

# What Does All That Safety Technology on Your Vehicle Really Cost?

Larry Blincoe  
Office of Regulatory  
Analysis and Evaluation

SAE Government Industry  
Meeting January 24, 2018

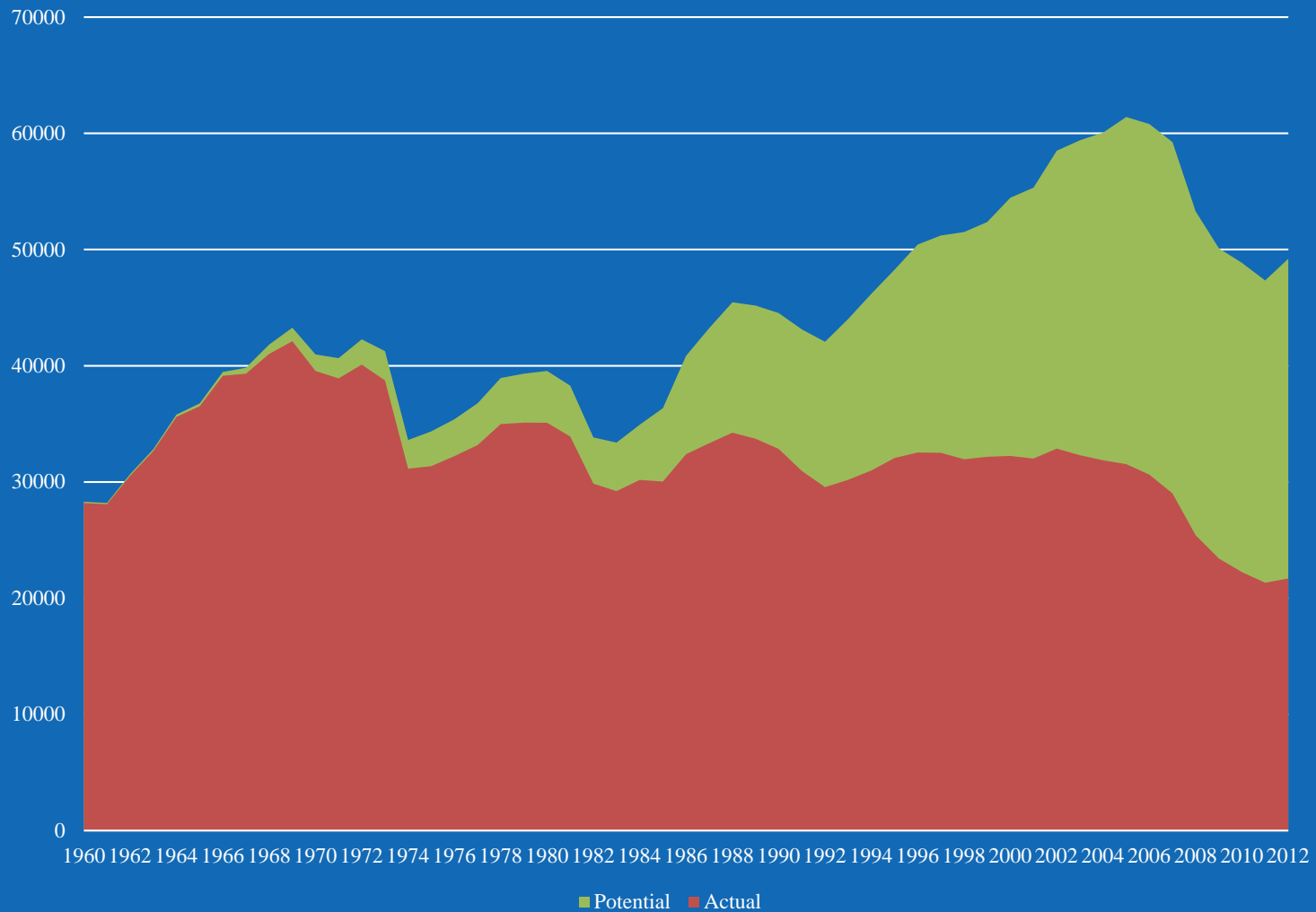




- Motor vehicle crashes cause over 35,000 deaths and millions of serious injuries every year, imposing over \$800 billion in societal harm.
- NHTSA has been tasked by Congress to improve motor vehicle safety. NHTSA's mission is to save lives, prevent injuries and reduce traffic-related health care and other economic costs.
- Since it was established in 1970, NHTSA has promulgated safety standards that saved over 600,000 lives and tens of thousands of serious injuries.
- Currently saving about 28,000 lives annually



# Actual and Potential Fatalities, 1960-2012





- These savings are enabled by technologies such as safety belts, air bags, electronic stability control, improved brakes, and many other safety features.
- As effective as these standards are, they are not free. What price are consumers paying for this added safety?



- 1968 through 2012 model years
- Price Increases
- Weight Increases
- Measures both impacts attributable to FMVSS and those voluntarily adopted
  - Technologies are considered to be voluntarily adopted in a model year vehicle if they were in production by September 1 prior to the publication of an NPRM.

