Drugged Driving & SUDs: Clinical Considerations

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Clinical Best Practices

- Comprehensive psycho-social assessment
- Intervention planning
- Referral to appropriate prevention, early intervention or treatment program (based on ASAM levels of care)
- Case management, including involvement of criminal justice system personnel
- On-going community-based/peer support

Continuum of Substance Use

Abstinence = DUID impossible

Use = DUID less likely

Misuse = DUID more likely

Substance Use Disorder = DUID very likely (mild, moderate, & severe)

DSM-5 Substance Use Disorder

A cluster of symptoms indicating a person continues to use despite significant substance-related problems.

(including *legal* consequences)



Ohio Police Post Shocking Photos of Adults Who Overdosed With 4-Year-Old in Vehicle

And in Illinois....

FIRES

Heroin users nod off, and car they're in catches fire

In a bit of luck, the radiator overheats and water boils over, drenching the vehicle's flaming engine

By Chelsea Deffenbacher









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Nodding off on heroin, police say, Brockton driver causes rollover



▲ HIDE CAPTION

Brockton police said that Edward Pagan, 38, of Brockton, was nodding off behind the wheel before smashing into a car in front of him, causing a rollover at North Warren Avenue and Prospect Street on Sunday night, 9:07 p.m., on Nov. 19, 2017. - Brockton Fire Department

Substance Use Disorder Diagnostic Criteria

- 1) Substance taken in larger amounts or longer than intended
- 2) A persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to cut down or control use
- 3) A great deal of time is spent obtaining, using & recovering from effects
- 4) Cravings, strong desire or urge to use
- 5) Failure to fulfill major role obligations at work, school, or home
- Persistent or recurrent social/interpersonal problems caused or exacerbated by use
- 7) Social, occupational, or recreational activities are given up or reduced
- 8) Recurrent use in situations in which it is physically hazardous
- 9) Use is continued despite knowledge of physical or psychological problems
- 10) Tolerance need for increased amounts or diminished effect
- 11) Withdrawal symptoms or use to avoid symptoms

Substance Use Disorder **Diagnostic Criteria**

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- A persistent desi A great deal of ti Impaired Control overing from effects
- Cravings, strong desire or urge to use
- Failure to fulfill major role obligations at work, school, or home
- Persistent or re s caused or exacerbated by Social Impairment
- Social, occupational, or recreational activities are given up or reduced
- 8) Recurrent use in situations in which it is physically hazardous
- Risky Use psychological 9) Use is continued problems
- 10) Tolerance need ned effect
- Pharmacological 11) Withdrawal – syı

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