



National Automotive Sampling System Tire Pressure Special Study

July 26, 2001







Background

- In 2000, Section 12 of the Transportation Recall Enhancement, Accountability, and Documentation (TREAD) Act.
 - An upgrade to standard placement of the vehicle placard, and;
 - A new rule requiring an onboard tire pressure measuring sensor.
- In response, NHTSA's NCSA conducted the Tire Pressure Special Study in 2001.







Objective

- Collect data to support various tire related rulemaking actions:
 - Driver profile and interview data
 - Vehicle profile data
 - Tire profile and observation data



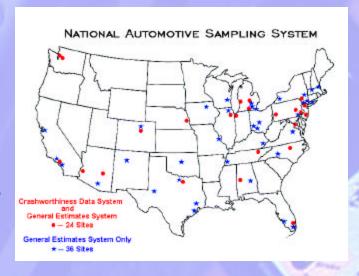


Special Study



Why NASS?

- Existing infrastructure for conducting special studies quickly and cost-effectively
 - 1st Stage of a Probability
 Based National Sample
 - 24 Geographic Areas (PSUs)
 - 67 Trained Field Investigators







Sample Design



- •Stage 1 24 NASS CDS PSUs
- •Stage 2 Zip Codes
 - -7 Zip Codes within each PSU
- •Stage 3 Refueling Stations
 - -2 Refueling Stations within each zip code
 - •Multiple islands
 - •Canopies over the islands
 - •Stations must be at least 2 miles apart
 - -Vehicles must be there to refuel to participate







Scope

- Observations taken at 24 NASS PSUs over a 14 day period in February, 2001
- 11,530 Vehicles Inspected
 - 6,442 Passenger Cars,
 - 1,874 SUVs,
 - 1,376 Vans, and
 - 1,838 Pickup Trucks





Interview Form



- Driver Knowledge, Attitude, Practice
 - Tire
 - Tire Care
- Driver Profile Information
 - Age
 - Sex
 - Race

Netto	Department of Transportation one Highway Traffic Safety Inletration	NTERVIEV	V FORM	National Automotive Sampling Sys Tire Pressure Special St
1.	Primary Sampling Unit Number	10.		ally determine what pressure to set
2.	Site Number	_	your tires? ☐ Owner's Man ☐ Vehicle Place	
3.	Observation Number		☐ Tire Labeling	ird O
4.	Date of Observation//2	001	Usually Other (specify Does not kno	
	DRIVER INTERVIEW	- 8)	☐ Other person☐ Unknown	maintains
б.	Is maintaining proper tire inflation a concer	n for 11.	How do you norms	Ny check your tires for proper
	you?		inflation.	
	□ No □ Yes		□ Visually	
	□ Yes		☐ Pressure gau	
6.	How many miles did you drive to reach this			nd/Other person normally checks nicle servicing
	destination?		☐ Does not che	
	□ 1 - 3 miles		☐ Other (specify	
	□ 4 - 10 miles			
	□ 11 · 20 miles □ > 20 miles	12.		normally check your tires for proper
	□ > 20 miles □ Unknown	1	inflation.	
	ted Section (AVIII)		☐ Monthly	
7.		f this	☐ Whenever the	ey seem low
	vehicle?		☐ When the car	is serviced
	□ No			ing for a long trip
	□ Yes		☐ Other (specify	
8.	Are you this vehicle's primary driver?		☐ Does not non	maity check
Ĩ.	□ No			
	□ Yes		DRIVER I	DATA OBSERVED AND
			DOCUMEN	TED BY RESEARCHER
5	TOP HERE IF RESPONSE TO QUESTION	ONS 7 13.	Sex	
	AND 8 BOTH EQUAL "NO"		□ Male	
		17.00	☐ Female	
9.	What is the vehicle manufacturer's recommitive pressure for your vehicle?	mended 14.	Race American Ind	ian or Alaskan Native
	ite: If participant checks their owner's manual or of	her	☐ American Ind	THE ST MISSIST PROUVE
	roe, code "Boss not know")			can American
	Code Actual Value		☐ Hispanic or Li	
-	Does not normally drive this vehicle		☐ Native Hawa	iian or Other Pacific Islander
	□ Does not know		□ White	
		16.	Age Group	111/02/01/04/01
			☐ Young Adult ☐ Adult	(16 - 24)
			☐ Adult ☐ Senior	(25 - 69) (>70)
			Li delle	14.590