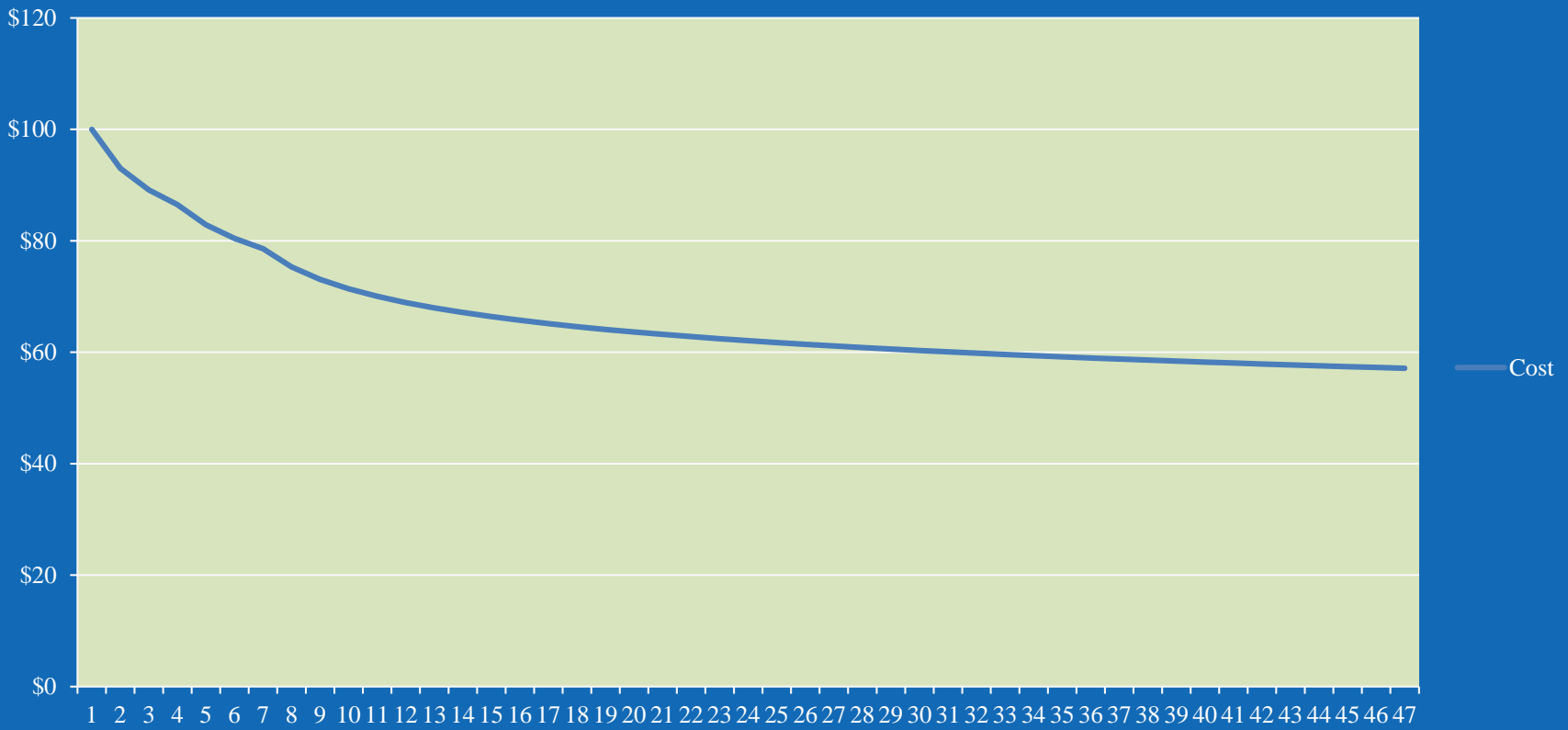


- Derived from NHTSA Cost Teardown studies conducted from 1975 through 2012 covering virtually every FMVSS on MY 2012 vehicles
- Direct manufacturing costs marked up to retail price level derived from NHTSA teardown studies
- Costs modified to reflect manufacturer learning curve
  - Each doubling of cumulative production produces a measured decrease in costs
    - Due to knowledge gained in production
    - Economies of scale



# Learning Curve Example

## Cost Changes Over Time Based on Cumulative Learning





# Results Summary, 2012 Model Year Vehicles

	<b>Cost/Vehicle (\$)</b>	<b>% Vehicle Price</b>	<b>Weight (lbs.)</b>	<b>% Vehicle Weight</b>
<b>FMVSS</b>				
Passenger Cars	\$1,346	5.3%	132	3.9%
LTVs	\$1,074	3.3%	92	2.0%
<b>Voluntary</b>				
Passenger Cars	\$583	2.3%	39	1.2%
LTVs	\$735	2.2%	44	0.9%
<b>Total</b>				
Passenger Cars	\$1,929	7.6%	171	5.1%
LTVs	\$1,808	5.5%	136	2.9%





## 7 Technologies Dominate Costs – Passenger Cars

		Passenger Cars			
		Total	Voluntary	FMVSS	%FMVSS
Antilock Braking		\$387	\$298	\$89	23%
ESC		\$103	\$21	\$82	80%
Frontal Air Bags		\$337	\$0	\$337	100%
Side A/B, Window Curtains		\$270	\$54	\$216	80%
Seat Belts		\$180	\$82	\$98	54%
TPMS		\$166	\$4	\$162	98%
Dynamic Side Impact Test		\$125	\$0	\$125	100%
<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>\$1,568</b>	<b>\$459</b>	<b>\$1,109</b>	<b>71%</b>
Other		\$361	\$124	\$238	66%
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$1,929</b>	<b>\$583</b>	<b>\$1,347</b>	<b>70%</b>
% from 7 most costly tech.		81%	79%	82%	



