NOT Achieved. (Check all that apply)
      Head level adjusted using the adjustable seat back
      Head level adjusted using the neck bracket.
      Head Angle ________ degrees
26. If the dummy torso contacts the steering wheel while performing step 22, reposition the
    steering wheel in the following order to eliminate contact. (S16.3.2.1.9)
   N/A, No dummy torso contact with the steering wheel.
   26.1 Adjust telescoping mechanism.
      N/A No telescoping adjustment.
      Adjustment performed (fill in appropriate change)
      Steering wheel moved ____ detent positions in the forward direction.
      Steering wheel moved ____ mm in the forward direction.
   26.2 Adjust tilt mechanism.
      N/A No tilt adjustment.
      No adjustment performed.
      Adjustment performed.
      Steering wheel moved ____ detent positions Upward/Downward. (circle one)
      Steering wheel moved ____ degrees Upward/Downward
   26.3 Adjust Seat in the aft direction.
      No Adjustment performed.
      Seat moved aft ____ mm from original position.
      Seat moved aft ____ detent positions from the original position.
27. Measure and set the pelvic angle using the pelvic angle gage TE-2504. The pelvic angle
    should be 20.0 degrees ± 2.5 degrees. If the pelvic angle cannot be set to the specified
    range because the head will not be level or because the dummy will have need major
    repositioning, adjust the pelvis as closely as possible to the angle range, but keep the
    head level. (S16.3.2.1.11)
   Pelvic angle set to 20.0 degrees ± 2.5 degrees.
   Pelvic angle of 20.0 degrees not achieved, the angular difference was minimized.
   Record the pelvic angle. ________ degrees
28. Check the dummy for contact with the interior after completing adjustments.
   (S16.3.2.1.12)
   No contact.
   Dummy in contact with interior.
   Seat moved aft ____ mm from the previous position.
   Seat moved aft ____ detent positions from the previous position.
29. Check the dummy to see if additional interior clearance is obtained, allowing the seat to
    be moved forward. (S16.3.2.1.12)
   N/A, Seat already at foremost position.
   Clearance unchanged. No adjustments required.
   Additional clearance available
Seat moved Forward ___ mm from the previous position.  
Seat moved Forward ___ detent positions from the previous position.

30. Driver’s foot positioning, right foot. Place the foot perpendicular to the leg and determine if the heel contacts the floor pan at any leg position. If the heel contacts the floor pan proceed to step 31 otherwise, proceed to step 32. (S16.3.2.2.1)

31. Perform the following steps until either all steps are completed, or the foot contacts the accelerator pedal. Step 31.6 shall be completed in all cases. (S16.3.2.2.1(a))

31.1 With the rear of the heel contacting the floor pan, move the foot forward until pedal contact occurs or the foot is at the full forward position.

31.2 If the vehicle has an adjustable accelerator pedal, move the pedals rearward until pedal contact occurs or the pedals reach the full rearward position.

31.3 Extend the leg, allowing the heel to lose contact with the floor until the foot contacts the pedal. Do not raise the toe of the foot higher than the top of the accelerator pedal. If the foot does not contact the pedal, proceed to the next step. If pedal contact does occur, place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward. (S16.3.2.2.3)

31.4 Angle the foot to achieve contact between the foot and the pedal. If the foot does not contact the pedal, return the foot to the perpendicular orientation. If pedal contact does occur, place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward. (S16.3.2.2.3)

31.5 Align the centerline of the foot with the vertical-longitudinal plane passing through the center of the accelerator pedal. Place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward. (S16.3.2.2.3)

31.6 Record foot position

Pedal Contact achieved. Contact occurred at step ________.

Heel contacts floor pan

Heel set _____ mm from floor pan.

Pedal Contact not achieved. Heel set _____ mm from the floor pan.
30. Perform the following steps until either all steps are completed, or the foot contacts the accelerator pedal. Step 30.5 shall be completed in all cases.