Tire Inspection Form



Tire Data

- Profile
 - Manufacturer
 - Size
 - Max Pressure
- Measurements
 - Pressure
 - Temperature
 - Tread Depth

	tment of Transportation ghway Traffic Safety don	TIRE INSPEC	TION FORM			roved O.M.B. No. 2 Automotive Sample Tire Pressure Spa	
1. Prir	mary Sampling Unit Number		Vehicle Ma	ake			
2. Site	e Number	-	Vehicle Mo	odel			
3. Ob	servation Number						
4. Dat	te of Observation	J					
5. Am	bient Air Temperature						
		TIRE INFO	RMATION	200			
TIRE	TIRE MANUFACTURER	TIRE SIZE (eg. P215/70R14)	MAXIMUM PRESSURE	MEASURED PRESSURE	TIRE TEMPERATURE	MEASURED MIN. TREAD DEPTH	TIRE
LF			psi	— — ^{psi}		/32"	LF
LR			psi	psi	*	/32"	LR
RR			psi	psi	*	/32"	RR
-	_						





Data Collection Tools



- Tire Pressure Gauge
- Pyrometer
- Tread Depth Indicator
- Data Forms













Vehicle Inspection



U.S. Department of Transportation VEHICLE INSPECTION FOR National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	National Automotive Sampling S Tire Pressure Special
Primary Sampling Unit Number	200
2. Site Number	
3. Observation Number	
Date of Observation	//2001
VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION	
5. Vehicle Model Year	
6. Vehicle Make	
7. Vehicle Model	
Vehicle Body Type Category	
	Utility Vehicles Van Based Light Trucks
g. Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 Left justify; Slesh zeros and letter Z (0 and Z) No VIN – Code all zeros Unknown – Code all nines PLACARD/OWNER'S MANUAL INFOR	1 12 13 14 15 16 17 MATION
10. GVWR - Front	lbs
11. GVWR - Rear	lbs
12. Manufacturer's Recommended Tire Size (eg. P215/70R14 or LT265/75R16)	
(Refer to Procedures Document if more than 1 size is listed)	
(Refer to Procedures Document if more than 1 size is listed) Manufacturer Recommended Tire Pressure - Cold*	
(Refer to Procedures Document if more than 1 size is listed) Manufacturer Recommended Tire Pressure - Cold* 13. Front	psi
(Refer to Procedures Document if more than 1 size is listed) Manufacturer Recommended Tire Pressure - Cold*	psi
(Refer to Procedures Document if more than 1 size is listed) Manufacturer Recommended Tire Pressure - Cold* 13. Front	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
(Refer to Procedures Document if more than 1 size is listed) Manufacturer Recommended Tire Pressure - Cold* 13. Front 14. Rear Manufacturer Recommended Tire Pressure - Hot*	psi

Form

- Vehicle Data
 - Profile
 - Make, Model, Body Type
 - Vehicle PlacardInformation
 - Recommended Tire Size, Pressure & GVWR







- A Look at the Manufacturer's Recommended Pressures and the Measured Pressures for each vehicle
 - 10,900 Observations had complete data for all four tires, and the front and rear recommended pressures







- Analysis on three different groups (all four tires were of the same type)
 - Passenger Cars with Metric P-Type Tires
 - About 6,000 Vehicles Used in Analysis
 - Trucks, SUVs, and Vans with Metric P-Type Tires
 - About 4,000 Vehicles Used in Analysis
 - Trucks, SUVs, and Vans with either Metric LT-Type or High Flotation Tires
 - About 900 Vehicles Used in Analysis