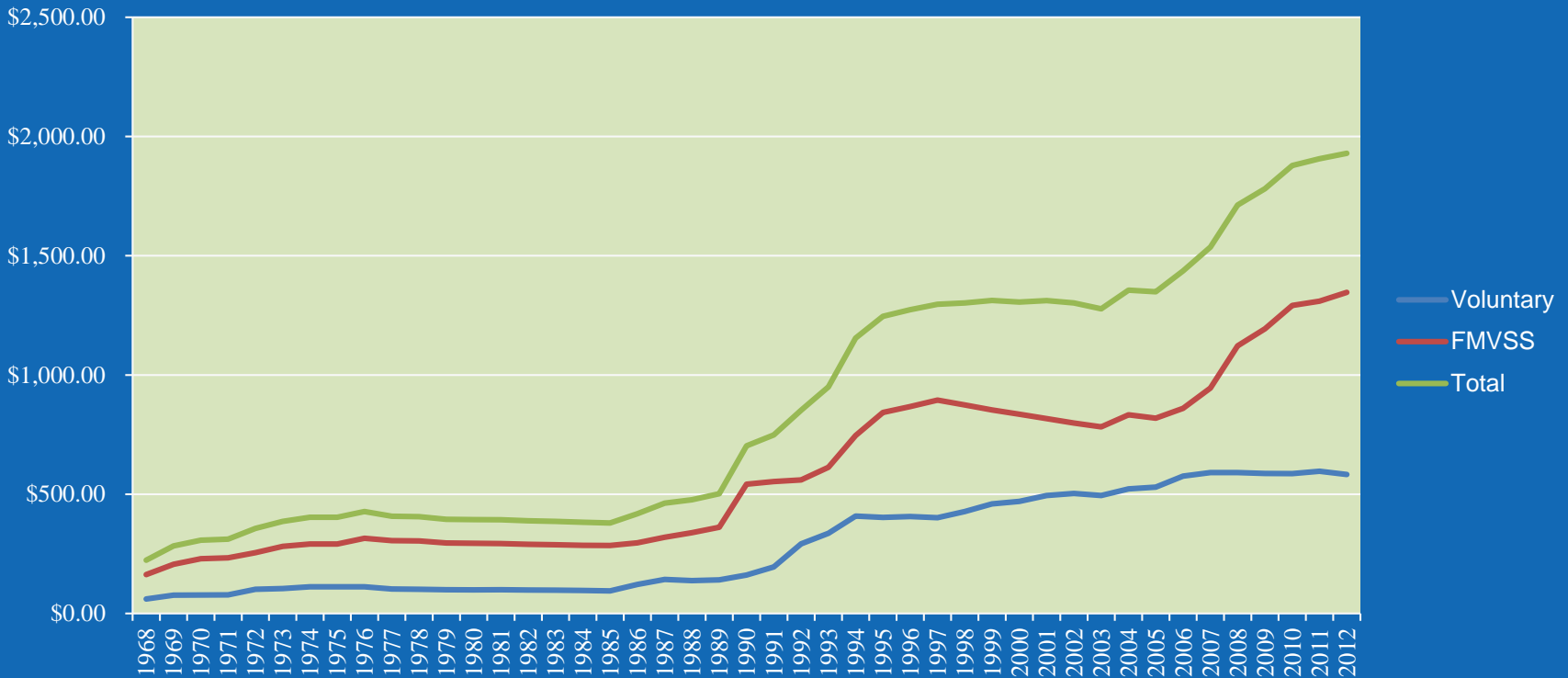
## 7 Technologies Dominate Costs – Light Trucks

		Light Trucks			
		Total	Voluntary	FMVSS	%FMVSS
Antilock Braking		\$387	\$366	\$21	5%
ESC		\$103	\$51	\$52	50%
Frontal Air Bags		\$337	\$0	\$337	100%
Side A/B, Window Curtains		\$249	\$37	\$212	85%
Seat Belts		\$199	\$113	\$86	43%
TPMS		\$166	\$1	\$165	99%
Dynamic Side Impact Test		0	\$0	\$0	NA
<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>\$1,441</b>	<b>\$568</b>	<b>\$873</b>	<b>61%</b>
Other		\$367	\$165	\$201	55%
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$1,808</b>	<b>\$733</b>	<b>\$1,074</b>	<b>59%</b>
<b>% from 7 most costly tech.</b>		<b>80%</b>	<b>77%</b>	<b>81%</b>	