30.1 Extend the leg until the foot contacts the pedal. Do not raise the toe of the foot higher than the top of the accelerator pedal. If the foot does not contact the pedal, proceed to the next step. If pedal contact does occur, place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward. (S16.3.2.2.1(b) & S16.3.2.2.3)

30.2 If the vehicle has an adjustable accelerator pedal, move the pedals rearward until pedal contact occurs or the pedals reach the full rearward position. If pedal contact does occur, place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward. (S16.3.2.2.1(b) & S16.3.2.2.3)

N/A No pedal adjustment

30.3 Angle the foot to achieve contact between the foot and the pedal. If the foot does not contact the pedal, return the foot to the perpendicular orientation. If pedal contact does occur, place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward. (S16.3.2.2.2 & S16.3.2.2.3)

30.4 Align the centerline of the foot in the same horizontal plane as the centerline of the accelerator pedal. Place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward. (S16.3.2.2.3)

30.5 Record foot position

Pedal Contact achieved. Contact occurred at step _______.

Pedal Contact not achieved. Heel set _____ mm from floor pan.

Pedal Contact not achieved. Heel set _____ mm from the floor pan.
__31. Driver’s foot positioning, left foot.
   __31.1 Place the foot perpendicular to the leg and determine if the heel contacts the floor pan at any leg position. If the heel contacts the floor pan proceed to step 31.2, otherwise position the leg as perpendicular to the thigh as possible with the foot parallel to the floor pan. (S16.2.2.6)
   __31.2 Place the foot on the toe board with the heel resting on the floor pan as close to the intersection of the floor pan and the toe board as possible. Adjust the angle of the foot if necessary to contact the toe board. If the foot will not contact the toe board, set the foot perpendicular to the leg, and set the heel on the floor pan as far forward as possible. Avoid contact with the brake pedal, clutch pedal, wheel well projection, and footrest. To avoid this contact use the following three manipulations in the order listed, with each subsequent option incorporating the previous, until contact is avoided: rotate the foot about the lower leg (abduction/adduction), plantar flex the foot, rotate the leg outboard about the hip. Movement should be the minimum amount necessary. If it is not possible to avoid all foot contact, give priority to avoiding brake or clutch pedal contact. (S16.2.2.4 & S16.2.2.5 & S16.2.2.7)
   __31.3 Record foot position.
       __Heel does not contact floor pan.
       __Heel on floor pan and foot on toe board.
       __Heel on floor pan and foot not on toe board.

__32. Driver arm/hand positioning.
   __32.1 Place the dummy’s upper arms adjacent to the torso with the arm centerlines as close to a vertical longitudinal plane as possible. (S16.3.2.3.1)
   __32.2 Place the palms of the dummy in contact with the outer part of the steering wheel rim at its horizontal centerline with the thumbs over the steering wheel rim. (S16.3.2.3.2)
   __32.3 If it is not possible to position the thumbs inside the steering wheel rim at its horizontal centerline, then position them above and as close to the horizontal centerline of the steering wheel rim as possible. (S16.3.2.3.3)
   __32.4 Lightly tape the hands to the steering wheel rim so that if the hand of the test dummy is pushed upward by a force of not less than 9 N (2 lb) and not more than 22 N (5 lb), the tape releases the hand from the steering wheel rim. S16.3.2.3.4

__33. Adjustable head restraints
   __N/A, there is no head restraint adjustment
   __33.1 If the head restraint has an automatic adjustment, leave it where the system positions the restraint after the dummy is placed in the seat. (S16.3.4.1) Go to 34.
   __33.2 Adjust each head restraint vertically so that the mid-horizontal plane determined in item 2 is aligned with the center of gravity (CG) of the dummy head. (S16.3.4.3)
   __33.3 If the above position is not attainable, move the vertical center of the head restraint to the closest detent below the center of the head CG. (S16.3.4.3)
       __N/A midpoint position attained in previous step
       __Headrest set at nearest detent below the head CG
   __33.4 If the head restraint has a fore and aft adjustment, place the restraint in the foremost position or until contact with the head is made, whichever occurs first. (S16.3.4.4)
34. Driver and passenger manual belt adjustment (for tests conducted with a belted dummy).  
(S16.3.5)