Tire Types

- Four Different Tire Types
 - P-Metric and LT-Metric Tires (e.g. P205/75R14)
 - If "P" or "LT" position was blank, we assumed P-Metric
 - High Flotation Tires (e.g. 31X10.50R15LT/C)
 - Numeric Tires (e.g. 8.75R16.5LT/D)
 - Other Tire Types







Percentage of Drivers Concerned with Proper Tire Inflation by Type of Vehicle and Response

(Estimates and Sampling Errors in Percentages)

	Response				
Vehicle Type	Concerned	Not Concerned			
Cars w/ P Tires	84 (2.6)	16 (2.6)			
Light Trucks w/ P Tires	87 (2.5)	13 (2.5)			
Light Trucks w/ Other Tires	88 (3.8)	12 (3.8)			
Overall	85 (2.3)	15 (2.3)			







Percentage of Drivers Who Check Their Tire Pressure by Type of Vehicle and Response.

(Estimates and Sampling Errors in Percentages)

		Response								
Vehicle Type	Weekly	Monthly	When They Seem Low	When Serviced	Before a Long Trip	Other	Does Not Check at All			
Cars w/ P Tires	9 (0.7)	21 (1.4)	26 (3.7)	30 (2.8)	1 (0.2)	6 (0.8)	7 (0.9)			
Light Trucks w/ P Tires	9 (0.7)	25 (1.2)	24 (3.4)	28 (4.0)	2 (0.6)	8 (1.0)	4 (0.9)			
Light Trucks w/ Other Tires	8 (2.5)	40 (5.9)	16 (5.1)	26 (3.0)	2 (1.1)	7 (1.9)	2 (0.9)			
Overall	9 (0.7)	24 (1.0)	25 (3.4)	28 (3.0)	2 (0.4)	7 (0.8)	5 (0.8)			

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Percentage of Drivers Using the Following Methods to Check Tire Pressure by Type of Vehicle and Response

(Estimates and Sampling Errors in Percentages)

	Response								
Vehicle Type	Pressure Gauge	Visually	When Serviced	Other Person Responsible for Car	Other Method	Does Not Check at All			
Cars w/ P Tires	42 (3.0)	16 (2.0)	27 (2.7)	10 (1.0)	1 (0.2)	4 (0.6)			
Light Trucks w/ P Tires	51 (2.0)	13 (2.4)	24 (3.0)	8 (0.7)	1 (0.2)	2 (0.3)			
Light Trucks w/ Other Tires	68 (7.4)	6 (1.2)	18 (6.9)	7 (2.9)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.2)			
Overall	48 (2.3)	15 (2.1)	25 (2.8)	9 (0.7)	1 (0.1)	3 (0.4)			







Percentage of Drivers Using the Following References to Determine Proper Tire Inflation Levels for Their Vehicle by Type of Vehicle and Response (Estimates and Sampling Errors in Percentages)

				Resp	onse			
Vehicle Type	Owner's Manual	Vehicle Placard	Tire Labeling	Visually	Other Person	Other Method	Does Not Know	Unknown
Cars w/ P Tires	18 (2.3)	8 (1.1)	22 (2.0)	11 (1.2)	24 (3.4)	10 (2.2)	7 (1.2)	1 (0.5)
Light Trucks w/ P Tires	15 (1.9)	7 (0.7)	31 (4.5)	8 (1.1)	23 (3.6)	10 (1.2)	4 (0.9)	2 (0.5)
Light Trucks w/ Other Tires	22 (8.9)	11 (4.1)	44 (6.1)	7 (2.2)	4 (1.4)	10 (2.4)	2 (0.9)	0 (0.1)
Overall	17 (2.5)	8 (0.9)	27 (3.7)	10 (1.1)	22 (3.3)	10 (1.8)	6 (0.9)	1 (0.2)







Percent of Drivers Using the Following References
To Determine Proper Tire Inflation Levels for their Vehicle
by Gender and Response.