# Costs Over Time, Passenger Cars

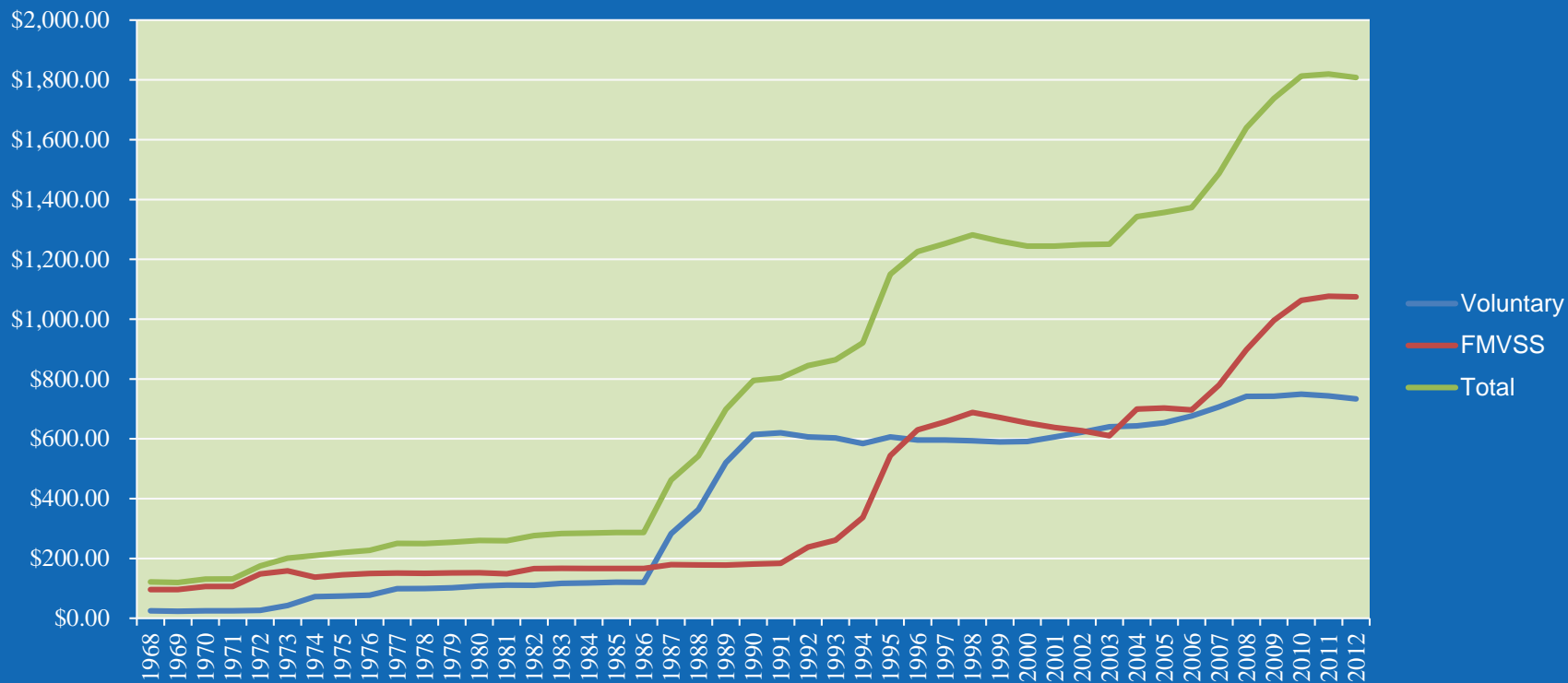
## Trend in Cost of Safety Technologies in Passenger Cars, 1968-2012