34.1 If an adjustable seat belt D-ring anchorage exists, place it in the manufacturer's design position for a 5th percentile adult female. (S16.3.5.1) **This information will be supplied by the COTR.**
Manufacturer's specified position ____________________________________________
Actual Position________________________________________________________________

34.2 Place the Type 2 manual belt around the test dummy and fasten the latch.  
(S16.3.5.2)

34.3 Ensure that the dummy's head remains as level as possible. (S16.3.5.3)

34.4 Remove all slack from the lap belt. Pull the upper torso webbing out of the retractor and allow it to retract; repeat this operation four times. Apply a 9 N (2 lbf) to 18 N (4 lbf) tension load to the lap belt. If the belt system is equipped with a tension-relieving device, introduce the maximum amount of slack into the upper torso belt that is recommended by the manufacturer. If the belt system is not equipped with a tension-relieving device, allow the excess webbing in the shoulder belt to be retracted by the retractive force of the retractor. (S16.3.5.4)

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction. ___________________________  Date ___________________________
Seating Procedure 5th Percentile Female Passenger Dummy
(Part 572, Subpart O) (S16.2- S16.3)

NHTSA No. ________________________   Test Date: ______________
Laboratory: ___________________ Test Technician(s): ___________________________
Test Number: ________________________

(Check this item ONLY if it applies to this vehicle.)
__The passenger seat adjustments are controlled by the adjustments made to the driver’s seat. Therefore, positioning of the passenger dummy is made simultaneously with the driver dummy. Adjustments made to the seat to position the driver will over ride any adjustments that would normally be made to position the passenger. (S16.2.10.3)