(Estimates and Sampling Errors in Percentages)

		Response							
Gender	Manual	Placard	Tire Label	Visually	Other Person	Other Method	Does Not Know	Unknown	
Male	18 (3.1)	10 (1.1)	36 (4.7)	11 (1.5)	10 (2.4)	11 (2.0)	4 (0.8)	1 (0.2)	
Female	15 (2.2)	5 (0.9)	13 (2.3)	8 (1.2)	40 (4.6)	8 (2.2)	9 (1.5)	2 (0.5)	

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Percentage of Vehicles that Have at Least One Tire Under inflated by 6 psi or More.

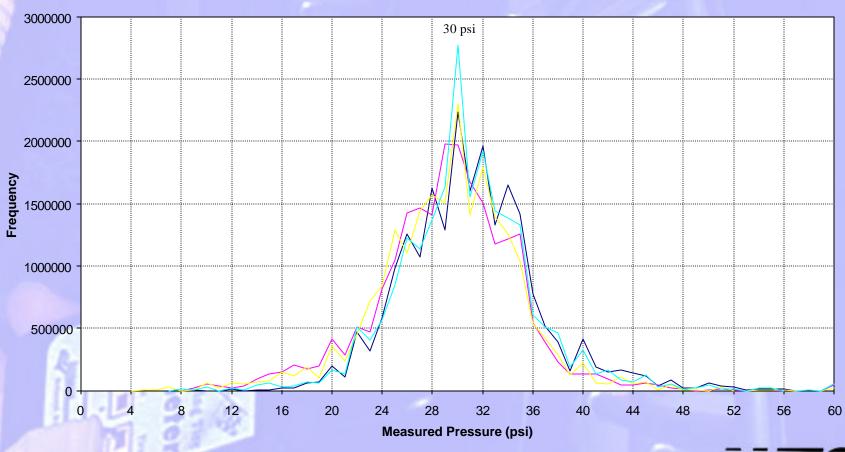
Vehicle Category	Percent
Passenger Cars with P-Metric Tires	40
Trucks, SUVs, and Vans with P-Metric Tires	45

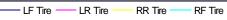
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Passenger Cars with P-Metric Tires: Distribution of Measured Pressure at Each Tire.