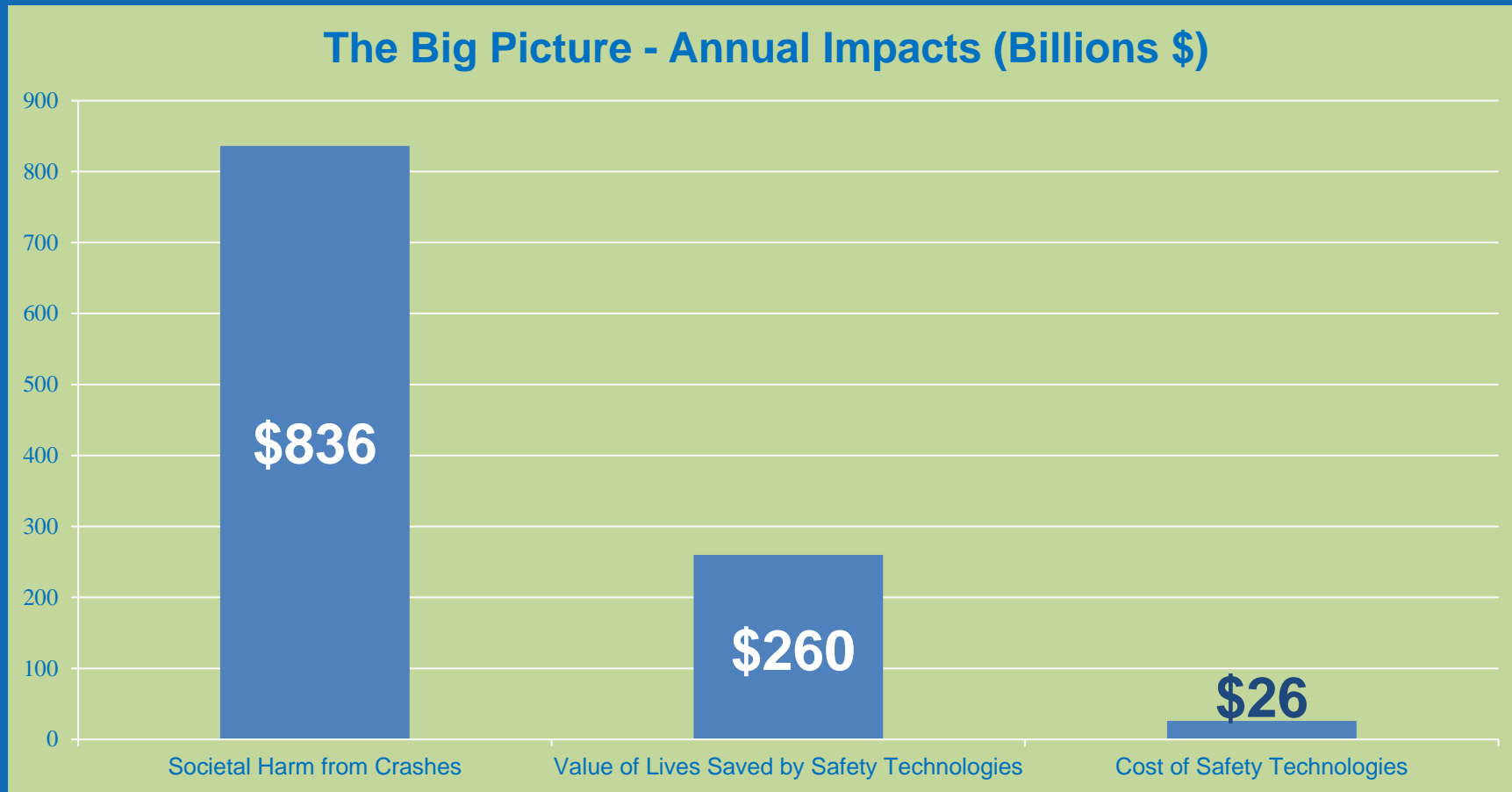
# Costs over time, Light Trucks

## Trend in Cost of Safety Technologies in Light Trucks 1968-2012





# The Big Picture





- Cost and Weight Added by The Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards for MY 1968-2012 Passenger Cars, DOT HS 812 354 November 2017, by James F. Simons

**NHTSA**



**THANK YOU**