1. Seat Position
__1.1 Position the seat’s adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar supports are in the lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment positions. (S16.2.10.1, S20.1.9.1, S20.4.1, S22.1.7.1)
   __ N/A – No lumbar adjustment
__1.2 Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2, S20.1.9.2, S20.4.1, S22.1.7.1, S22.4.2.1, S22.4.3.1, S24.4.2.1, S26.2.3, S26.3.1)
   __ N/A – No additional support adjustment
__1.3 Position an adjustable leg support system in its rearmost position. (8/27/04 interpretation to Toyota)
   __ N/A – No adjustable leg support system
__1.4 __Mark a point (seat cushion reference point) on the side of the seat cushion that is between 150 mm and 250 mm from the front edge of the seat cushion. (S16.3.1.12)
__1.5 Draw a line (seat cushion reference line) through the seat cushion reference point. (S16.3.1.13)
__1.6 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction to move the seat cushion reference point to the rearmost position. (S16.2.10.3.1, S22.1.7.3)
__1.7 If the seat cushion adjusts fore-aft, independent of the seat back, use only the controls that primarily move the seat cushion in the fore-aft direction to move the seat cushion reference point to the rearmost position. (S16.2.10.3.1, S20.1.9.3)
   __ N/A – No independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment
__1.8 Use any part of any control, other than the parts just used for fore-aft positioning, to determine the range of angles of the seat cushion reference line and to set the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   Maximum angle ________
   Minimum angle ________
   Mid-angle ________
__1.9 If the seat and/or seat cushion height is adjustable, use any part of any control other than the parts which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to put the seat cushion reference point in its lowest position with the seat cushion reference line angle at the mid-angle found in 1.8. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   __ N/A – No seat height adjustment
__1.10 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction to verify the seat is in the rearmost position.
__1.11 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction to mark the fore-aft seat positions. Mark each position so that there is a visual indication when the seat is at a particular position. For manual seats, move the seat forward one detent at a time and mark each detent. For power seats, mark only the rearmost, middle, and foremost positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for foremost, M for mid-position (if there is no mid-position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-point), and R for rearmost.
1.12 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction to place the seat in the rearmost position.
1.13 Use any part of any control, other than the parts which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to find and visually mark the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 1.8. (S20.1.9.4, S22.1.2, S22.1.7.4, S22.3.1, S22.4.3.1, S24.1.2, S24.3.1, S24.4.3.1, S26.2.3, S26.3.1)
N/A – No seat height adjustment. Go to 1.18
1.14 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat and/or seat cushion in the fore-aft direction to place the seat in the mid-fore-aft position.
1.15 Use any part of any control, other than the parts which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to find and visually mark the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 1.8. (S20.1.9.4, S22.1.2, S22.1.7.4, S22.3.1, S24.1.2, S24.3.1)
1.16 Use only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction to place the seat in the foremost position. (S16.2.10.3.2)
1.17 Use any part of any control, other than the parts which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to find and visually mark the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 1.8. (S16.2.10.3.3, S20.1.9.4, S22.1.2, S22.1.7.4, S22.3.1, S24.1.2, S24.3.1)
1.18 Is the seat a bucket seat?
Yes, go to 1.19 and skip 1.20
No, go to 1.20 and skip 1.19
1.19 Bucket seats:
Locate and mark for future reference the longitudinal centerline of the seat cushion. The intersection of the vertical longitudinal plane that passes through the SgRP and the seat cushion upper surface determines the longitudinal centerline of a bucket seat cushion. (S16.3.1.10 & S20.1.10)
1.20 Bench seats:
Locate and mark the longitudinal centerline of the passenger seat cushion. The longitudinal centerline is the same distance from the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle as the center of the steering wheel. (S20.2.1.4, S22.2.1.3, S24.2.3, S20.4.4, S22.2.2.1(b), S22.2.2.3(b), S22.2.2.4(a), S22.2.2.5(a), S22.2.2.6(a), S22.2.2.7(a), S24.2.3(a))
Record the distance from the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle to the center of the steering wheel. ______
Record the distance from the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle to the longitudinal centerline of the seat cushion. (The vertical plane through this longitudinal centerline is Plane B for suppression.) ______