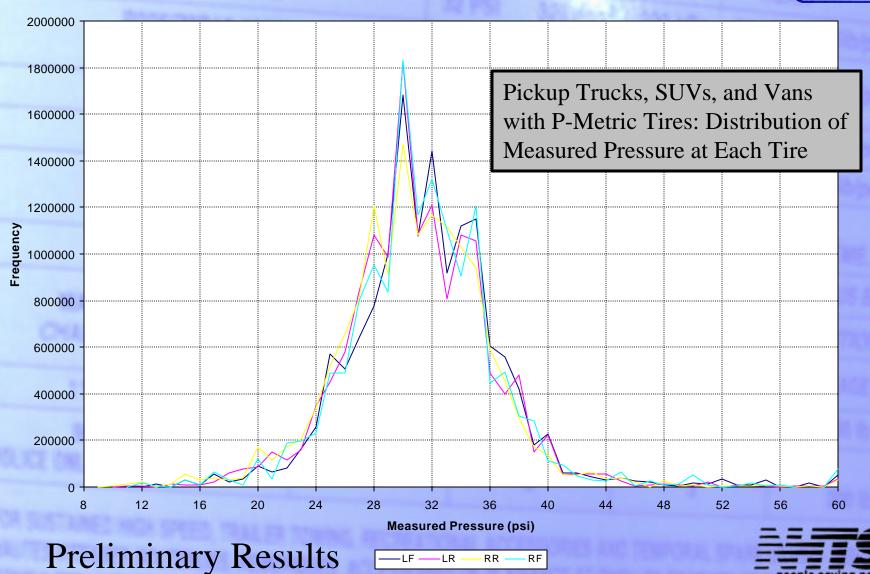






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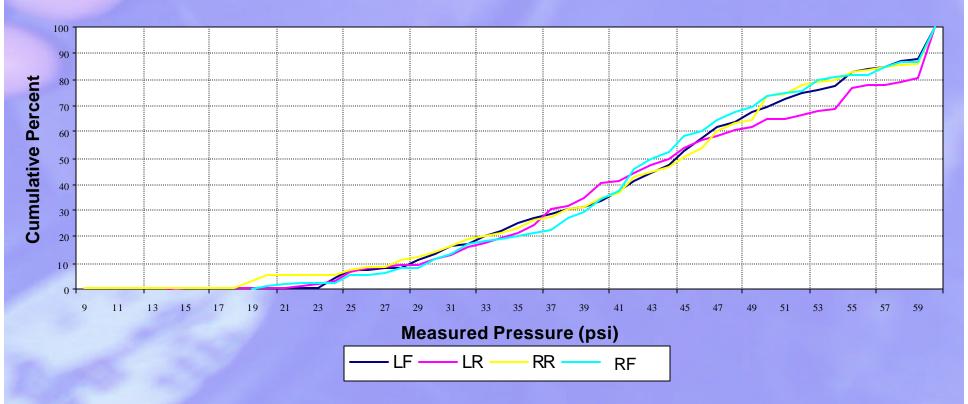








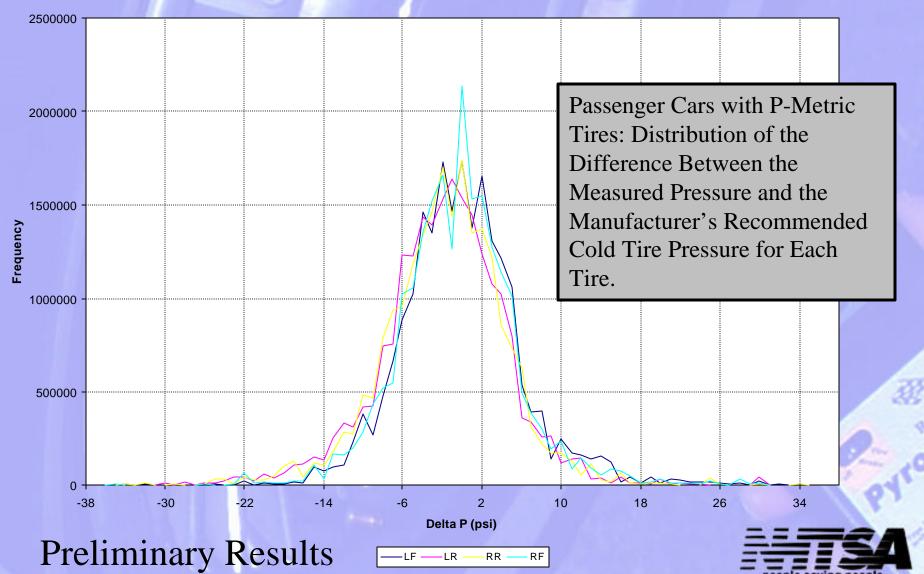
Pickup Trucks, SUVs, and Vans with LT-Metric and High Flotation Tires: Cumulative Percent of Measured Pressure at Each Tire





