

NMVCCS Observations

National Motor Vehicle Crash Causation Survey

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Data Collection Forms

- Each Vehicle has form for:
 - **≻PAF**
 - > Driver Interview
 - ➤ General Vehicle
 - > Occupants
- Each crash has form for:
 - Crash
 - Non-motorist
 - Witness







Critical pre-event related factors (1-12)

- Pre-event movement
- Critical pre-crash event
- Critical reason for critical pre-crash event
- Associated pre-crash event factors (4-12)
- Critical reason for critical pre-crash event factors:
 - Driver
 - Vehicle
 - Environment





Examples of Critical Reason for Critical Event Factors

- Tire failure/condition
- Driver distraction
 - Looking at mirror
 - ♦ Talking
 - Looking outside vehicle
 - Other
- Fatigue
- Driver inexperience
- Overcompensation
- Too fast
- Icy roads Highway design/conditions

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Driver Interview (91 Questions)

- Driver and vehicle history and familiarity
- Trip related
- Physical and mental status
- Driver focus prior to crash
- Driver recognition and actions





General Vehicle

- General Vehicle information, i.e. year/make/model
 Tire information and condition
 Specific vehicle info on advanced equipment
 ABS
 ESC
 - Lane Departure
 - >Adaptive cruise control
 - >Brake assist







- On scene response log to EMS dispatch
- Percentage of qualified on-scene cases vary
 - Multiple frequencies
 - Distance to site
 - Local scanner laws



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Types of Data Analysis

- Rollover rates versus ESC
- Loss of control versus ESC
- Human, environmental and vehicle factor analysis
- Potential benefit analysis for countermeasures







- Southbound lanes of three-lane divided interstate.
- 1997 Honda Civic
- Non contact vehicle
- Vehicle swerved right, skid clockwise, contacted delineator post, then rock
- Belted 34-year old female who was transported, treated and hospitalized for a complaint of pain
- No interview statement obtained from medical report







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•Movement of the vehicle just prior to recognition (pre-event movement)

- •Going straight
- •The Critical Precrash Event
 - •This vehicle control loss due to traveling too fast for conditions
- •The Critical Reason for the Critical Event
 - •Performance error
 - •Overcompensation

-This was chosen because the driver overreacted to the situation by steering too abruptly to the right.





A Transit Bus and a Car Crash U Turn



- V1, A 2004 Toyota Lexus
- V2, a 2003 Gillig Low Floor bus
- Late, dark, slush-covered roadway was illuminated by street lamps
- The driver of V1 making U-turn
- Driver of V1 pulled to the right side of the roadway while decelerating
- The driver of the bus saw V1 pull to the right and assumed that the driver of V1 would wait
- V2 struck V1 on left
- V2 braked and steered and hit legally parked vehicle
- V1 rotated back southbound and the left side of V1 came to rest against the right side of V2.





U Turn



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U Turn

• Pre-event movement ♦ Decelerating in traffic lane Pulled to the right Decelerated • Critical precrash event This vehicle traveling Over the lane line on left side of travel lane Critical reason for the critical event Decision Error

Illegal maneuver





Questions



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