2. Head Restraint Position
N/A Vehicle contains automatic head restraints.
N/A, there is no head restraint adjustment Go to 3
2.1 Adjust the head restraint to its lowest position. (S16.2.10.2, S20.1.9.6 S20.4.1, S22.1.7.6, S22.4.2.1, S22.4.3.1, S24.4.3.1, S26.2.3, S26.3.1)
2.2 All adjustments of the head restraint shall be used to position it full forward. For example, if it rotates, rotate it such that the head restraint extends as far forward as possible. Mark the foremost position. (S16.2.10.2 & S16.3.4.4 & S20.1.9.6, S20.4.1, S22.4.2.1, S22.4.3.1, S24.4.3.1, S26.2.3, S26.3.1)
2.3 Measure the vertical distance from the top most point of the head restraint to the bottom most point. Locate and mark a horizontal plane through the midpoint of this distance. (S16.3.4.3)
Vertical height of head restraint _____ mm
Mid-point height _____ mm
3. Place the SCRP in the full reardward, mid-height position, and mid-seat cushion angle. (S16.3.3.1.1)
4. Fully recline the seat back. (S16.3.3.1.2)  
   **N/A seat back not adjustable.**
5. Place the dummy in the seat with the legs at an angle of 120 degrees to the thighs. The calves should not be touching the seat cushion. (S16.3.3.1.2)
6. Position the dummy in the seat such that the midsagittal plane is coincident with the longitudinal seat cushion marking that was determined in item 1.19 or 1.20. (S16.3.3.1.3 and S16.3.3.1.4)
7. Hold down the dummy’s thighs and push rearward on the upper torso to maximize the pelvic angle. (S16.3.3.1.5)
8. Set the angle between the legs and the thighs to 120 degrees. (S16.3.3.1.6)
9. Set the transverse distance between the centers of the front of the knees at 160 to 170 mm. (6.3 to 6.7 inches). Center the knee separation with respect to the longitudinal seat cushion marking that was determined item 1.19 or 1.20. (S16.3.3.1.6)
   **Record Knee Separation ___________**
10. Push rearward on the dummy’s knees until the pelvis contacts the seat back, or the backs of the calves contact the seat cushion, whichever occurs first. (S16.3.3.1.6)
   - Pelvis contacted seat back.
   - Calves contacted seat cushion.
11. Gently rock the upper torso ± 5 degrees (approximately 51 mm (2 inches)) side-to-side three times. (S16.3.3.1.7)
12. If needed, extend the legs until the feet do not contact the floor pan. The thighs should be resting on the seat cushion. (S16.3.3.1.8)
13. Use seat controls to line up the seat markings determined during the completion of item 1 to set the foremost fore-aft position, mid-height position and the seat cushion mid-angle. If the dummy contacts the interior move the seat rearward until a maximum clearance of 5 mm (0.2 inches) is achieved or the seat is in the closest detent position that does not cause dummy contact. (S16.3.3.1.8)
   - Foremost, mid-height position and the seat cushion mid-angle reached
   - Dummy contact. Clearance set at maximum of 5mm
   **Measured Clearance ___________**
   **Dummy Contact. Seat set at nearest detent position.**
   - Seat position ___ detent positions rearward of foremost
     (foremost is position zero)
14. If the seat back is adjustable, rotate the seat back forward while holding the thighs in place. Continue rotating the seat back forward until the transverse instrument platform of the dummy head is level ± 0.5 degrees. If head cannot be leveled using the seat back adjustment, or the seat back is not adjustable, use the lower neck bracket adjustment to level the head. If a level position cannot be achieved, adjust the head as closely as possible to the ± 0.5 degree range. (S16.3.3.1.9 and S16.3.3.1.10)
   (Check All That Apply)
   - Seat back not adjustable
   - Seat back not independent of driver side seat back
   - Head Level Achieved. (Check all that apply)
     - Head leveled using the adjustable seat back
     - Head leveled using the neck bracket.
     **Head Angle ___________ degrees**
   - Head Level NOT Achieved. (Check all that apply)
     - Head adjusted using the adjustable seat back
     - Head adjusted using the neck bracket.
     **Head Angle ___________ degrees**
15. Verify the pelvis is not interfering with the seat bight. (S16.3.3.1.9)
   - No interference
   - Pelvis moved forward the minimum amount so that it is not caught in the seat bight.
16. Verify the dummy abdomen is properly installed. (S16.3.3.1.9)
   - Abdomen still seated properly into dummy
   - Abdomen was adjusted because it was not seated properly into dummy
17. Head Angle
   __N/A, neither the pelvis nor the abdomen were adjusted.
   __17.1 Head still level (Go to 16)
   __17.2 Head level adjusted
      __Head Level Achieved. (Check all that apply)
         __Head leveled using the adjustable seat back
         __Head leveled using the neck bracket.
         __Head Angle ____________ degrees
      __Head Level NOT Achieved. (Check all that apply)
         __Head adjusted using the adjustable seat back
         __Head adjusted using the neck bracket.
         __Head Angle ____________ degrees