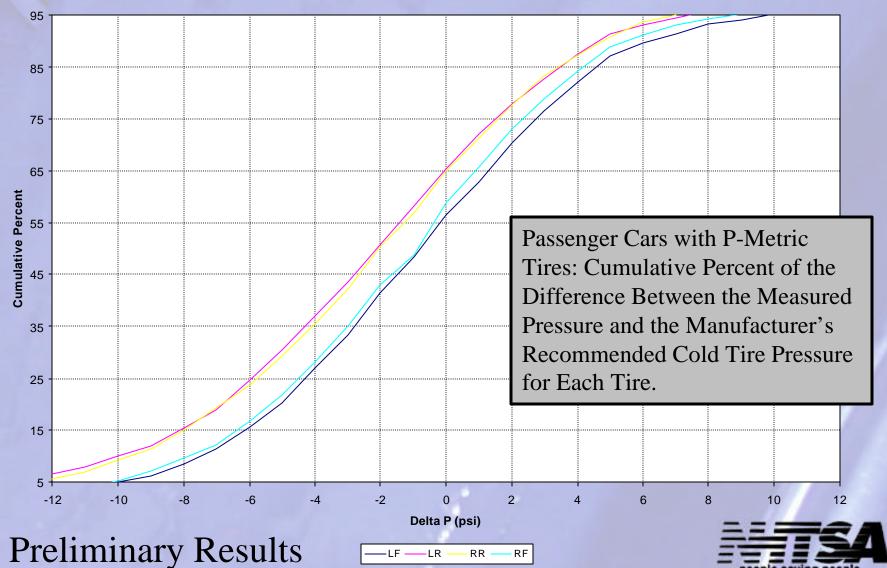






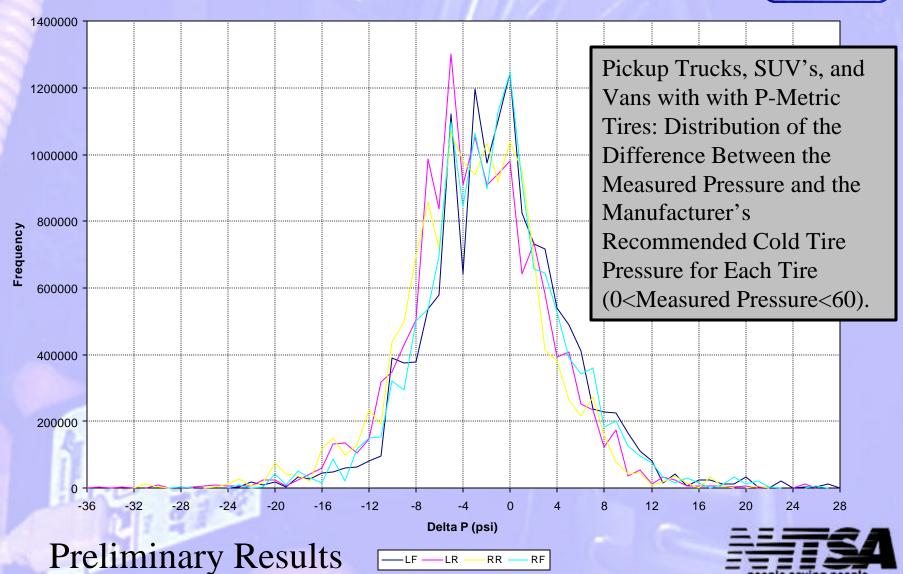






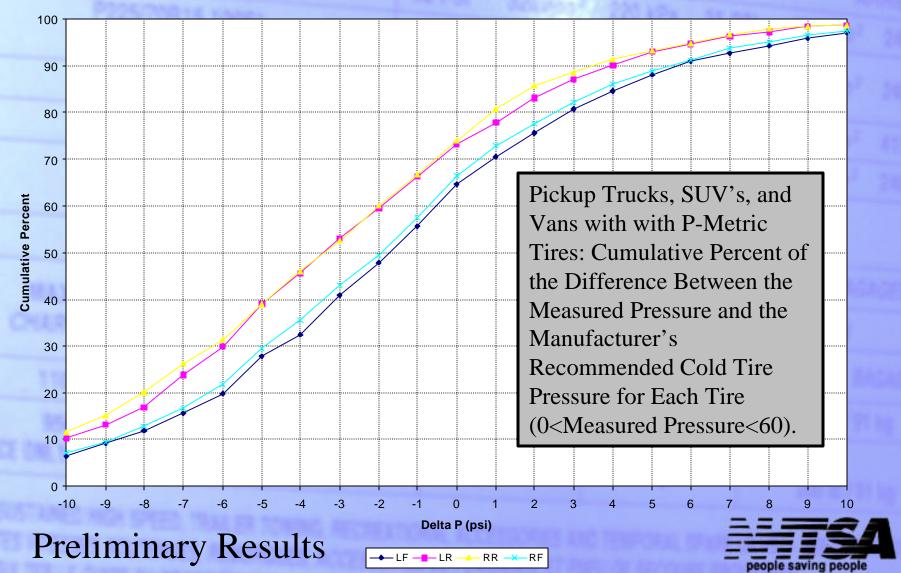






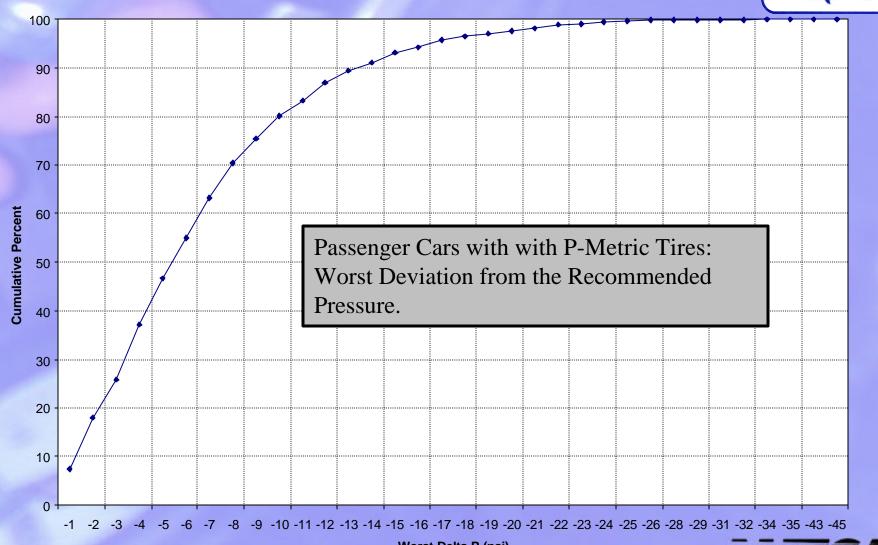










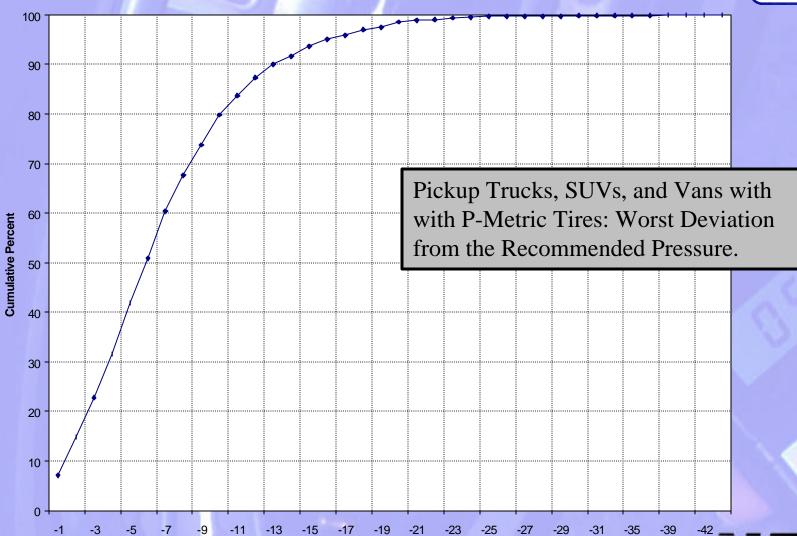


Worst Delta P (psi)









Worst Delta P(psi)



More Information



NHTSA Website http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov

NCSA Website http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/ncsa