18. Measure and set the pelvic angle using the pelvic angle gage TE-2504. The pelvic angle should be 20.0 degrees ± 2.5 degrees. If the pelvic angle cannot be set to the specified range because the head will not be level or because the dummy will have need major repositioning, adjust the pelvis as closely as possible to the angle range, but keep the head level.
   __Pelvic angle set to 20.0 degrees ± 2.5 degrees.
   __Pelvic angle of 20.0 degrees not achieved, the angular difference was minimized.
   __Record the pelvic angle. ____________ degrees

19. Check the dummy for contact with the interior after completing adjustments.
   __No contact.
   __Dummy in contact with interior.
      __Seat moved aft ___ mm from the previous position.
      __Seat moved aft ___ detent positions from the previous position.

20. Verify the transverse instrument platform of the dummy head is level +/- 0.5 degrees. Use the lower neck bracket adjustment to level the head. If a level position cannot be achieved, minimize the angle. (S16.3.3.1.9, S16.3.3.1.10, and S16.3.3.1.11)
   __Head Level Achieved
      __Head Angle ____________ degrees
   __Head Level NOT Achieved.
      __Head Angle ____________ degrees

21. Check the dummy to see if additional interior clearance is obtained, allowing the seat to be moved forward. (S16.3.3.1.12)
   __N/A Bench Seat
   __N/A Seat already at full forward position.
   __Clearance unchanged. No adjustments required.
   __Additional clearance available
      __Seat moved Forward ___ mm from the previous position.
      __Seat moved Forward ___ detent positions from the previous position.
      __Seat moved Forward, Full Forward position reached.

22. Passenger foot positioning. (Indicate final position achieved) (S16.3.3.2)
   __22.1 Place feet flat on the toe board; OR (S16.3.3.2.1)
   __22.2 If the feet cannot be placed flat on the toe board, set the feet perpendicular to the lower leg, and rest the heel as far forward on the floor pan as possible; OR (S16.3.3.2.2)
   __22.3 If the heels do not touch the floor pan, set the legs as perpendicular to the thighs as possible and set the feet parallel to the floor pan. (S16.3.3.2.2)

23. Passenger arm/hand positioning. (S16.3.3.3)
   __23.1 Place the dummy's upper arms adjacent to the torso with the arm centerlines as close to a vertical longitudinal plane as possible. (S16.3.3.3.1)
   __23.2 Place the palms of the dummy in contact with the outer part of the thighs (S16.3.3.3.2)
   __23.3 Place the little fingers in contact with the seat cushion. (S16.3.3.3.3)

24. Adjustable head restraints (S16.3.4)
   __N/A, there is no head restraint adjustment
__24.1 If the head restraint has an automatic adjustment, leave it where the system positions the restraint after the dummy is placed in the seat. (S16.3.4.1) Go to 25.

24.2 Adjust each head restraint vertically so that the horizontal plane determined in item 2 is aligned with the center of gravity (CG) of the dummy head. (S16.3.4.3)

24.3 If the above position is not attainable, move the vertical center of the head restraint to the closest detent below the center of the head CG. (S16.3.4.3)

N/A midpoint position attained in previous step
Headrest set at nearest detent below the head CG

24.4 If the head restraint has a fore and aft adjustment, place the restraint in the foremost position or until contact with the head is made, whichever occurs first. (S16.3.4.4)

25. Manual belt adjustment (for tests conducted with a belted dummy) S16.3.5

N/A, Unbelted test

25.1 If an adjustable seat belt D-ring anchorage exists, place it in the manufacturer’s design position for a 5th percentile adult female. This information will be supplied by the COTR. (S16.3.5.1)

Manufacturer’s specified position ________________________________________
________________________________________________________________
Actual Position____________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________

25.2 Place the Type 2 manual belt around the test dummy and fasten the latch. (S16.3.5.2)

25.3 Ensure that the dummy’s head remains as level as possible. (S16.3.5.3)

25.4 Remove all slack from the lap belt. Pull the upper torso webbing out of the retractor and allow it to retract; repeat this operation four times. Apply a 9 N (2 lbf) to 18 N (4 lbf) tension load to the lap belt. If the belt system is equipped with a tension-relieving device, introduce the maximum amount of slack into the upper torso belt that is recommended by the manufacturer. If the belt system is not equipped with a tension-relieving device, allow the excess webbing in the shoulder belt to be retracted by the retractive force of the retractor. (S16.3.5.4)

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction. _________________ Date